

# Rolling Stone

JUNE 2024  
ISSUE 1388



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## THE NONSTOP HUSTLE OF CARDI B

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SPECIAL REPORT  
**AMERICA  
AFTER 'ROE'**

**DRAKE VS.  
THE WORLD**

**KAYTRANADA**  
DANCE MUSIC'S LOW-KEY LEGEND

**ATTACK OF  
THE KILLER  
WHALES**

PLUS  
REMI  
WOLF  
JANE  
FONDA  
CHARLI  
XCX  
ST. VINCENT

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**KID ROCK'S  
TWISTED  
AMERICAN  
JOURNEY**

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# THE ONE AND ONLY

George Harrison plays his hand-painted  
“Rocky” Stratocaster during The Beatles’  
Let It Be sessions at Abbey Road.

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THAT FITS'

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Photography direction by Emma Reeves. Produced by Xavier Hamel. Styling by Kollin Carter at the Wall Group. Hair by Tokyo Stylez at Chris Aaron Management. Makeup by Erika La' Pearl at GKG Management LLC. Manicure by Coca Michelle. Tailoring by Ror Rodriguez. Production assistance by MiaBella Chavez and Elijah Chandler. Lighting director: Sebastian Johnson. Photographic assistance by Lance Williams. Digital technician: Renee Dodge. Styling assistance by Juan Ortiz, Posh McKoy, and Louis Battistelli. Location: Milk Studios. Postproduction: Picturehouse + the Smalldarkroom. Outfit by Tanja Vidic. Rings by VItaly and YFS Designs. Earrings by Paumé Los Angeles.

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475 Fifth Avenue  
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212.213.1900

LOS ANGELES OFFICE  
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# Contributors

## COVER STORY

### Landing Major Moves With Cardi B

**Adrienne Raquel**  
Photographer

Photographer Adrienne Raquel grew up saving photos of the powerful Black women who filled the pages of magazines like *Vibe*, *Essence*, and *Ebony* in the Nineties and late 2000s — what she calls the “golden era of pop culture.” Now, she’s creating her own pop-culture legacy: For the June issue of *Rolling Stone*, Raquel captured the fearless, ever-evolving spirit of Afro-Latina rapper Cardi B. The superstar from the Bronx commands the cover, appearing in a bold stance with wind-whipped, dip-dyed green hair and a neon-green netted bodysuit to match. Her pose reflects strength and confidence, and it’s a cinematic moment that happened right when Cardi was dancing to music on the set of the photo shoot. “This shot happened so organically,” Raquel explains. “It really shows Cardi in her element.” It’s not the New York-based photographer’s first time working with larger-than-life celebrities: She’s photographed Megan Thee Stallion, Doja Cat, and Travis Scott for various publications. Raquel also shot Michael B. Jordan for the March 2023 cover of *Rolling Stone*.



### Signature Art Made From Scratch

Mark Summers’ illustrations are featured in Last Word every month

SINCE 2016, award-winning illustrator Mark Summers has been creating the scratchboard caricatures featured on *Rolling Stone*’s Last Word page, a series of reflective, career-spanning interviews with artists and celebrities that close each issue. A native of Canada, Summers began his professional career in 1978 while studying at the Ontario College of Art. That’s when he stumbled onto his signature scratchboard technique, which is a rare, hand-drawn way of creating images by scratching ink off of a sheet. Since then, he’s completed major projects, including designing icons of famous literary voices that line the walls of Barnes & Noble. Over the past near-decade, Summers has drawn more than 125 illustrations for *Rolling Stone*. His favorite might be his sketch of John Prine, which he calls “one of my best drawings.” (Prine’s wife loved the image so much she wanted to buy it.) He hopes he can one day draw Paul McCartney and Joni Mitchell, but he’s honored that he’s contributed to the magazine for so long. “To actually be in *Rolling Stone* every single month, it’s an unbelievable feather in your cap,” he says.

Summers’ first Last Word illustration was of Dan Auerbach in January 2016.



### Chronicling Queer Love and Intimacy



**Billie Winter and Hannah Murphy Winter**  
Photographer and Author

Hannah Murphy Winter and Billie Winter, the brains behind the new book *Queer Power Couples: On Love and Possibility* (p. 58), are a queer power couple in their own right, and they met while working at *Rolling Stone*. “Our minds work really differently, but we have very similar tastes,” Winter says. Murphy Winter couldn’t agree more: “We are a really great creative team.”

### Examining the Fallout of ‘Dobbs’



**Tessa Stuart**  
Senior Writer

Tessa Stuart has been covering politics for *Rolling Stone* since 2015. In 2022, she returned from maternity leave one day before *Roe v. Wade* was overturned. Since then, she says, “the primary focus of my work has been the fallout of the *Dobbs* decision.” Her piece on the right-wing push for fetal personhood (p. 30) is a close examination of the terrifying repercussions of abortion bans.

### Speaking Out in Post-‘Roe’ America



**Jessica Valenti**  
Writer and Activist

Jessica Valenti started her newsletter, “Abortion, Every Day,” with the goal of providing “a little bit of order to the chaos” in post-Roe America. The project soon became Valenti’s upcoming book, *Abortion: Our Bodies, Their Lies, and the Truths We Use to Win*, out this fall. “I want people to understand that what is happening is not just about abortion,” she says, “it’s about democracy.”

FROM TOP, LEFT TO RIGHT: COURTESY OF ADRIENNE RAQUEL; SHAWN SUMMERS; BILLIE WINTER; GRIFFIN LOTZ; SYLVIE ROSKOFF



# Opening Act

## PinkPantheress' Pop Coronation

**LIKE ANY GOOD** pop princess, PinkPantheress doesn't take the love of her fans for granted. On a recent tour stop in Brooklyn, she spent ample time acknowledging her longtime listeners, and gave a special shout-out to the young audience members attending their first concert. "It was such a nice thing to hear," she says. "I just hope I gave a good first-concert experience!" Toward the night's end, both Kelela and Ice Spice made appearances, before a confetti shower aptly closed out the show. "It was such a perfect time to have Ice in her home city — the reaction everyone had shows that she's really that gyal," PinkPantheress says. "Kelela was honestly next-level, her live vocals are insane. Sharing the stage with someone I deeply admire sonically was legendary." **JEFF IHAZA**

PinkPantheress  
backstage at Brooklyn  
Paramount in April





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# the Mix

WHAT'S NEW, WHAT'S HOT, WHAT'S HOT



## Remi Wolf's World, in Full Color

*She followed her own beat to  
become an alt-pop star, and she's  
going even bigger this time*



PHOTOGRAPHS BY Nedda Afsari

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## → REMI WOLF

**R**EMI WOLF'S EYES are scanning the immediate area surrounding the metal table we've claimed on a side street in New York's Chinatown. "Fuck, there's no wood," she says, swiveling her head around once more before finding what she's looking for. About six feet away, outside of a barber shop, sit two wooden chairs – and, as she sees it, the key to continuing her streak of good luck, or at least warding off any potential bad fortune. "I've developed a knocking-on-wood tic," she explains after jogging over to double-tap her fist against the seat. "Another friend of mine has it. Maybe I caught it from him."

Wolf, 28, has too many stars aligning at this moment to take any chances. A few weeks after we talk in March, she will embark on a two-month tour opening for Olivia Rodrigo in Europe, following up recent stints with Paramore and Lorde. Then comes the big one – or rather, *Big Ideas*, her sophomore studio album, set for release on July 12.

For more than a year, Wolf split her time between the stage, the studio, and her home in Los Angeles, settling into an insular creative cycle as she crafted the follow-up to 2021's *Juno* – the lyrically unpredictable debut LP that marked her as one of the quirkiest, catchiest artists in alt-pop. Now, she's reacquainting herself with an entirely different routine. "I made this record, did all my writing, and now here comes the other half of the job: going out and having to look good," she says. "I just try to do whatever I would do naturally, but at a certain point – when you're constantly being perceived – I don't really know how it's affecting my psyche."

Wolf noticed some signs of how all the attention was changing her in 2022, and she didn't like what she saw. "I went through this big period where I had so much anxiety," she recalls. "I couldn't leave my house. I hated seeing anybody I knew. I just deeply was like, 'I can't handle the thought of people using me or wanting something from me.'" (Keeping a tightknit group of friends has helped minimize that problem, she says.)

*Big Ideas* sees the return of producer Jared Solomon, whom she's known since she was 15. Her drummer Conor Malloy is another main character in the cast of her life. They met while she was attending the USC Thornton School of Music and living in a "cockroach-ridden" house with nearly a dozen people in the mid-2010s. Wolf holds a particular fondness for the people who knew her during that time, when the parties she threw and the songs she penned alone in her room were more instrumental to her education than her actual coursework.

"I was a bad student, and I didn't listen or go to class," Wolf admits. "I mean, I did go to some classes, but a lot of the classes where it was like, 'Let me teach you the right way to do this,' I was sleeping through."

Her brand of pop music, accordingly, veers far away from the melodic math of someone like Max Martin. Her verses are often sprawling and hyperspecific, as if they were leaked messages from a group chat of close friends. Her melodies will at times take on three different shapes within a single chorus. Where many pop traditionalists would push for polished storylines and pristine production, Wolf prefers distorted synths and metaphors that liken chaotic relationships to making buttermilk from scratch ("One second we're good, then it's overkill").

## FAST FACTS

### KENNY'S TEARS

Wolf sent the lyrics to her new album's closing track to producer Kenny Beats "at five in the morning, or something. He woke up and was like, 'I'm crying, this is so beautiful.'"

### JAZZ AND JAVA

Her favorite way of finding new tunes right now: Shazaming the Brazilian jazz music at her local coffee shop.

### STAY HYDRATED

She's trying to drink more water, with the help of a Hydro Flask: "It looks like a Stanley, but it's not. But it is pink and purple, and I drink out of that shit."

When Wolf was growing up in California, her mom often played Prince and other giants of Eighties pop. Her father, meanwhile, leaned toward acts like AC/DC and Guns N' Roses. The first album she picked out for herself was Lindsay Lohan's 2004 debut, *Speak*.

Wolf took a newly soulful approach to *Big Ideas*, which was largely recorded with vintage equipment at Diamond Mine and Electric Lady Studios in New York. There's a horn section on the single "Cinderella," plus the same Rhodes piano that Stevie Wonder played in the Seventies. "Soup" and "Toro" are pure synth-funk magic, while the sensory detailing within "Motorcycle" and "Cherries and Cream" is visceral – all burning rubber, chlorine, and tangerines. Wolf doesn't just want you to hear her world. She wants you to taste, touch, and smell it, too. "I am truly trying to describe what I was experiencing," she says. "We live in a world where we're eating and kissing and touching and smelling."

Her songs usually take shape, at least on paper, over the course of a few hours. The events that inspire them tend to be much longer. "I try to not paint any pictures that are at all far from the truth," Wolf says. "In that way, I don't feel like I'm directing the characters. I feel like the characters are directing me, and the people in my life are influencing what I do, what I write about, where I'm hanging out."

On "Alone in Miami," Wolf narrates a real-life solo trip to Art Basel, where she was invited to attend a *Playboy* party. "It's like there's cocaine everywhere, and I'm out there meeting people that I've never met before and making new friends," she says. "But it's all under this kind of psychotic, manic, cocaine fever dream." Wolf has been partying since she was 18, and feels as though she's mostly gotten it out of her system. "There's still a beast inside me that wants to rage, but it's more tame," she says with a laugh.

Much of her debut album circled the boundaries of sobriety, particularly from alcohol. Those lines are still blurry for her, especially in social settings. "I hate feeling like I'm somewhere and I cannot participate in what is happening," Wolf says. "There's times when I drink and I feel like shit. There's times when I'm sober and I feel like shit. I'm trying to figure out how to not feel like shit in both areas." She recognizes it as a nonlinear process, adding, "If you've struggled with it, it's gonna be a struggle for life no matter what direction you go in."

Incorporating consistent routines into her day-to-day has helped Wolf feel more present, both physically and emotionally. When we speak, she's been in New York for four days and hasn't yet been able to complete all three of her daily target goals: Go on a two-hour walk, go to yoga, and grab a cup of coffee. "It's hard to feel grounded when you're having to think about your feelings all the time," she says. "My job is to know and understand myself. It's an amazing pursuit. But sometimes I just don't wanna fucking think about myself." **LARISHA PAUL**

PRODUCED BY MICHAEL ZUMAYA. STYLED BY JARED ELLNER AT A-FRAME AGENCY. HAIR BY ANTOINE MARTINEZ AT PARADIS AGENCY USING ORIBE. MAKEUP BY FRANCIE TOMALONIS AT THE VISIONARIES USING SHISEIDO. GAFER: GORDON YOUNG. PHOTOGRAPHED AT CHERRY SODA STUDIOS. PREVIOUS PAGE: BODYSUIT BY PALACE COSTUMES. SHOES BY BRANDON BLACKWOOD NYC. SCARF BY UR GF. THIS PAGE: BODYSUIT BY PALACE COSTUMES. SHOES BY LIDOW ARCHIVE. NECKLACE AND ANKLET BY PETIT MOMENTS. EARRINGS BY DAUPHINETTE. BOW BY PIPEN COLORENA.



# What Cutting-Edge Sound Looks Like

➤ WHEN SAN FRANCISCO MUSEUM OF MODERN ART associate curator Joseph Becker started work on the new “Art of Noise” exhibition – billed as a “multi-sensory ode to how design has changed the way we’ve experienced music over the past 100 years” – he was more than a little overwhelmed. “It was infinitely vast, daunting, and terrifying,” he says, “to create an exhibit that does justice to all the ways people have been influenced by music.” He ultimately assembled 800 objects in a 14,000-square-foot space that spotlight everything from psychedelic posters from the 1960s Haight-Ashbury scene to Swedish DJ equipment of the 21st century. “I was looking for objects that told stories,” Becker says. He also set up high-definition listening stations where visitors can experience music from around the world. “But still,” he adds, “it all just barely touches the surface of what music and design mean.” **ANDY GREENE**



## ▲ FAR OUT

This Doors-Yardbirds poster from July 1967 is the work of psychedelic artist Bonnie MacLean. “Bonnie was creating some of the most brilliant, expressive posters of the time,” Becker says. “Highlighting her work is important.”

## ◀ AUDIO ZONE

Speaker designer Devon Turnball created this super-high-quality listening room specifically for the exhibit. It holds about 50 people. “It becomes a transformative experience,” Becker says.

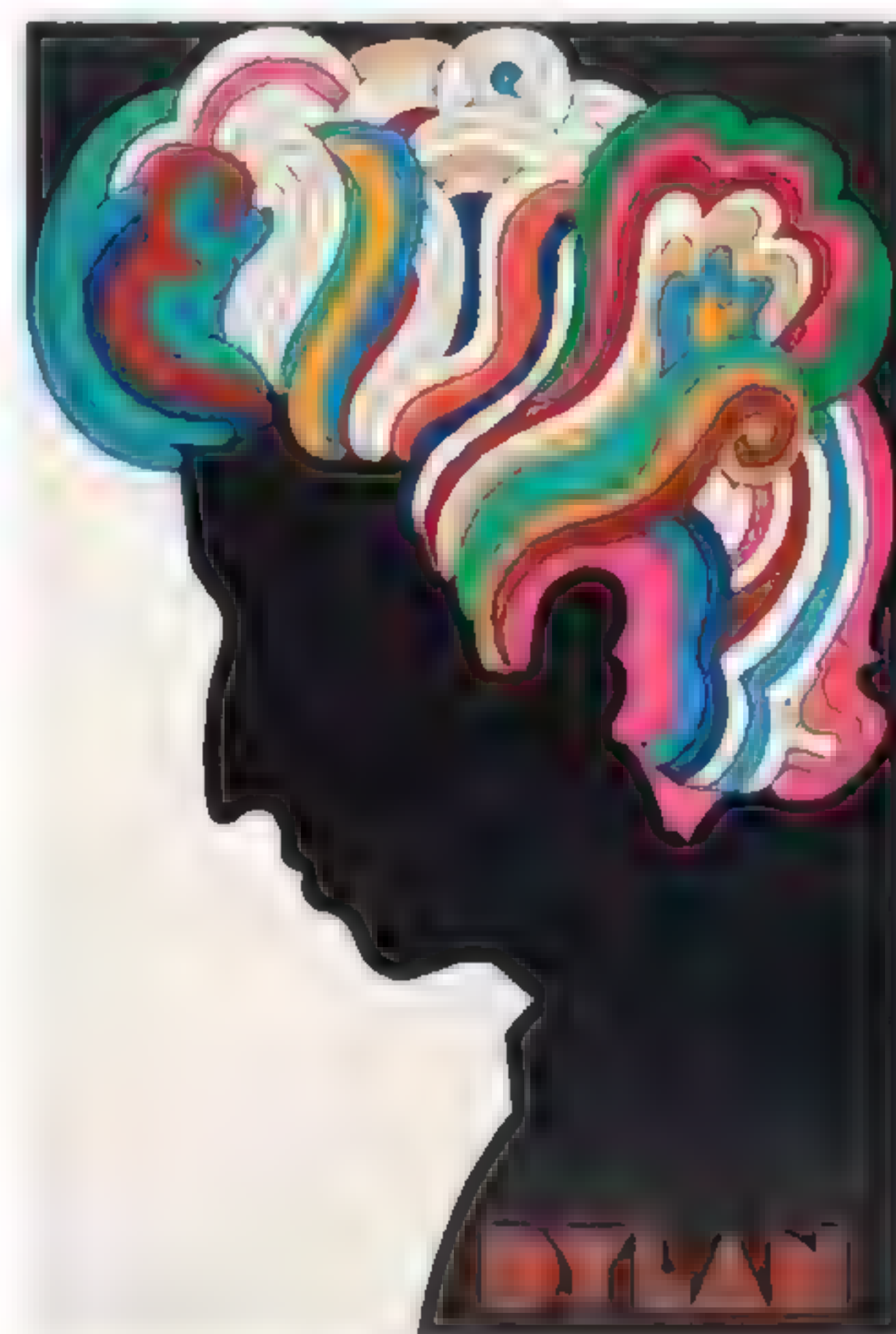


## ▼ WHITE OUT

This 1956 radio and phonograph player, designed by Hans Gugelot and Dieter Rams, is known as “Snow White’s Coffin.” “Their goal was to create something unobtrusive and minimalist,” says Becker. “And it was a turning point in the revolution of the form of audio products. Most home stereos before that were larger cabinets, pieces of furniture.”

## ▲ SMILEY SMILE

Italian brothers Achille and Pier Giacomo Castiglioni created the RR126 stereo in 1965. It sells today for upward of \$15,000. “They were thinking about anthropomorphism and playfulness,” says Becker. “The dials kind of become a face.”



## ◀ RIP VIRGIL

Swedish design studio Teenage Engineering made this DJ deck for the late artist and fashion designer Virgil Abloh to use at the Coachella festival in 2019.

## ▲ BOB'S BRAIN

Milton Glaser designed this iconic Bob Dylan poster in 1967. “It has this Technicolor exuberance that captures the energy of the Sixties,” Becker says.



FROM TOP, LEFT TO RIGHT: © MILTON GLASER, PERMISSION OF THE ESTATE OF MILTON GLASER (PHOTO BY TENARI TUATAGALOA); COURTESY OF DEVON TURNBALL, LISTENING ROOM; © CHUCK LAVERNE, PERMISSION OF THE ESTATE OF CHUCK LAVERNE (PHOTO BY TENARI TUATAGALOA); © SKARP, PERMISSION OF THE ESTATE OF SKARP (PHOTO BY TENARI TUATAGALOA); © WOLFGANG'S VAULT (PHOTO BY DON ROSS); SFMOMA, ACCESSIONS COMMITTEE PURCHASE, BY EXCHANGE, THROUGH A GIFT OF MICHAEL D. ABRAMS (PHOTO BY DON ROSS)



PROFILE

# How Kate Hudson Finally Let Her Rock & Roll Soul Run Free

*She's always had a great voice, but it took a long time for her to get over her fears and make a debut album of her own*

By BRIAN HIATT

**A**T THE TURN OF THE CENTURY, right around the time *Almost Famous* made her an instant superstar, word got around that Kate Hudson could sing, for real. Inevitably, the pop machine, which happened to be running at maximum efficiency in that particular historical moment, tried to catch her in its gears. “People in the industry would say, ‘Let’s make a record,’” says Hudson. “‘Let’s do this. Let’s do that.’ And I always felt not ready. I don’t know why that was my response. Something was stopping me, and I wasn’t reflective enough at the time to really think about it – until I got older, and I was like, ‘Why am I so hesitant with something I love more than anything?’”

The answer, Hudson says, “was always fear of rejection. When I think about my songwriting, if someone rejected that, I don’t think I had the capacity to be ready for it.” Acting was a different story. “You can always blame someone else for a bad movie,” she adds. “If you’re not directing it or producing it or writing it, as an actor, you kind of show up, do the best you can, and hope what you gave is gonna turn out great in the editing room. Sometimes it really doesn’t! But you have that cushion of like, ‘That wasn’t my vision. It was someone else’s.’ And for me, music is the opposite.” The fact that her long-estranged biological father, Bill Hudson, had been a successful musician in the 1970s only added to the psychological complications.

It took decades, lots of therapy, and a global pandemic for Hudson to break through all of those barriers and finally write and record an album of her own. The result, *Glorious*, is one of the year’s most pleasant musical surprises, a thoroughly grown-up and strikingly assured collection of guitar-heavy songs that tend to land somewhere between Adele and Sheryl Crow, with Hudson’s big, slightly husky voice and



deep rock & roll fandom always front and center. “The spirit of Penny Lane descends on everything in my life,” Hudson says. “Because I was Penny Lane.... I love all kinds of music, but I love rock music, and I love women in rock. Linda Ronstadt is my favorite rock star.”

When the Covid lockdowns hit, Hudson found herself forced into introspection. “I was like, ‘What am I doing?’” she recalls. “‘What is my life? What’s going to happen if I die? This will be my great regret ever, that I didn’t allow myself to share music. And even if it’s one person who loves it, it would mean so much to me.’ And that was it. Like, ‘OK, it’s time.’” So,

**“I was like, ‘What am I doing? What’s going to happen if I die? This will be my great regret, that I didn’t allow myself to share music.’”**

she was in the mood to say yes when a friend of hers, Tor E. Hermansen of the production duo Stargate, asked her to sing a cover of Katy Perry’s “Firework” for a school-charity Zoom. Soon afterward, Hudson got a surprise phone call from songwriter and producer Linda Perry, a parent at the same school. “She was like, ‘What the fuck? I didn’t know you could sing like that! Do you write music?’ And I go, ‘Yeah.’ She’s like, ‘Well, come in the studio.’”

Hudson and Perry were near-total strangers, but Hudson arrived at the studio with another, much more familiar collaborator. Danny Fujikawa, her fiancé and father of one of her children, had a music career of his own as a guitarist and songwriter for the indie band Chief, who released an album on Domino in 2010. The touring life had led to substance issues for Fujikawa, and he thought his musical life was over. “Kate brought me back into music with this album, kind of full circle, and it’s been such a blessing for me,” he says.

At that first session, Fujikawa recalls, “it was me, Kate, and Linda Perry sitting in a room, and it was like an awkward first date. Linda just strummed a chord and then belted some howling, crazy sound out of her mouth. That kind of set the tone for Kate, and then, honestly, we just hit the ground running. We wrote 30 songs or something over the course of three weeks.” Fujikawa and Hudson eventually finished the album with another musician, onetime Max Martin collaborator Johan Carlsson, who co-wrote Ariana Grande’s “Dangerous Woman,” among other hits.

The album’s power-ballad title track was one of the easiest Hudson-Perry collaborations, written in all of 10 minutes. “The process felt like channeling, and ‘glorious’ just was a word that came out,” Hudson says. “It was like we were in each other’s heads. It was awesome.” She connects that feeling to something that she’s experienced as an actor: “It’s the moments when you hit a scene with someone and everything goes away and it feels so good. It feels completely present. That’s the same thing for me writing music.”




You're so present in it. 'Glorious' was just the best. It was better than sex."

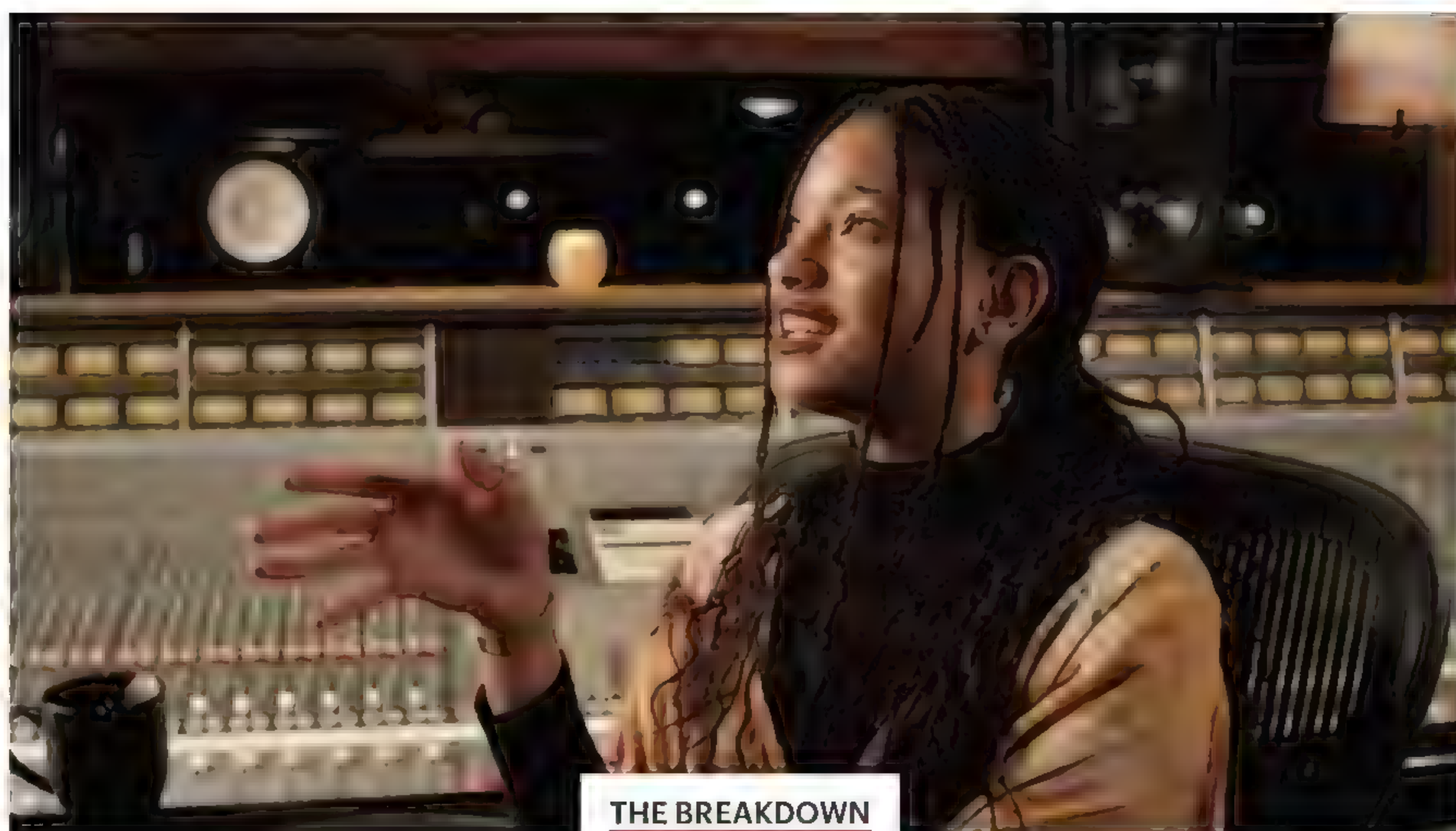
Hudson doesn't mind acknowledging there are moments on the album that evoke the Black Crowes, the band fronted by her ex-husband, Chris Robinson. "Well, listen, I mean, talk about a foundation of my life," she says. "I was a fan of my ex-husband before I met him. I remember what I loved about the Black Crowes when I was younger, before I fell in love with him — the naughtiness and the freedom in which they chose to create. I have a soft spot for people like that, even though they're challenging and tough. Chris and I, we didn't fall in love 'cause we liked opposite things. We fell in love 'cause we were into the same shit."

Hudson, who was also once engaged to Muse's Matt Bellamy, adds, "People always go, 'You really like those music guys.' And I'm always like, 'They might like me, too!' You know, there's something about music. I've been in relationships where I can't speak that language with someone, and I don't know if I could exist in a unit where I couldn't share it properly. It's a really, really nice thing to share, and that's been why I always end up having babies with [musicians]. It's like my pheromones are like, 'We'll make a good child. We'll make a musical child. So let's do this!'"

Finishing the album felt almost like as momentous an occasion. "There's so much emotion attached to it, and personal obstacles to overcome to get here," she says. "When I knew it was done and everything was mastered and I was signing off on it, it was like giving birth to a baby — it really felt that way. I was incredibly emotional. But what was interesting was that I didn't have any fear."

Now, Hudson is looking forward to her first tour of her own, eyeing favorite venues like New York's Bowery Ballroom. And as music biopics start to look like the new superhero movies, she has a few dream roles in mind that could combine her two artistic pursuits. "I think Dusty Springfield is a really interesting story," she says. "People don't know a lot about her, and she's one of my favorites. She was very shy. She had a lot of stage fright and struggled with being open about her sexuality. That could be a very powerful movie."

Even more than that, Hudson would love to play Stevie Nicks. "The ultimate is Stevie," she says. "I think for all girls who love rock, Stevie's just our number one. But my family might, like, disown me if I ever got a chance to play her. 'Cause they'd be like, 'Can we not go method?' I would probably go way too far into that character." 



THE BREAKDOWN

# How Willow Made Her Angstiest Song Ever

*The singer-songwriter channeled her anxieties into a nervy track from her new album — here's how it came together*

By LARISHA PAUL & CAITLIN WHITE

**W**ILLOW WANTED her song "Run!" to evoke the feeling of a panic attack — like the one she nearly had when she was stressing out over a confrontation during a relationship. On her past two albums, *Lately I Feel Everything* (2021) and *Coping Mechanism* (2022), she wielded this type of angst through brash rock and pop punk. Now, on her upcoming album, *Empathogen*, Willow is pairing funk influences with distorted instruments to create a sense of paranoia. On "Run!," she pushes this sound to an extreme, as she asks herself a question: Will you stay and fight, or run and hide?

## ► Letting It Out

Literally, "Run!" captures Willow in a conflicted emotional state. She remembers the song pouring out of her in one day as she processed the tension between staying or leaving someone. "I'm trying so hard to be in the moment and see their sincerity and not let my toxic mental pattern paint them as this person who's trying to attack me or judge me,"

she recalls. In the end, she chooses to leave, a feeling she calls "beautiful," but admits, "There's almost a sadness to it because it's like I wasn't strong enough to stay in the moment and see this person for who they really were, and I just ran from the situation."

## ► Cutting the Vocals

"Run!" is one of the standout performances on *Empathogen*. "I hadn't really sang like this," Willow says of her gritty vocals. "I kind of wanted to stay away from that more rock-leaning sound because I really wanted to strip everything back and just bare my voice in its raw form." The less-polished vocal texture communicates where the singer stood emotionally: "I really wanted it to feel anxious."

## ► Guitar Hero

St. Vincent was one particularly strong influence here — Willow credits the musician as "an inspiration for everything that I do." She was drawn to the ways St. Vincent uses guitar "not tonally, but as a feeling." Willow was initially reluctant to use electric guitars on the

record, but ultimately, she decided it would be incomplete without them. "It just needs to sound messed up," she recalls telling her guitarist Chris Greatti. "It needs to be like you're wrenching your heartstrings. That anxiety needs to be there."

## ► Putting It Together


Willow built the foundation of "Run!" with drums and bass. It was a departure from her usual process, which often starts with vocals or guitar. "I needed to start with those two things first, because they needed to interplay with each other and have that conversation," she explains. From there, the sonic and thematic narrative unfolded. "With all the vocals coming in and out — even the texture of the drums changes a little bit — it gets more like, 'Now, I'm not angry anymore. I'm just scared and needing to get away from this,'" she says.

## ► Visual Thinking

Willow has already been contemplating video ideas. "I think that the real feeling behind the title is an emotional and a mental

escape," she says. "If I ever make a video for it, I'm definitely going to be running in some regard physically, but [with] that being a metaphor for the escaping that I'm trying to do inside." She wants listeners to connect with the song's message: "I hope people feel there's beauty in our human desire to want to escape our vulnerability and escape our fears."

## ► A New Era

"Run!" is just one song on *Empathogen* that helped Willow break away from past habits. "With this album, I feel like I took a bat and just was like, 'No, no, no!' to all of these old ways of conducting myself as an artist and as a musician," she says. "*Coping Mechanism* was definitely a step towards that. But this was really like, 'OK, now the foot is all the way in this new place.' That makes me really excited." 

## WATCH THIS!

Check out episodes of *The Breakdown* at [RollingStone.com](https://www.rollingstone.com).



EXPLAINER

# Why Is Everyone Beefing With Drake?

ON THE NIGHT OF APRIL 13, after the leak of his diss track “Push Ups,” Drake posted a screenshot from the movie *Kill Bill* on his Instagram Story. It was the iconic fight scene during which Uma Thurman’s character takes on a roomful of ninja assassins only to emerge victorious. The metaphor couldn’t be more applicable to Drake’s situation, as he fends off countless peers out for blood. Rap’s civil war began, in one sense, with Future and Metro Boomin’s recent album, *We Don’t Trust You*, featuring Kendrick Lamar taking not-so-subtle shots at Drake and J. Cole on the hit “Like That.” But the tension appears to be dredging up feelings that go back much further. Here’s a guide to all of the frenemies who have turned on the Boy. **JEFF IHAZA**



## Future

Perhaps Future wasn’t happy about Drake choosing to collaborate with 21 Savage on 2022’s *Her Loss* instead of making a follow-up to his and Future’s wildly successful 2015 project, *What a Time to Be Alive*. Fans have also wondered if Drake’s 2023 track “What Would Pluto Do” was a sneak diss aimed at Future. The hip-hop rumor mill has been active with unsubstantiated reports of Drake “stealing” Future’s girl, which would make Drake’s line “What would Pluto do? He’d fuck the ho, so I did it” take on an entirely new meaning.

## Metro Boomin

Metro expressed frustration at *Her Loss* receiving more attention than his own *Heroes & Villains* during awards season in a quickly deleted tweet this past December. Many fans believe Drake responded during a livestream on the gambling platform Stake, where he said, “To the rest of you – the nonbelievers, the underachievers, the tweet-and-deleters – you guys make me sick to my stomach, fam.” Metro then took to social media with a series of veiled jabs about taking “sides.”



## Kendrick Lamar

Kendrick Lamar’s disdain for Drake goes back as far as 2012, when Lamar made a guest appearance on *Take Care* that hinted at a budding rivalry. The two remained cordial until Drake was mentioned by name in Lamar’s industry-shaking verse on Big Sean’s 2013 single “Control.” Drake seemed to shrug this off, but Lamar went further during a BET Awards cypher, rapping, “Nothing’s been the same since they dropped ‘Control’/And tucked the sensitive rapper back in his pajama clothes.” The two have exchanged subliminals since then – and this year, Lamar went nuclear with a series of songs defined by their pure hate for Drake’s very being.

**WHAT, ME WORRY?**  
Drake is being targeted on all sides.







### **Rick Ross**

Rick Ross has been one of Drake's most consistent collaborators over the years, so his appearance on Future and Metro Boomin's cut "Everyday Hustle" came as a surprise to many. But there had been friction between the two in the past – and after Drake dropped "Push Ups," featuring a direct shot at "Ricky's" age, Ross went into attack mode. On his own diss track, "Champagne Moments," he repeatedly calls Drake "white boy," in a tasteless reference to his mixed-race background, and alleges that Drake only associated with street rappers early in his career to gain legitimacy. The two have since waged an all-out meme war online.

### **A\$AP Rocky**

In his feature on the *We Don't Trust You* follow-up *We Still Don't Trust You*, A\$AP Rocky says, "Niggas in they feelings over women, what, you hurt or somethin'/?I smashed before you birthed, son, Flacko hit it first, son." The tension appears, on the surface, to be about Rocky's current relationship with Rihanna. However, Rocky's verse also recalls Drake's last public beef, with Pusha T. Back then, it was rumored that Rocky was responsible for leaking the information about Drake's then-secret son, Adonis, to Pusha. Now, it seems Rocky might be claiming to have been with the mother of Drake's son before him – which, in fairness, is kind of an odd thing for the father of Rihanna's children to be bragging about on a diss track.



### **The Weeknd**

Bad blood between Drake and the Weeknd started when Drake first posted songs by the then-unknown R&B crooner on his OVO blog back in 2010. As the story goes, Drake wanted to sign the Weeknd to his label, OVO, whereas the Weeknd wanted to make his own path. After the Weeknd ultimately signed to Republic in 2012, the two were seldom seen together publicly, though any rumors of tension seemed to be quelled as Drake rapped on 2019's "War" that "The boy that sound like he sang on *Thriller*, you know that's been my nigga/We just had to fix things, family, six tings we can't split up." And yet, here we are. The Weeknd appeared on several Future and Metro Boomin tracks, most pointedly "All to Myself," where he alludes to the OVO situation with the line "I thank God that I never signed my life away." He also takes aim at Drake's associates with the line "They could never diss my brothers, baby/When they got leaks in they operation," and the particularly vicious bar "Their shooters making TikToks."

### **Travis Scott**

Yet another rapper who's apparently chosen sides is Travis Scott, who appears on Future and Metro Boomin's project, though not overtly dissing Drake in his lyrics. One line from Drake's "Push Ups" that fans seem to believe is directed at Scott: "Rolling Loud stage, y'all were turnt, that was slick as hell/Shit'll probably change if your BM start to kiss and tell." It was Scott who hyped up the crowd at Rolling Loud in March as Metro and Future performed "Like That," and there's suspicion that the "BM" (short for baby mama) in question is Scott's ex Kylie Jenner.



### **Ja Morant**

Among the more random responses on Drake's "Push Ups" is a reference to NBA star Ja Morant, the "hooper that be bustin' out the griddy," as Drake puts it. Apparently, Morant responded in affirmation to one of Metro Boomin's cryptic posts about picking a side, and Drake took notice. The source of the tension between the two appears to be Drake dating Morant's rumored ex, the model and influencer Johanna Leia.



### **Kanye West**

Drake's longtime nemesis Kanye West joined in on the acrimony by jumping on a remix of "Like That." Their feud goes back to 2018, when Pusha T took shots



at Drake on a West-produced beat, which led to Drake's "Duppy Freestyle," and ultimately to Pusha T's infamous "The Story of Adidon." The tension continued after West dropped "Lift Yourself," featuring a beat that Drake allegedly expressed interest in and that West decided to figuratively take a dump on. Internet rumors about Drake and Kim Kardashian, as well as West's appearances on podcasts and on social media, suggest the feud will continue for a while. ®

## THE FIVE WILDEST RAP BEEFS OF ALL TIME

Before Drake vs. Everyone, these were hip-hop's craziest, silliest, and most tragic feuds

### **1 Jay-Z vs. Nas**

After years of tension, the two New York kings traded personally insulting shots on 2001's "The Takeover" and "Ether." Years after they squashed the beef, the debate over who won rages on.

### **2 Tupac vs. Biggie**

The most notable rap beef is also the saddest. It's the one that went too far, ending in two tragedies in 1996 and 1997, and setting a somber example of what can happen when bars turn into bullets.

### **3 50 Cent vs. Ja Rule**

50 Cent feuded with practically every other rap star of his day — it was kind of his thing — but his funniest, most entertaining tiff was the one that ended Ja's early-2000s chart reign.

### **4 Jadakiss vs. Beanie Sigel**

Most beefs are personal — this was sport. Beanie Sigel's "Kiss the Game Goodbye" and Jadakiss' "Fuck Beanie" freestyle remain underrated classics, full of witty digs.

### **5 N.W.A vs. Ice Cube**

After N.W.A's principal songwriter walked away from the group's dubious contract, his former bandmates threw darts. Ice Cube returned fire with the brutal four-minute diss track "No Vaseline."



Jadakiss (left) and Sigel



ELECTION 2024

# Jane Fonda Takes the Climate Fight to D.C.

*The actress and activist on the do-or-die election, the threat of fossil fuels, and finding purpose*

By CHARISMA MADARANG

JANE FONDA has two Best Actress Oscars (and five more nominations) to her name, but over the past five-plus decades, the Hollywood icon, 86, has become far better known — and sometimes excoriated — for her political activism. She’s protested the Vietnam War, fundraised for the Black Panthers, and stood with Native Americans fighting to reclaim land. She’s condemned violence against women and advocated for reproductive rights. She’s been jailed, spat on, and cursed at. And she’s been undeterred. These days, it’s the climate crisis that consumes her. In 2019, Fonda co-founded Fire Drill Fridays, a recurring climate protest in Washington, D.C. (She was arrested five times during those actions.) In 2022, she founded the Jane Fonda Climate PAC to fund state and local candidates who refuse to accept money from fossil-fuel companies. As the November election approaches, she views the problem with growing urgency. Nearly two-thirds of Americans say they are “worried” about the climate, Fonda notes, but they don’t always bring that concern to the ballot box. “I’m trying to encourage people to vote with climate in mind,” she says. “There are enough of us that if we band together, we can win.”

**How do you see the upcoming election dictating how the United States approaches climate change?** November’s election is an existential election, because who becomes president is going to be a big determining factor on whether there’s a livable future. [But] down-ballot — city council, state legislators, boards of supervisors, mayors — is where the robust work on climate is happening. In California, there are so many empty state legislative seats. We have to be sure that we fill those with climate champions.

**If Trump is reelected, he is likely to pull out of the Paris Agreement again, and he has said he’s going to “drill, baby, drill” on Day One. Pres-**



**ident Biden, meanwhile, has signed the Inflation Reduction Act — touted as the government’s largest investment in renewable energy — into law, but many say he hasn’t done enough.** Here’s the thing: Biden provides us with terrain on which we can fight. This is a man who can be pressured. We can make him do more. The other guy, there’s no making him do more. He’s going in the other direction.

Voting for somebody isn’t marrying them. It’s not even going on a date. It’s a pragmatic decision. When you consider the stakes ... nobody’s perfect — no candidate, no marital partner. But we are on the precipice and time is running out. We have to elect people who will stand up to this issue.

**You’ve urged political candidates to bring fearless ideas to the table.**

**What are examples of approaches to climate issues that you support?**

The majority of the problem in terms of the climate is caused by burning fossil fuels: oil, gas, and coal. That’s at the root of it. Candidates must understand this and must have a plan for what to do about it — and they have to have the guts to make it work, to enact it.

That can be Dana Nessel, Michigan attorney general; chief executive in Harris County, Texas, Lina Hidalgo; land commissioner in New Mexico, Stephanie Garcia Richard — these people all have climate plans. They all come from oil-producing states. They all have to be able to thread the needle. So, you have to find somebody that’s smart and brave, and that will stand up to fossil fuels.

**How do you feel about RFK Jr., who was once a leading environmental lawyer, is now one of the loudest conspiracy theorists in the nation, and whose third-party candidacy could boost Trump in the polls?**

Perplexed. He has been a friend of mine. I really respect what he’s done for rivers and waterways in the U.S., but I was just watching TV before you called and he was saying that prosecutors [in the Jan. 6 case] maybe pushed too far for political reasons, and we have to take another look. It’s just so disturbing. I don’t get it. But this is no time for [people to cast] a protest vote [for him]. We have to face the facts. A third-party candidate is not going to win, and we cannot go there.

**You often call the climate crisis a health crisis. Can you elaborate?**

The fossil-fuel industry is a wounded beast right now. Fossil fuels are on their way out, and so [those corporations] are poking holes all over the place as fast as they can to try to get the last drop of gas or oil to ratchet up profits. It’s really dangerous. This isn’t just happening in California. I’ve seen it all over. We have to stop them. Asthma and cancer and strokes are on the rise. We are breathing in fossil fuel and other chemicals all the time. It is a health crisis.

**For individuals who want to help make a significant change in the climate movement, what is the best way forward?**

If you want to go fast, go alone. But if you want to go far, go together. Join an organization, join a protest. You’ll make good friends who share your values. I went from a hedonistic, meaningless life to becoming an activist in 1970. And it was meeting new friends that really did it for me. I thought, “Oh, my God, I’ve never met people like this before. They’re living for something bigger than themselves. They could be running corporations, they could be going for money, but they’re not — they’re going to make the world better.” It was like looking through a keyhole of the world that we were trying to create. Fundamentally, we all want our lives to have meaning, right? I know what it feels like to not have meaning, and I know what it feels like to suddenly begin a life where you know why you’re here.

**What issues are you tackling next?**

Honey, what I’m doing now is what I’m going to do till I die. I can’t think about anything else. I go to sleep on it. I’ll wake up thinking about it. Because, you know, if we started doing everything correctly right now, my four-year-old grandson would be living in a pretty cool world in 25 years. Now that’s worth fighting for. @



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HOW DID I GET HERE?  
Byrne in a still from  
Talking Heads' classic  
1984 concert film.



REMAKE

# A New Side of Talking Heads

**How an all-star group of young, eclectic musicians reinterpreted the 'Stop Making Sense' soundtrack**

By DAVID BROWNE

GROWING UP in Texas in the 2000s, new-generation rap-rock star Teezo Touchdown was largely unfamiliar with Talking Heads. But as he was making his own records and plotting a stage show, some of his colleagues thought he'd be inspired by the band and called up a clip from its 1984 concert movie, *Stop Making Sense*. "The opening shot of David Byrne coming out with a boombox and doing 'Psycho Killer' – I had a true discovery moment," Teezo recalls. "With what he was doing, and the production and the visuals, they had the total package. It's still fresh."

Talking Heads haven't toured since 1983 and haven't released a new album

in 36 years. But the use of their songs in everything from *Gilmore Girls* and *Wall Street* up through Byrne's *American Utopia* stage musical and movie has kept their music in the public ear, along with a steady stream of covers by Florence + the Machine, Cage the Elephant, Eddie Vedder, and others.

The revival culminated in last year's successful rerelease of a newly restored *Stop Making Sense* in theaters through distributor A24, and the sight of the four

band members – Byrne, Jerry Harrison, Tina Weymouth, and Chris Frantz – putting aside their much-documented rancor and promoting the film together, often to ecstatic cheers from audiences. "I assumed – I guess wrongly – that memory fades away, and that at some point, you're kind of a 'Where are they now?' like you see

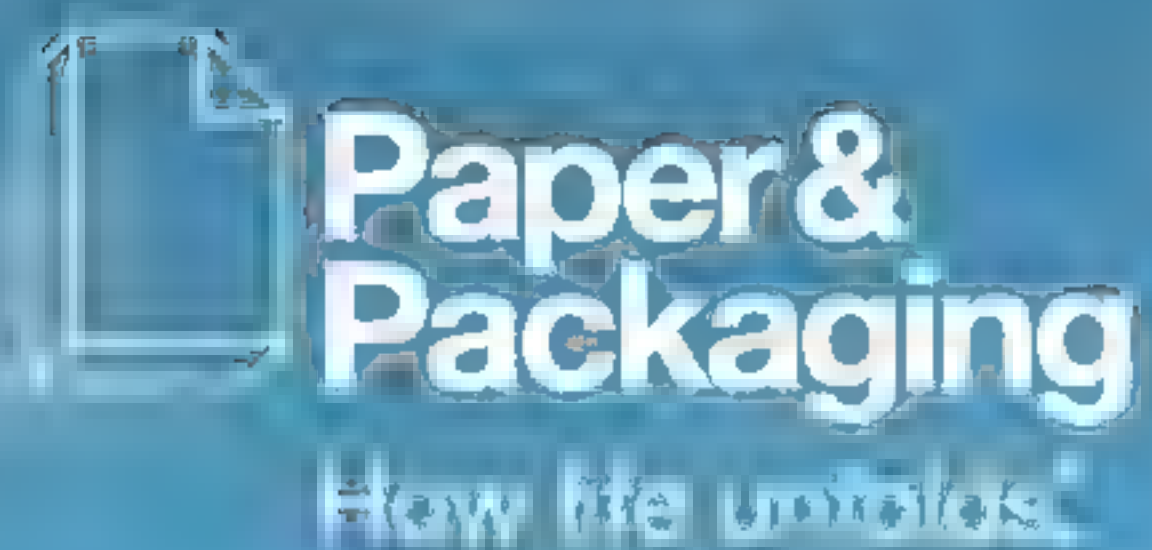
on one of those cheesy documentaries," Byrne says with a laugh. "But that didn't happen. That's really surprising and flattering." Frantz adds that he was especially impressed by the roar that greeted them on *The Late Show With Stephen Colbert*: "It was an awesome feeling."

The expanded lineup of Talking Heads that performed in the original concert film



The second part of that revival arrived this spring with *Everyone's Getting Involved: A Tribute to Talking Heads' Stop Making Sense*. As covers records go, it's unusual on several levels: a salute not just to the band but also to that iconic movie's soundtrack. And it includes versions by not just a few established artists, like Miley Cyrus ("Psycho Killer"), Lorde ("Take Me to the River"), Paramore ("Burning Down the House"), and the National ("Heaven"), but just as many by newer acts from around the world: Teezo ("Making Flippy Floppy"), the L.A. funk band Chicano Batman ("Crosseyed and Painless"), Norwegian pop star Girl in Red ("Girlfriend Is Better"), Nigerian American DJ Tunez ("Life During Wartime"), the Argentine indie band *Él Mató a un Policía Motorizado* ("Slippery People"), and others. "They bring a good, new, fresh energy to this project," says Frantz. "We in Talking Heads, we're senior citizens now. I get a discount almost everywhere now."





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The dominance of newer artists, many not yet born when Talking Heads dissolved, makes sense to Blondshell, a.k.a. Sabrina Teitelbaum, who contributed a hushed, slow-burning remake of the otherwise galloping “Thank You for Sending Me an Angel.” For her, the mere fact that the band shifted its sound from record to record and wasn’t easy to pin down made a major impression. “I think everybody’s influenced by them,” Teitelbaum says. “It’s one of those cultural things where it’s hard to escape. There’s so much pressure to fit in a lane and get defined by it, but their music isn’t in a specific genre. People will say New Wave or whatever, but it doesn’t feel boxed in, and that’s part of the legacy.”

As the former members of Talking Heads admit, the concept for the tribute LP originated with A24, which wanted a companion piece for the rereleased film (another label owns the original *Stop Making Sense* soundtrack). “This way they get to put out a record!” says Harrison, who calls it “entirely a commercial idea.” Frantz was impressed by the global reach of the artist lineup. “It’s a big world out there,” he says. “I’m sure A24 has this in mind, to get exposure for the film in these markets outside of the U.S.”

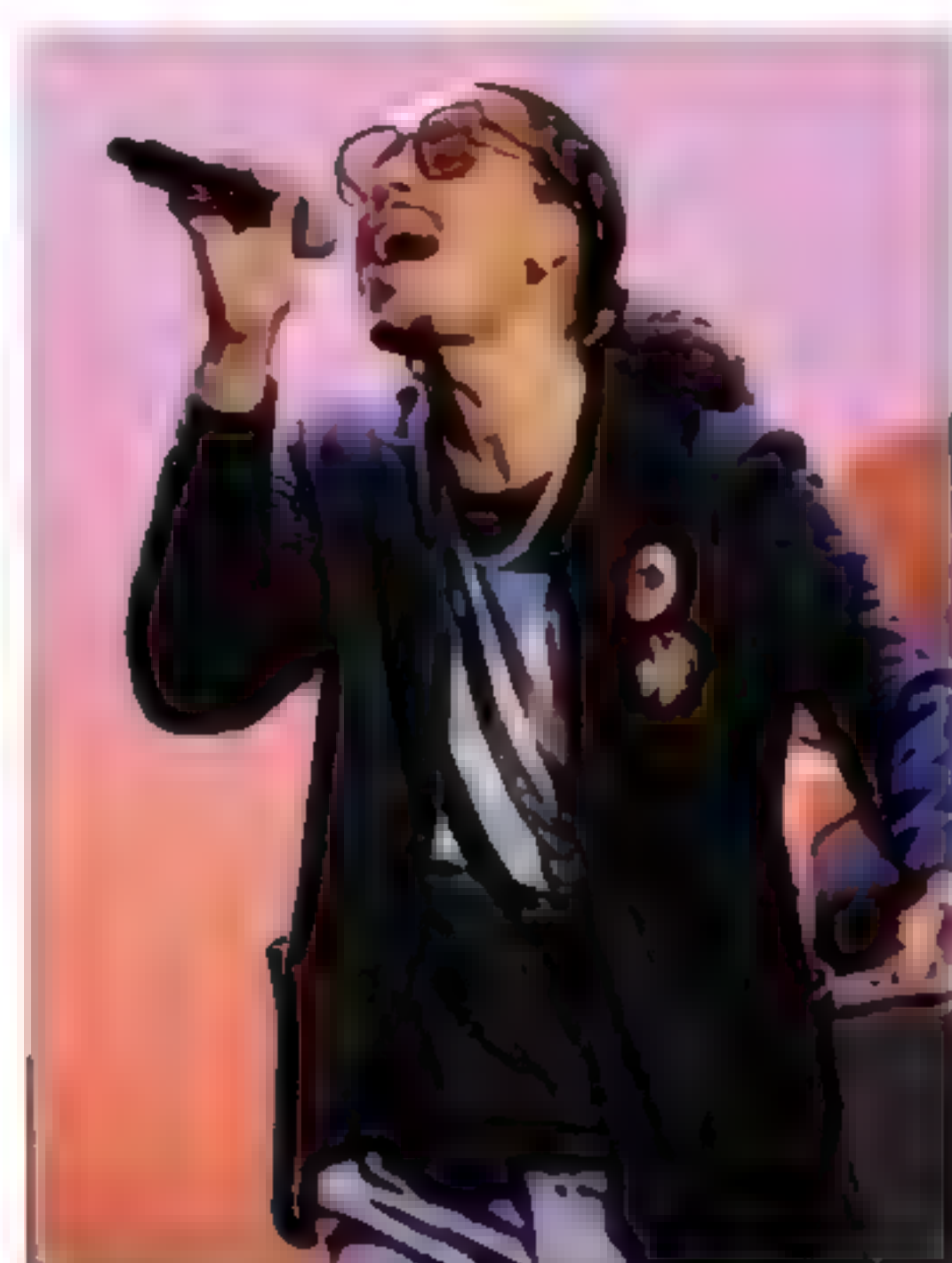
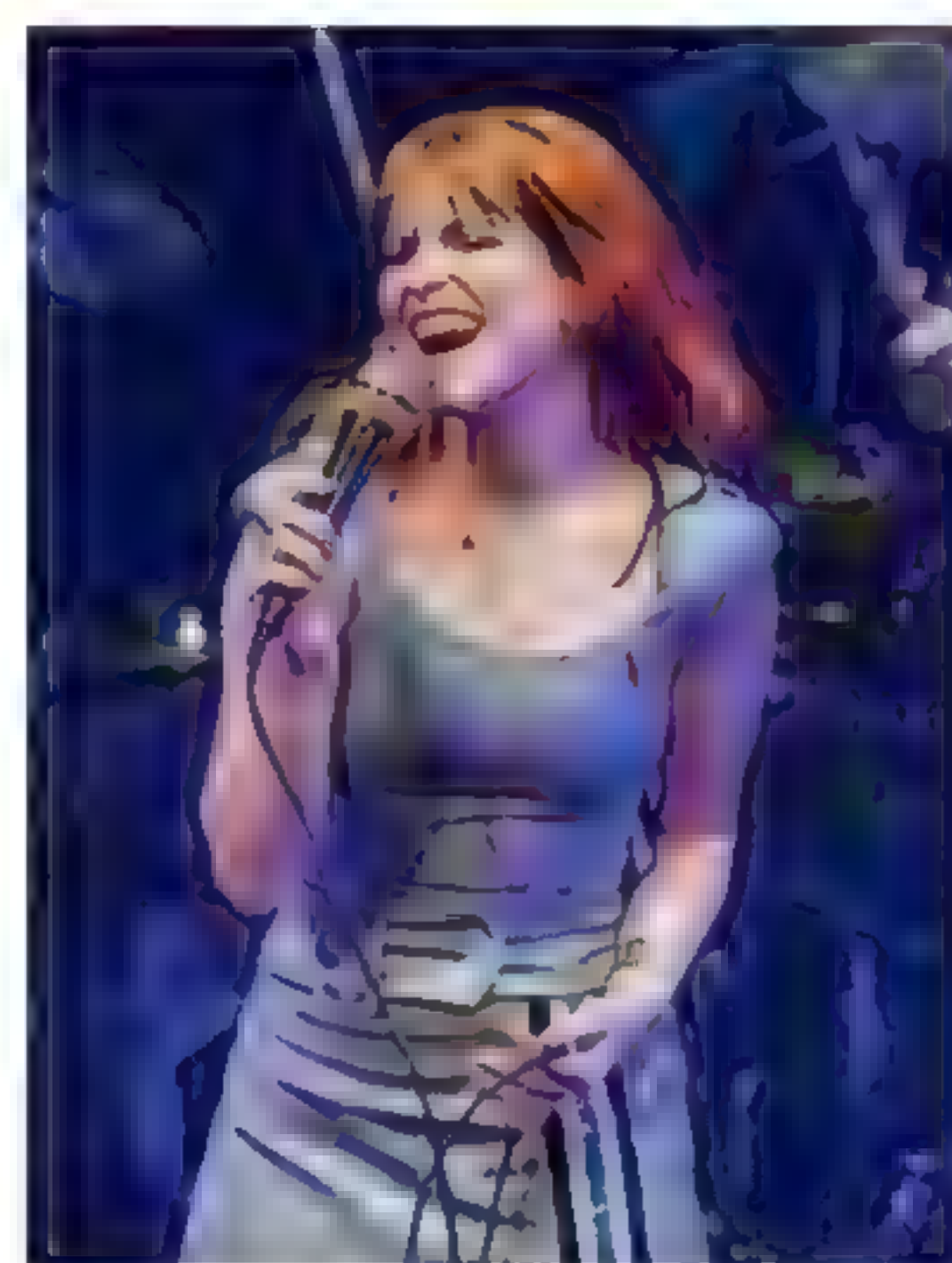
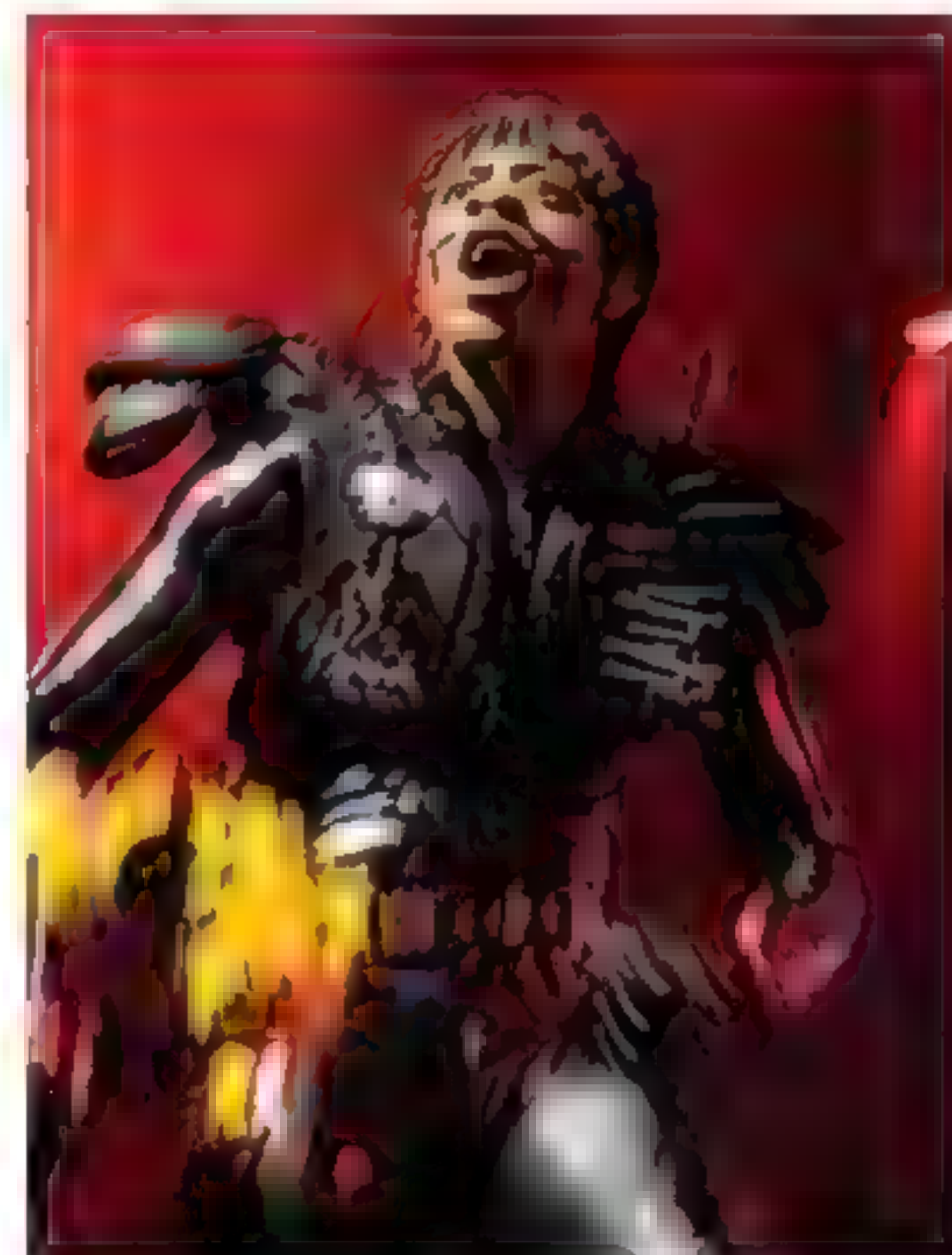
Commercial considerations aside, the lineup of contributors to the record wound up becoming a testament to the way that Talking Heads’ music has transcended its time and can speak to multiple generations. In a statement accompanying “Take Me to the River,” Lorde explains that she first heard the song when she was 12, back in 2008, when her mother played her a low-quality video of the band playing the song. “I don’t understand what I’m feeling, but I do understand that the band in the grainy video live with the same strangeness that I do,” she writes. “My palms tingle. My insides are replaced.” (When she and Byrne met for a ROLLING STONE Musicians on Musicians cover in 2021, she noted that she was particularly taken by Byrne’s ability not to blink while performing.)

Teitelbaum remembers hearing “This Must Be the Place (Naïve Melody)” on a TV show when she was in eighth grade. “I was like, ‘What’s this?’” she recalls. “I think it’s the way that David sings, and the lyrics. Not to be emo, but I felt really seen at the time by that song. What I had been listening to didn’t reflect what I was going through in the same way. I wanted a Talking Heads tattoo in high school, which shows me how much they meant to me.”

Hearing those remarks, Byrne – speaking moments after an earthquake rattled New York and made his office

## The Name of the Band They Love Is Talking Heads

From top: Teezo Touchdown, Hayley Williams of Paramore, Blondshell, and Chicano Batman’s Eduardo Arenas



desk shake – nods. “A lot of younger people are exposed to [Talking Heads songs] at a really early age, when it seems to mean a lot to them,” he says. “It says that being a little bit weird and odd is all right. ‘Look, here’s somebody else who did it and were kind of successful.’ It has that effect, especially with young women and social media making them feel they have to conform. This gives them a little encouragement: ‘No, it’s OK to be different.’”

Chicano Batman singer and bassist Eduardo Arenas remembers hearing the band as a kid, but not being as impressed. “I always felt they were very square,” he says. “I’m into funk, man, and I’m like, ‘Man, there’s not enough soul in this for me.’” (When Byrne hears this, he breaks into laughter: “The polo shirts and shortish hair, yeah – that was our street clothes, but I also thought it would be more subversive to not look like a rock & roll-

**David Byrne likes some of the more out-there covers: “I love it when it gives a song a completely different meaning.”**

er.”) But after seeing *Stop Making Sense* about 20 years ago, Arenas became a fan. “It just changed my life,” he says. “David Byrne is running in circles around the band and still singing, and the whole band is killing it.” Arenas now calls *Talking Heads: 77* “a palate cleanser”: “Every time I’m tired of what I’m doing and need a new direction, I put that album on.”

Seeing *Stop Making Sense* again last year made Teitelbaum think about the band’s impact on concert staging today. “I was like, ‘Oh, my God, there’s so much I’m seeing that people have used in concerts and concert films that I didn’t realize was from this’ – like when the random words pop up behind the stage,” she says. “There’s so much from *Stop Making Sense* in what I saw in a 1975 show. And not just them – stuff that’s choreographed and the theatrical nature of it.”

Talking Heads’ members, who had no role in selecting songs or artists, are still wrapping their minds around all the eclectic versions of their songs, which arrived piecemeal over a period of time. Harrison cites the overhaul of “Swamp” by Mexican American singer and songwriter Jean Dawson. “It’s sort of like if Johnny Cash did the song, like his version of ‘Hurt,’” Harrison says. “It’s like, ‘Whoa, is that different!’ But

it still fits the lyrics and the song.” He also admires Lorde’s “very sexy vocal,” and finds Cyrus’ powered-up “Psycho Killer” particularly striking. “It’s cheerful!” he says. “If the original is about alienation to the point of violence, this one seems like a singalong country song. And Paramore did a really good version of capturing the feel of how we played [‘Burning Down the House’].”

A hip-hop recasting of “Once in a Lifetime” by Kevin Abstract bemuses Frantz: “I’m still trying to figure out that one. I’ll get it one day.” Of an electro-lounge version of “Life During Wartime” by DJ Tunez, Byrne says, “I love it when it gives a song a completely different meaning. ‘Life During Wartime’ – ‘Is that how it’s going to end? Is that how things are going to go?’ It’s like the dance band on the *Titanic*. The band just keeps playing.”

As for their own future, the Heads are, not surprisingly, noncommittal. “I’ve learned not to expect [anything],” Harrison says. “We have taken baby steps forward to repairing our relationship.” When the band appeared on *Colbert*, the host had a bunch of instruments set up and asked if they would play a song. “What was going through my mind was ‘Which song should we choose? Does everybody remember?’” Harrison says. “[‘Life During Wartime’] would have been the most likely, because that one had the ability to be totally spontaneous.”

It didn’t happen, and Byrne says reports of a multimillion-dollar offer to play festivals this summer were false. “That was completely made up,” he says. “I don’t know where it came from. That offer was never made.” Frantz says there were offers, but adds, “Our feeling was ‘Things are going really well for us – we don’t have to do a tour.’ It’s a lot of work. I don’t know how the Rolling Stones and the Who and these guys do it anymore. I know a lot of people will say ‘You’re crazy not to take that offer.’ But I would have preferred if they’d asked us to do it 20 years ago. You know, when we had real vigor.” Frantz also alludes to conversations about recording new material, which Byrne and Harrison say they don’t recall. (Weymouth, who was in the studio working on a tribute album to Robbie Shakespeare, was unavailable for comment.)

Teezo hopes it happens, as he says, “when the time is right for them.” But even if any type of full Heads reunion never comes to be, at least the contributors to *Everyone’s Getting Involved* have taken something with them from the experience. “There’s something to be said about how funky square rock can be,” Arenas says. “There’s a lot of soul inside the squares.”



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[ DICKEY BETTS, 1943-2024 ]

# The Last Ramblin' Man

The soulful guitarist made Southern rock beautiful during his time with the Allman Brothers Band, but drama was always nearby

By DAVID BROWNE

**A**T A DOWN-HOME EATERY near his waterfront home on Florida's west coast in 2017, Dickey Betts, stout and white-haired but still evoking his youthful intensity, was asked about his imposing reputation. "People are a little bit standoffish because they think if they say something wrong, I'll be aggressive or something with them," he told *ROLLING STONE*, adding with his drawl, "But I'm not like that at *all*. Unless you start saying shit that's really demeaning, and then I won't hesitate to ..." Betts didn't finish the sentence, but you had a sense of what he meant. "I guess I have a face and attitude that kinda scares people."

Betts, who died on April 18 at age 80 of complications from cancer and pulmonary disorder, was one of Southern rock's – or any rock's – most daunting characters. During his years leading and powering the Allman Brothers Band, he was so iconic – that handlebar mustache, the tight-lipped moodiness, those Western-sheriff jackets – that Cameron Crowe based the *Almost Famous* character Russell Hammond on him. "Gregg [Allman] had the rock-star thing dripping off him – he was a walking myth," says Derek Trucks, who briefly played alongside Betts in the Allmans and remained a friend. "But it wasn't intimidating in the same way Dickey was with that cowboy hat. Sometimes he tucked that hat down, you couldn't even see his face."

Everybody has their "good Dickey and bad Dickey" stories, says Richard Brent, who runs the Allmans' Big House Museum in Macon, Georgia. Trucks heard about the time one of Betts' solo-band members walked out of his hotel room to find Betts, an avid hunter, shooting arrows down the hallway. ("But I'm not a *nut*, like Ted Nugent," Betts later told RS.) Betts' legend includes a jacket with "Eat Shit" emblazoned on its back, and chopping up the furniture in his house during a dispute with one of his five wives, according to the book *Midnight Riders*, by Scott Freeman. "He was very gentle inside," recalls the Marshall Tucker Band's Doug Gray, who toured and partied with Betts in the Seventies, "but don't rile him up."

Gregg Allman's son Devon said he was "scared shitless" when he first met Betts in the late Eighties, when he joined his father and the reunited Allman Brothers Band on tour. Betts seemed to be giving him the cold shoulder during early gigs, until one aftershow party, when Devon got up to sing. "He ran over to me, after being pretty chilly on the tour so far," Devon recalls, "and extended his hand and said, 'Man, I didn't know you could sing like that.' He was still a badass, but I got to see a sweet, kinder, gentler side."

In addition to seemingly hundreds of stories like that, Betts also left behind a trail of arrests and rehab stints, the stuff of outlaw legend. "It's no secret that my dad raised some hell in his life and got kicked off of a few airplanes," says his son, Duane. "We all have demons we have to deal with, and he was no different."

Precisely what Betts' demons were was never quite clear. The son of a carpenter who played fiddle, Forrest Richard Betts was born and raised in Florida. He would hint at turmoil in his upbringing: "My dad came home drunk one night and broke my ukulele," he told RS in 2017. "But you don't want to read that shit!"

Betts channeled those troubles into some of the most exquisite moments in a genre, Southern rock, that prided itself on its Hungry Man brawniness. Listen to "Revival," the joyful singalong he contributed to the Allmans' second album,

*Idlewild South*, or "In Memory of Elizabeth Reed," the haunted, simmering instrumental on the same record. And, of course, "Blue Sky," his bighearted love song that soared into the ether. He and his bandmate Duane Allman were perfect musical foils, with Allman's lacerating slide guitar and fiery notes balanced out by Betts' sweeter, spiraling tone, rooted in jazz and Western swing. "When you hear B.B. King do the two notes on 'Lucille,' that's absolutely B.B. King," says Brad Paisley, who played some of Betts' songs in his youth. "And same with Dickey. You just hear a couple of notes [and recognize him]."

When Duane Allman died in 1971, Betts had little choice but to step up even further, and it would be his songs – the easy-rolling country of "Ramblin' Man," the instrumental "Jessica," or the beefy rocker "Crazy Love" – that reignited the band artistically and commercially. "The fact they were able to continue and still had an identity tells you how important he was," Paisley says. With his first post-Allmans band, Great Southern, he hit another high note with songs like "Bougainvillea," a melancholy ballad that shook off its blues once Betts' guitar took over. "He wasn't an 'I'm gonna sit around and listen to sad songs all day' type of guy," says Duane Betts, who watched his dad wander around their property with a guitar as he wrote songs. "He liked to be uplifted."

Those who knew and worked with him over the years still grapple with that duality. "He wrote some of the most beautiful rock songs ever," says Trucks. "I'd put 'Blue Sky' and 'Jessica' against anything. For me, it was an easy lesson in the dichotomy in life. He was severe and intense, but also a beautiful character."

As the Seventies ended, Southern rock grew homogenized, but Betts remained his own man. Talking to RS in 2017, he bristled at the memory of two pop-leaning albums the group recorded for Arista in the early Eighties, saying the label wanted "a disco album" and "all our good shit wound up on the cutting-room floor." When the Allmans fell apart for the second time, he recorded and shelved a country album in Nashville. "It was an attempt to fit in," says Warren Haynes, who sang background on a few of its songs. "He said he didn't feel comfortable."

Starting in 1989, the band members put aside their differences (Betts had initially been furious after Allman testified against the band's drug dealer in 1976), and the Allmans regrouped yet again. Per usual, Betts stepped up, especially since Allman himself was grappling with his own substance-abuse issues. Haynes, who had been hired for Betts' solo band right before the reunion, took note of an immediate shift. "As soon as we started rehearsing, I noticed a change in his seriousness with which he was taking the music," Haynes says. "He had a lot more reverence for the Allman Brothers music, and was more protective of it."

The Nineties marked a rebirth for the Allmans. With them, Betts wrote one of his standards, the philosophical country song "Seven Turns," and 1994's "Back Where It All Begins" demonstrated the way he could push his guitar into smoldering new heights. He took enormous pride in Bob Dylan joining him for a duet of "Ramblin' Man" onstage during that period: "He fuckin' sang word for *word*, and I told him later, 'Those words have never meant so much in its existence!'"

But drama still followed, starting with Betts' private offstage area, where he would sit alone while others took solos. As Betts told Allmans biographer Alan Paul, he went on a "three-year drunk" in the mid-Nineties, and the band con-





fronted him after Betts bailed on shows a few years later. At New York's Beacon Theatre, where the Allmans played extended residencies, Devon Allman watched Betts storm off during a show. "He was really pissed off at his rig and his guitar, and he threw it down and split," Allman recalls.

The Allmans remained a fraught band even then: "There was always drama, as far as original members not getting along and complaining, and a lot of tension at that point," says Haynes, who left, for a time, in 1997. In 2000, Betts was out of the band after the others complained about his excesses (which he denied) and playing too loud onstage. (He would maintain that his dismissal partly stemmed from him asking for an audit of the band's finances: "Big fuckin' mistake on my part," he told RS.) "To see [the band] playing all of his songs without him in it, it hurt," says Duane Betts. "There were quite a few years there where it really hurt my heart, and I know it hurt his."

The roughly two decades that followed brought a new set of challenges for Betts. Sitting in with the Tedeschi Trucks Band at the Beacon in 2013 and playing Allmans songs, he was greeted like a returning hero. "When he walked onstage, you could feel there was a lot of pent-up appreciation," says Trucks. But as he soon learned, Allmans fans weren't as eager to buy tickets to his solo shows. By the time RS spoke with Betts in 2017, he'd decided to retire from the road. "If I played new songs in my show, the audience is bored with them," he said with a shrug. "So all of that, I said, 'You know, I think it's time to enjoy life.'" Betts never blamed Gregg Allman for his ousting him from the band, and shortly before Allman's death in 2017, the two men finally reconciled by phone.

#### THE INTIMIDATOR

Betts, here in 1975, was a daunting presence with the Allman Brothers Band, both onstage and off.

The following year, Betts put his retirement aside and played a handful of shows with a band that included his son. "I was so proud of him that he persevered and got through that tour and each show got better," Duane says. But any plans for more gigs were cut short when Betts suffered a minor stroke in 2018.

From that point on, Betts remained offstage and out of the headlines, except for the time when his wife, Donna, was arrested for pointing a gun at a group of teens and coaches of the Sarasota Crew team rowing past their house. ("They're high school kids, but from real rich families," Betts grouched. "They're arrogant as hell.")

Last December, the Allman Betts Family Revival, which includes Duane Betts and Devon Allman, played a show in Sarasota, Florida, in time for Betts' 80th birthday. The Dickey Betts who showed up was older and frailer than ever, but seemed to have reconciled with his past and demons. "We didn't know if he wanted to get out of the house, but he came to the show and got to eat his birthday cake and got to see us play his music," says Allman. Taking a seat by the side of the stage, Betts remained vigilant of his and the Allmans' music and legacy as he watched the band re-create his songs, with what seemed like, at last, added serenity. "He watched every note and drank a cold beer," says Allman, "and he said, 'Everybody sounded so great.'"

Looking back over his life, talking with RS, Betts shook off his tribulations: "It's complicated, but you know what? I wouldn't have traded it for anything because I know nothing is perfect and nothing is permanent. What can I tell ya? I'm not that goddamn interesting!" ®



**I**'VE KNOWN I WAS GOING to make a record called *All Born Screaming* since I was 23," says St. Vincent. "But I just wasn't ready. I wasn't really worthy of the title, 'cause you have to live a lot to be worthy of a title that really says it all. It's the beauty, it's the brutality, and it's all part of the same continuum." St. Vincent's superb new album of that name is suffused with beauty and brutality in equal measure, with Nine Inch Nails-worthy noise bursts, some elegant crooning, and a few of her most streamlined hard-rock tracks ever, some assisted by Dave Grohl on drums. There are also a few entirely unexpected moments on the album, which is the first the artist, 41, has produced on her own, including the off-kilter dub reggae of "So Many Planets," which she spiced with a jazzy guitar solo meant to evoke Larry Carlton's playing with Steely Dan. "So much of making this record was, like, everything has to be tactile," she says. "It has to start with electricity and analog circuitry. It has to be touched."

**This album seems a lot more direct and unguarded than your past work.**

In past records, I've been very interested in the idea of persona and iconography. I realized I've done that in my work because I'm queer. I've known that gender is performance since I was a child. But this record isn't about persona or identity. It's just about, like, life and death and love, and how in some ways life is impossible but we get to live it. We've only got one of them, depending on your belief system. And the only thing worth living for, actually, is love. So much of modern society is designed to belittle us, to fracture us. At the risk of being kumbaya, it's radical to love thy neighbor. I'm not of a particular faith, but, like, we're all we got.

**Ordinarily, I might say "Yeah, awesome" to an answer, but I don't want to underplay what you just said.** [Laughs.] No, that's OK. I read it off a meme, so don't worry.



## St. Vincent

*The rock iconoclast on jamming with herself, co-writing Taylor Swift's "Cruel Summer," and the power of love*

By BRIAN HIATT

**These songs sound like they were created by jamming with a band, but you actually did it on your own, with musicians added later. What's your secret to that?**

I've got a mixer set up with three drum machines, two synths. This was my way of setting up all my machines and jamming with myself for hours and hours. Even if I only used four seconds, it was all worth it. Then you have to go back and go, "But what about songs?" All of

the sounds have to serve the song. I could do this for hours, but what's your heart saying? "That's cute. That's clever. Go deeper. Really look in the mirror, really reckon with all this." And because I produced it alone, there are certain songs I sang a hundred times. It wasn't about "I need to make this a perfect performance." It was almost like what you hear David Fincher does to actors.

**Now that you have a great song called "Flea"**

**with Dave Grohl on it, aren't you pretty much obligated to write an equally good song called "Dave Grohl" and get Flea to play on it?** Absolutely. That is next on the list. Yeah, absolutely. I played some shows with the Chili Peppers not too long ago, which was so fun. And I love Flea. He's a great dude. Great bass player.

**You must have known that you were in for comments like that when you recorded a song called "Flea."**

I contemplated calling the song "Fleas," but I don't sing "fleas." Again, you know, serve the song and then deal with the aftermath later.

**Would you mind explaining the full story of your involvement with Taylor Swift's "Cruel Summer"?**

I don't mind people asking me about the song. I know it's a ripper of a song. And I am so amazed at Taylor's fans because they took a song that was from many records ago and they were like, "No, this is a hit." And they marched it up the charts and made it a worldwide hit. I'm just, like, God bless her fans. That's the coolest thing. I've never seen anything like it, really. Yeah, "Cruel Summer" was a track I worked on with Jack [Antonoff], and it found its way to Taylor, and she wrote it.

**When you made the instrumental track originally, what did you think it was going to be?**

Oh, I didn't know. We were just having fun and just making music.

**I'm a fan of *Nowhere Inn*, your 2021 movie with Carrie Brownstein.**

Oh, you're one of five [laughs]. Usually when musicians make documentaries, it's more or less a marketing tool. We just took all the tropes of the classic musician documentary and did them wrong. I think what Carrie and I were trying to say is that all of this authenticity that gets peddled to us is total artifice. So what if we actually manufactured it, knowing that? But also, people like a story and people like a hero, and [the idea was] what if I made myself so incredibly unlikable? And that's why no one liked it! [Laughs.]

**Is there an artist you'd like to play in a biopic?**

It's an interesting genre [but] it's not a genre I peddle in. Unless you do a Todd Haynes Bob Dylan. That's the way to do it. I just can't suspend my disbelief when there's a scene where, like, someone starts playing a thing, and then the drummer's like, "Hey, that's pretty cool" — and the mics are turned the wrong fucking way. I can't suspend my disbelief. I just can't. ®



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## A M E R I C A   A F T E R   R O E

# Alabama's War on Women

*Anti-abortion activists have sought full legal rights for embryos since the Seventies. Today, Alabamians are learning the true cost of that fight, from IVF access to miscarriage management and pregnancy criminalization*

By TESSA STUART

**K**RISTA HARDING'S daughter was eight weeks old when that police cruiser pulled behind her on the interstate and hit the lights in September 2019. She called her boss at the Little Caesars in Pinson, Alabama, where she'd just been promoted to manager: *I'm going to be a little late, but I'm coming in! Don't panic.* Harding's registration tag was expired. She figured the officer would write her a ticket and she'd be on her way, but when he came back after running her driver's license, he had handcuffs out.

There was a felony warrant out for her arrest, he said: "Chemical endangerment of a child." Harding used her most patient customer-service tone to ask the officer if he'd please check again. But there was no mistake, the cop confirmed: He was taking her to the Etowah County Detention Center, almost an hour's drive away.

"I'm in the back of the cop car just bawling my eyes out, like, ugly-face-snot-bubbles crying," Harding remembers. She was worried about being away from her newborn, and she was confused: Chemical endangerment of a child? "I think of somebody cooking meth with a baby on their hip," she says.

She's right to think that: The Alabama law, passed in 2006, was intended to target those who expose children to toxic chemicals, or worse, explosions, while manufacturing methamphetamine in ad-hoc home labs.

Harding says it took at least eight hours to be booked into a cell that night, and it was more than a week before she was finally allowed to see a judge. She was still leaking breast milk, and desperately missing her two daughters. Her family wasn't allowed to bring her clean underwear, so every day she washed her one pair, saturated with menstrual blood, in the cell sink, then hung them to dry.

Harding says she eventually learned the warrant for her arrest had been issued because of a urine test taken at a doctor's visit early in her pregnancy. Sitting alone in her cell, she conjured a vague memory of her OB-GYN warning her local authorities had begun to crack down on weed. The comment had struck her as odd at the time: Nine years earlier, when she was pregnant with her first child, the same doctor at the same hospital had told Harding, who'd smoked both pot and cigarettes before she was preg-

Illustration by ANA JUAN







## AMERICA AFTER ROE

nant, that she'd rather Harding kick the nicotine than the weed. (Studies are unequivocal about the fact that cigarettes contribute to adverse pregnancy outcomes, but the research on weed is less conclusive, with some doctors arguing it at least has therapeutic benefits, like helping with morning sickness.)

But in the years between her first child and her second, something had changed in certain parts of Alabama. In Etowah County, in 2013, the sheriff, the district attorney, and the head of the local child-welfare agency held a press conference to announce they intended to aggressively enforce that 2006 law. Instead of going after the manufacturers of meth, though, they planned to target pregnant women who used virtually any substance they deemed harmful to a developing fetus.

"If a baby is born with a controlled-substance dependency, the mother is going to jail," then-Sheriff Todd Entekin said at the time. Police weren't required to establish that a child was born with a chemical dependency, though – or even that a fetus experienced any harm – a drug test, a confession, or just an accusation of substance use during pregnancy was enough to arrest women for a first offense that carries a maximum sentence of 10 years. One public defender would later call these "unwinnable cases."

Over the following decade, Etowah County imprisoned hundreds of mothers – some of whom were detained, before trial, for the rest of their pregnancies, inside one of the most brutal and inhumane prisons in the country, denied access to prenatal care and adequate nutrition, they say – in the name of protecting their children from harm.

Etowah County officials didn't come up with this idea themselves. They borrowed it from a district attorney who began testing the limits of the chemical-endangerment law years earlier in a different part of the state. Steve Marshall's theory – which essentially treats the uterus as a home meth lab, and the fetus a living child – was appealed to the Alabama Supreme Court. In 2013, the justices declared the term "child" included embryos at any stage of development, marking the first time a state Supreme Court anywhere in the United States recognized that embryos and fetuses had legal rights before the point of viability.

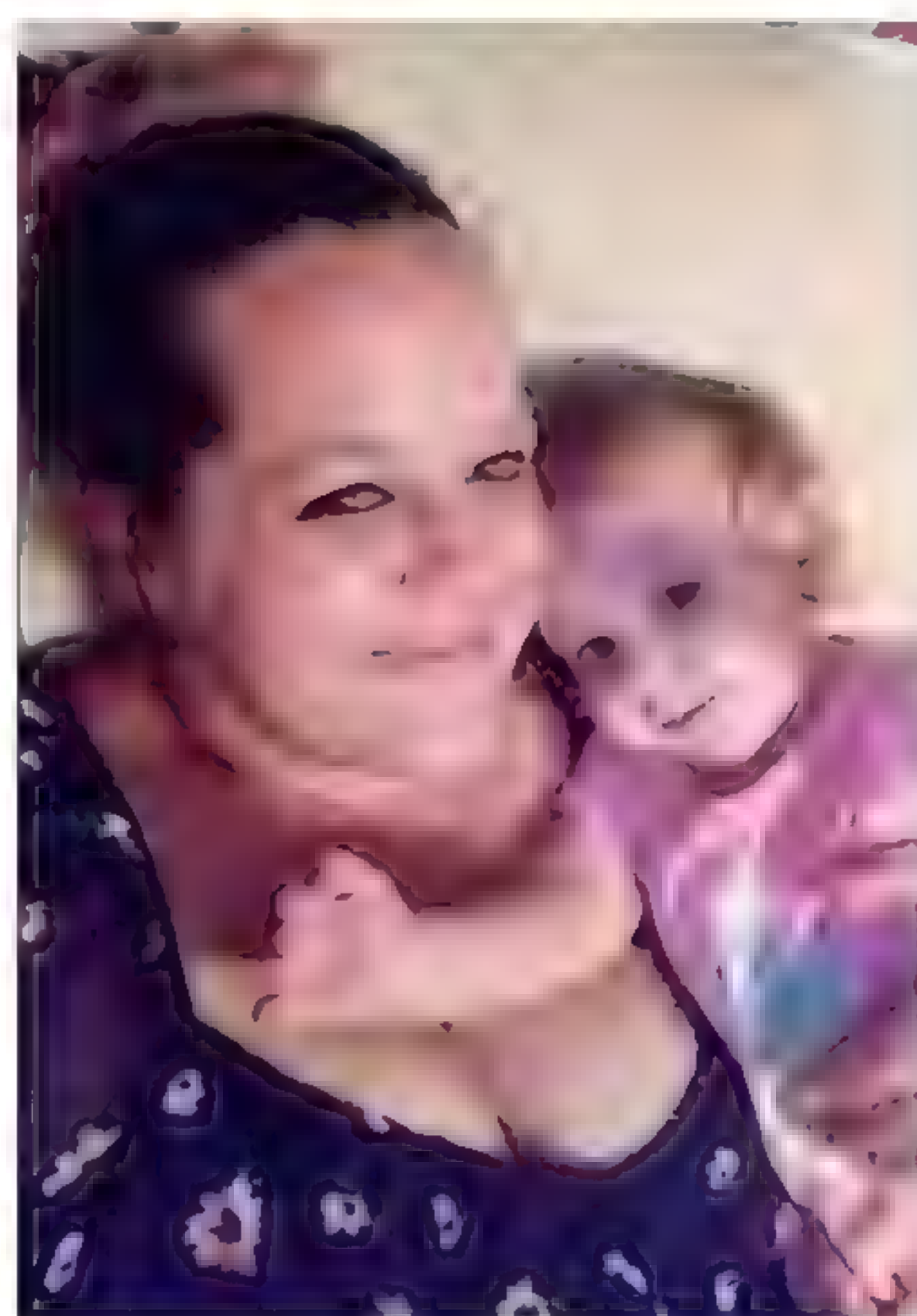
In the past two decades, Alabama has become the undisputed champion of arresting pregnant women for actions that wouldn't be considered crimes if they weren't pregnant: 649 arrests between 2006 and 2022, almost as many arrests as documented in all other states combined, according to advocacy group Pregnancy Justice, which collected the statistics. Across the U.S., the vast majority of women arrested on these charges were too poor to afford a lawyer, and a quarter of cases were based on the use of a legal substance, like prescription medication.

Today, Marshall is the attorney general of Alabama, and just a few months ago, the state's Supreme Court used the same logic – that life begins at conception, therefore an embryo is legally in-

distinguishable from a living child – in a decision that was responsible for shutting down IVF clinics across the state.

The ruling was a triumph for the fetal-personhood movement, a nationwide crusade to endow fertilized eggs, embryos, and fetuses with constitutional rights. Personhood has been the Holy Grail for the anti-abortion movement since *Roe v. Wade* was decided in 1973, but outlawing abortion – at any stage of pregnancy, for any reason – is just the start of what legal recognition of embryos' rights could mean for anyone who can get pregnant. Experts have long warned that elevating an embryo's legal status effectively strips the person whose body that embryo occupies of her own rights the moment she becomes pregnant.

Across the country, this theory has led to situations like in Texas, where a hospital kept a brain-dead woman alive for almost two months – against her own advanced directive and the wishes of her family – in deference to a state law that prevents doctors from removing a pregnant person from life support. (The hospital only relented after the woman's husband sued for "cruel and obscene mutilation of a corpse.") Or in New Hampshire, where a court allowed a woman who was hit by a car while seven months pregnant to be sued by her future child for negligence because she failed to use "a designated crosswalk." Or in Washington, D.C., where a terminally ill cancer patient, 26 weeks pregnant, requested palliative care, but was instead subjected to court-ordered cesarean section. Her baby survived for just two hours; she died two days later.



**DETAINED WITHOUT WARNING**

Krista Harding was arrested after a drug test taken at her doctor's office was shared with authorities without her knowledge, she says.

Or in Alabama, where, in 2019, Marshae Jones walked into the Pleasant Grove Police Department with her six-year-old daughter expecting to be interviewed for a police investigation. Months earlier, Jones, four and a half months pregnant at the time, had been shot by her co-worker during a dispute. In the hospital after the shooting, Jones underwent an emergency C-section; her baby, whom she'd named Malaysia, did not survive. Rather than indicting the shooter, though, a grand jury indicted Jones, who they decided "intentionally" caused the death of her "unborn baby" because she allegedly picked a fight "knowing she was five months pregnant." The charges were ultimately dismissed, but Jones' lawyer says her record still shows the arrest, and Jones, who lost her job after the incident, struggled to find work after her case attracted national attention.

The threat this ideology poses to American women is not contained to Alabama: Recognition of fetal personhood is an explicit policy goal of the national Republican Party, and it has been since the 1980s. The GOP platform calls for amending the U.S. Constitution to recognize the rights of embryos, and representatives in Congress have introduced legislation that would recognize life begins at conception hundreds of times – as recently as this current session, when the Life at Conception Act attracted the co-sponsorship of 127 sitting Republican members of Congress.

It wouldn't take an act of Congress for the fetal-personhood movement to clinch a federal victory, either. If a case were brought to the Supreme Court, a conservative majority might look to state laws treating embryos as people around the country and conclude that America has a "history and tradition" of recognizing fetal rights. If they do, women all across the United States would be in the same position that women in Alabama are in today.

**O**N THE FIRST anniversary of the *Dobbs* decision, the U.S. Supreme Court ruling ending a federal right to abortion – exactly one year after Alabama's total ban on abortion went into effect – some of the most powerful anti-abortion organizations in the country rallied on the steps of the Lincoln Memorial in Washington, D.C., to reaffirm a full-throated commitment to their long-term project: securing recognition in the U.S. Constitution that fertilized eggs are people with full legal rights.

Speaking to the crowd that day, Lila Rose, the founder of the anti-abortion group Live Action, called it a "tragic contradiction" that even as American society has become more enlightened and advanced, it has continued to deny legal rights "to one group of human beings solely based on their location: the womb."

Abortion has been legislated here for 200 years, but the idea that a fetus or embryo deserves the same rights as a person is relatively new, says legal historian and UC Davis law professor Mary Ziegler. The movement dates back to the 1960s, when two events unfolded in parallel: the Civil Rights Move-





#### THE FIGHT TO PROTECT IVF

Doctors Mamie McLean, Michael Allemand, and Janet Bouknight (from left) react after the Senate passed a bill protecting those who provide IVF services.

ment, and a campaign to repeal state-level restrictions on abortion.

Taking inspiration from Black Americans' fight for equal rights, the anti-abortion movement began thinking of its own crusade as a fight for equality. "The argument that the unborn was the ultimate victim of discrimination in America was really resonant with a lot of white Americans, a lot of socially conservative Americans – and it was vague enough that people who disagreed about stuff like feminism, the welfare state, children born outside of marriage, the Civil Rights Movement" could find common ground, Ziegler says.

By the time the Supreme Court ruled on *Roe v. Wade* in 1973, the idea that a fetus was entitled to constitutional protections was mainstream enough to be a central piece of Texas' argument that "Jane Roe" did not have a right to get an abortion.

The justices rejected that idea. "The word 'person,' as used in the Fourteenth Amendment, does not include the unborn," Justice Harry Blackmun wrote. But he gave the movement a cause to rally behind for the next half-century by adding: "If this suggestion of personhood is established, [Roe's] case, of course, collapses, for the fetus' right to life would then be guaranteed specifically by the Amendment."

Making that happen became the anti-abortion movement's primary focus from that moment on. One week after *Roe* was decided, a U.S. congressman first proposed amending the Constitution to guarantee "the right to life to the unborn, the ill, the aged, or the incapacitated." It was called the

Human Life Amendment, and though it failed to make it to a floor vote that session, it would be repropounded more than 300 times in the following decades.

By 1980, the idea had been fully embraced by the Republican Party: Ronald Reagan's GOP adopted it into the party platform – where it remains to this day – and in 1983, the Republican-majority Congress voted, for the first and only time, on the idea of adding a personhood amendment to the U.S. Constitution. That vote failed.

After their 1983 defeat, activists turned their attention away from the U.S. Capitol and toward the states, where they sought to insert the idea of fetal personhood into as many state laws as possible: everything from legislation creating tax deductions for fetuses or declaring them people for census-taking purposes, to expanding child-endangerment and -neglect laws.

Activists pursued this agenda everywhere, but they were most successful at advancing it in states that share certain qualities. "You could draw a Venn diagram of American slavery and see that what's happening today is in common in those states," says Michele Goodwin, a Georgetown University law professor and author of the book *Policing the Womb*. "Some would say, 'Well, OK, how is that relevant?' Slavery itself was explicitly about denying personal autonomy, denying the humanity of Black people. Now, clearly, these laws affect women of all ethnicities. But the point is: If you're in a constitutional democracy and you found a way to avoid recognizing the constitutional hu-

manity of a particular group of people, it's something that's not lost in the muscle memory of those who legislate and of the courts in that state."

In those states, Goodwin notes, there was never a reckoning of what it meant to deny rights to whole swaths of people. It was largely federal interventions, like the Civil Rights Act, the Voting Rights Act, and *Roe v. Wade*, that offered a measure of protection – if only temporarily.

"In Alabama," Goodwin says, "the perfect storm emerged." It started with prosecutions pioneered by Steve Marshall, and blessed by the state's Supreme Court. Then, in 2018, Alabama became the first state in the country to pass an amendment to its constitution recognizing fetal personhood. "It is the public policy of this state to recognize and support the sanctity of unborn life and the rights of unborn children, including the right to life," it declares.

With the federal protections of *Roe v. Wade* still firmly in place in 2018, a majority of voters were willing to support that sentiment. "When the Sanctity of Life Amendment was voted on, people didn't quite ever think that *Dobbs* would happen," says JaTaune Bosby Gilchrist, executive director of the ACLU of Alabama. "For us, it was something we always knew would happen, and something people had been working to combat for the better part of a decade." Only now, she says, are people across the state starting to realize the impact.

As I traveled around Alabama this spring, 11 years after the state Supreme Court first recognized fetal personhood and six years since the voters of this state gave it their stamp of approval, I spoke to people whose lives have been turned upside down by practices and policies that have long since ceased being hypothetical legal arguments. These are women and families navigating a reality that anti-abortion activists spent decades painstakingly laying the groundwork for.

"We talk about these as unintended consequences," Bosby Gilchrist says. "But, in reality, these were always intended consequences."

**D**R. MICHAEL ALLEMAND was on his way home from a weekend away in Tennessee in February when he got a text. "Hey, does everybody know about this?" one of his colleagues at the fertility clinic wrote to their group thread. She shared a link to a story about a ruling just issued by the Alabama Supreme Court, concerning another clinic, on the other side of the state, in Mobile.

Three years earlier, at the height of the pandemic, a patient had slipped through an unlocked door into a medical laboratory, pried open a cryogenic-storage tank fitted with monitors, and pulled out a tube submerged in liquid nitrogen at about negative 320 degrees. The patient dropped the tube, and several straws of human embryos it contained, to the ground. (That's roughly the version of events that parties to the case have agreed upon at least.)

The three couples whose embryos were destroyed that day sued for negligence, claiming the



## AMERICA AFTER ROE

clinic and the hospital did not properly store and protect their embryos. Then they went further, asserting the clinic and the hospital were liable under an 1872 law that allows parents to seek damages for the wrongful death of a child.

In an 8-1 ruling, Alabama's Supreme Court upheld the couples' claim: Their embryos – “extra-uterine children,” in the justices' words – qualified as people, entitling them to compensation. “Human life cannot be wrongfully destroyed without incurring the wrath of a holy God, who views the destruction of His image as an affront to Himself,” Tom Parker, chief justice of the court, wrote in a concurring opinion.

Allemand read the news story, then the decision itself, slack-jawed. “It was literally unbelievable,” he says. “They invented terminology: ‘embryonic children,’ ‘cryogenic nursery,’ the scripture passages.... You can read it and tell that they have no idea what we do – no understanding of the realities of what takes place in this building.”

Treating infertility is an intricate, expensive, and incredibly time-sensitive process. It starts with tests (sperm counts and motility, ovarian reserve, tests to detect various hormones) and imaging (of the ovaries, uterus, and fallopian tubes). If the results show a patient is a candidate for IVF, she can prepare for egg retrieval: eight to 14 days of injecting hormones to stimulate the production of as many eggs as possible.

Spencer Goidel's wife, Gabby, began her first course of injections – one round of which runs \$4,000 – the same day the state Supreme Court's decision came out, though the couple didn't know it at the time. By then, they'd already invested \$20,000 out-of-pocket in their fertility treatment, a fairly typical cost for one IVF cycle. (On average, it takes two and a half cycles to become pregnant.) Gabby was only a few days away from retrieval when she got a call from Alabama Fertility Specialists saying the clinic was pausing services while it tried to understand its legal exposure following the court's decision.

Gabby and Spencer frantically called clinics looking for any facility that could complete their retrieval on schedule. They had a hard deadline: It takes one to two weeks for the eggs to mature to the point they can be removed from the ovaries. If they aren't retrieved roughly 36 hours after the final injection, they'll be shed or reabsorbed.

“If you call a clinic and say you're in the middle of egg retrieval, and ask if you can be let in, they say ‘no,’” Spencer says, laughing ruefully in retrospect. “They treat you like you're a crazy person.”

Before they started IVF, Gabby had miscarried three times. “Each time, we got to see the heartbeat on the ultrasound,” Spencer says. “Going through infertility, and deciding to start IVF, that's already such an anxiety-filled process. This just made it so much worse.”

With days to spare, Gabby persuaded a clinic in Temple, Texas, to take them; the couple left Alabama that very night.

**T**HE ALABAMA State Senate's health committee holds its meetings in a drab, pink, fluorescent-lit Eighties-era conference room. On a Tuesday morning in March, that's where eight men and one woman sat around a horseshoe table, searching for a loophole that would allow Alabama families to regain access to state-of-the-art reproductive technology, without contradicting the state Supreme Court's ruling that an embryo is a person with legal rights. It had been 18 days since doctors were forced to suspend IVF services in Alabama.

The state isn't the first to confront this problem. Other governments have grappled with regulating IVF from a “pro-life” point-of-view. “I've looked at Louisiana, I've looked at Italy.... I want to make sure we get it right,” one senator offered.

A fertility doctor from Birmingham, watching from the audience, just shook her head. Italy's Law 40 banned freezing embryos, and required that any successfully fertilized eggs be implanted. Most of the law's provisions were repealed within five years because of a decrease in the IVF success rate and an increased risk of pregnancy complications. In Louisiana, meanwhile, clinics have to ship hundreds of embryos to out-of-state storage facilities every month because of a 1986 state law that bans the destruction of IVF embryos.

In the hallway outside, just before the meeting began, Corinn O'Brien briefed a small group of IVF patients there to lobby, telling them who to thank for their support, who to press for a stronger commitment, and what language to insist be included in any bill to persuade the clinics to reopen and their suppliers to resume operations.

O'Brien has the warm smile, meticulous organization, and effortless crowd command of your favorite elementary school teacher, which is what she was before she became an advocate working on education reform at the Alabama State House. After three years of trying to get pregnant, including a miscarriage and an ectopic pregnancy, she finally had a successful embryo transfer in late January. She was at her six-week scan – the ultrasound that confirms a heartbeat – the day the Supreme Court issued its ruling on IVF.

At that appointment, O'Brien remembers, “I did not get 100 percent positive news.” All of the measurements looked all right, but her doctor said the pregnancy might not be viable. “To get that news, and then later that night to hear that I might not have access to IVF?... I was pretty shocked, and kind of stunned for several days,” she says.

Six days later, O'Brien drafted an email to lawmakers about protecting fertility medicine in Alabama, and dropped the text into a Google Doc. She sent it to 50 friends, and asked them to share it with 10 friends of their own. By the end of that day, she heard, the Republican speaker of the House was receiving an email every two minutes demanding lawmakers work to restore IVF access.



## TAKING A STAND

Education-reform advocate Corinn O'Brien used her Alabama State House connections to press for IVF protections during her own struggle to get pregnant.



The next week, more than 300 people, organized through O'Brien's Google Doc with help from RESOLVE: The National Infertility Association, had shown up in Montgomery in bright-orange T-shirts that read "Fight for Alabama Families" to press for a bill that would reopen facilities. It was the largest showing anyone could recall seeing at the State House in a very long time.

Alison Mollman, a lawyer who lives in Montgomery, was there. For queer couples like Mollman and her partner, assisted reproduction is one of the primary options they have to create a family. Since the *Dobbs* decision, Mollman has had three miscarriages.

Mollman's first two pregnancies resulted in a "blighted ovum," when an egg implants in the uterus but doesn't form an embryo. Both times, she says, her health care providers said there was nothing they could do to help, and sent her home to pass the tissue on her own. It's common elsewhere to offer a "D&C" – dilation and curettage, a type of abortion – or the abortion pill to reduce the risk of infection or sepsis, but Mollman wasn't offered either. "That's when I got angry, because basically in any other state I would have so many other options," she says. (Alabama's abortion ban allows exceptions for the life of the mother and for lethal fetal abnormalities, but it is up to a doctor to decide who is eligible.)

Roughly one in eight pregnancies will end in miscarriage, but that number is higher for IVF patients – one study has pegged it at one in three – and it increases as a woman gets older. It was clear speaking to patients and doctors at the State House that they felt the clock ticking with every day that passed, and it was equally clear that not every legislator felt the urgency as acutely as they did.

When Republican Rep. Ernie Yarbrough took to the House floor that day, he declared, "My conscience is absolutely on fire about this issue. If you've seen the famous TV series entitled *Reacher*, you will be familiar with one of his most famous lines: 'In an investigation, details matter.' I, like many of you, probably, am not an expert on IVF.... But if we had to be experts on everything, we wouldn't pass any laws."

Yarbrough went on to quote Vanilla Ice, urging his fellow lawmakers to "stop, collaborate, and listen." If the suspension of IVF services "must continue until we determine what is moral and righteous and life-preserving, is this not worth a pause?" he asked.

By that time, conservative groups like the Heritage Foundation, Eagle Forum of Alabama, and the Alabama Policy Institute were mobilizing to oppose IVF protections. The American Action Fund sent texts declaring that lawmakers who supported reinstating IVF in Alabama were voting to protect those "who intentionally [cause] the death of an unborn child."

Those efforts were, largely, too late. It took another several days of behind-the-scenes wrangling and late-night calls on speakerphone with committee members, but seven days after IVF advocates descended on the State House, a bill was ap-



#### REAL-LIFE REPERCUSSIONS

JaTaune Bosby Gilchrist, executive director of the ACLU of Alabama, says that "in reality, these were always intended consequences" of fetal-personhood legislation.

proved by both houses and signed by Republican Gov. Kay Ivey.

The morning after it became law, O'Brien tells me, "Everyone is feeling exhausted. This has been a grueling couple of weeks." She's glad that friends of hers – women across the state who'd been injecting themselves with hormones for weeks, unsure of whether they would be able to move forward – could proceed with embryo transfers scheduled as soon as that morning. "To me, that is truly a victory," O'Brien says. But, she adds, "the bill that passed is not perfect – we recognize that."

The legislation doesn't change the legal status of embryos under Alabama law; they're still considered children for the purposes of the state's wrongful-death statute. Instead, it provides broad immunity from civil lawsuits and criminal charges for IVF doctors, and more limited protections for suppliers, in the event that an embryo is damaged or destroyed. There are real concerns the law, if challenged, could be struck down by the state Supreme Court.

O'Brien still wants a longer-term solution. She's seen polling showing 67 percent of Republican-primary voters would support a constitutional amendment to protect IVF. She plans to press on with that fight, as she starts her own fertility process over again. Two days after the IVF immunity bill passed, O'Brien found out her fetus had lost

cardiac activity. She was admitted to the hospital and underwent a D&C the same day.

**K**RISTA HARDING was just trying to get to work the day she was pulled over, handcuffed, and taken to the Etowah County Detention Center with no warning. Six days after her arrest, she was finally assigned a public defender and given two options: She could either enter a 90-day inpatient drug-rehab program that would keep her away from her new baby for three months, or submit to a yearlong drug-court program. She chose the latter, and the obligations it involved – classes, meetings, mandatory drug tests an hour's drive each way from her home – almost cost her her job.

The only thing she remembers thinking is: "This is what the judge says I had to do. I'm gonna do it because I don't have the money to fight it."

Harding is one of more than 250 pregnant women and new moms who were booked on chemical-endangerment charges at the Etowah County Detention Center between 2015 and 2023, according to an exhaustive accounting by AL.com's Amy Yurkanin, a reporter who has covered Etowah County's pregnancy criminalization issue extensively.

Another was arrested when police found a small amount of marijuana in her car during a traffic stop; she was held for three [Cont. on 76]



## A M E R I C A   A F T E R   R O E



# The Abortion-Clinic Defenders Aren't Going Anywhere

*Violence against abortion providers has continued to rise following the 'Roe' reversal, but those facing the protesters are standing firm*

By CT JONES

**I**T WAS JUNE 24, 2022, and Karen Musick was working at Little Rock Family Planning Services, the last abortion clinic in Arkansas. She was guiding patients into the clinic when she heard a protester scream out the news. That's how she found out the Supreme Court had issued a ruling on *Dobbs v. Jackson*; the court determined that the Constitution doesn't protect the right to an abortion.

"We all knew it was coming," Musick says now, two years later. She's sitting in the clinic's old office, surrounded by boxes piled high. "I don't know how you stop [the tears]. The whole day was tears."

The clinic was forced to shut down that day. Arkansas is one of several states that had near-total abortion bans triggered by the landmark ruling — meaning no abortions were allowed in the state

except to save the life of the mother in a "medical emergency." For patients inside, doctors wrote down information for clinics in other states that were still open.

Outside, one family with seven children danced in the street and sang praises to God while employees and clinic escorts on shift helped despondent patients to their cars. The doors shut for the last time. The protesters went home. But in the parking lot, a large group in rainbow-striped vests gathered.

"The escorts started showing up," says Musick, tears still fresh in her eyes.

Soon, Little Rock Family Planning Services would no longer be a clinic — but the clinic defenders were still there and determined to continue their fight for abortion access. And they're

not alone. A term first used by activist groups during clinic bombings after *Roe v. Wade*, clinic defenders physically block protesters from sight, try to drown them out, and in some cases, actively confront masses of anti-abortion activists.

"[Clinic-focused attacks] began [with] this idea of 'If we can't end abortion in the courts, we can punish people at the place where they have abortions,'" says Lauren Rankin, a former clinic escort and author of *Bodies on the Line*. Pro-choice activists, spearheaded by Black

female leaders and queer-rights groups, quickly moved to defense, staging distractions in front of clinics, targeting demonstrators, and even taking punches meant for providers.

In 2020, the advent of social media apps brought a fresh wave of support for clinic de-

**LAST LINE OF DEFENSE**  
In 2020, many saw clinic defense on social media apps and decided to join in to help escort patients to appointments.

COURTESY OF CHARLOTTE FOR CHOICE



fense. Disillusioned by the idea of only using voting to fight for abortion access, many groups, once considered simple counterprotest forces, coordinated directly with clinics. Now, as a post-*Dobbs* world continues to see state legislation strip away abortion access and clinic doors close nationwide, clinic defenders face a brand-new challenge: anti-abortion activists emboldened by sweeping state bans. According to the National Abortion Federation, violence against clinics and abortion providers has continued to rise following the *Roe* reversal. In 2022, there were four arsons, 20 clinic invasions, and a 20 percent increase in death threats against abortion providers. Before *Dobbs*, the last reported anthrax scare involving abortion clinics was in 2011; in 2022, there were four. Stricter state abortion laws means increased attacks have concentrated on a dwindling number of clinics. But the select groups of abortion activists left aren't letting the pressure get to them. And you know what they say about the best defense.

That day in June, Musick left the clinic and joined the escorts, which included her daughter. Musick, 68, is a co-founder of the Arkansas Abortion Support Network, a nonprofit that began as a volunteer group for clinic defense in 2013 and expanded into Arkansas' first abortion fund in 2016. The group provided defense services until 2022, when *Dobbs* closed its clinic doors.

"That day I didn't take off my vest until probably one in the morning," she says. "We had a rally at the Capitol. A lot of people who were there, we went out to dinner, drank, cursed, swore, and decided 'We're not stopping.'"

**Y**OU NEVER KNOW what you might see outside the Orlando Women's Center in Florida. The one-story brick building blends in with its neighbors, except for the ever-rotating cast of characters who crowd the sidewalks around its entrance.

"Playing the latest Lil Wayne while you're about to go murder a baby?" a protester yells, while a woman blocks him with a pink umbrella. Around him, others wave purple "Do Not Murder" signs. When Florida resident Tanya was scrolling on TikTok one day, it was a scene just like this one that persuaded her to become a clinic defender.

"I immediately shut off [the app] and said, 'OK, I'm going down there,'" she says.

The abortion defenders of the Orlando center refer to themselves as SWAN (Stand With Abortion Now). Even with mass reporting and constant attempts to ban its accounts, SWAN remains a staple on the app. Some days its work means putting bodies between people rushing to appointments. Other days, it means Tanya and others film viral TikTok dances on the lawn, place cameras near protesters, or sometimes just frolic around in a

unicorn costume nicknamed "Unibort" — a sort of unofficial mascot of the group.

But while the group engages with protesters with a bit of silliness to poke holes in their messaging, the SWANs have noted the post-*Dobbs* world has only increased antagonism.

"What we're now seeing is less of 'We care about both the woman and the child.' It is now 'These women are harlots who are willfully committing murder, and they also need to go to prison,'" Tanya says. "There's a rise in this abolition-

ist kind of sect that is now very much focused on ensuring that anyone who is intent on obtaining an abortion is viewed as homicidal and is incarcerated. Any kind of state law that says they own you after six weeks is devastating to the general community. It's only steadied our resolve — we're going to keep standing strong and fighting it."

For the past two years, Florida was a refuge for patients in the region who could still access care up to 15 weeks there, but on May 1, a new ban went into effect dramatically reducing access across the South. Today, Florida clinics like the Orlando Women's Center can only offer services up to six weeks of gestation — before many women even know they're pregnant. Any patient seeking an abortion beyond that point will now be referred to providers in other states.

With more patients needing to travel post-*Dobbs*, the tension at the remaining clinics has been heightened. "Once people started coming to us from other states, it only angered them further," says Shannon Bauerle, the executive director for the Charlotte for Choice advocacy group, about anti-abortion protesters in North Carolina. Like many volunteers, Bauerle's work began after a scary encounter during her own abortion. "I remember having a blanket over my head because I was so scared," Bauerle says. "They were banging on my partner's car when we were driving in, and it was absolutely terrifying." She says violent threats have only grown with each restriction.

Clinic defenders often straddle a thin legal line while trying to protect patients. Most states allow protesting on public property, which can pack sidewalks outside of clinics. At North Carolina's A Preferred Women's Health Center, the divide is both ideological and physical, as protesters are split down the middle by a public road ever since an anti-abortion group purchased a plot of land next door. On one such day, a woman yelling about "instruments of death" heading for fetuses is only drowned out by the shouts of another protester almost prostrate on the sidewalk, wailing prayers and cries of "Oh, Lord! Oh, Jesus!"

Harassment and doxing come with the territory, too. But they say posting online has become a major component of their work these days. Defenders film antagonists and use social media to connect with clinics across state lines and identify

repeat offenders, especially those who get violent or cause disruptions.

In Duluth, Minnesota, the We Health Clinic started using TikTok after the *Dobbs* ruling to give people a glimpse into the clinic-escort world. What they found was that even as a non-engagement clinic — one with a policy not to acknowledge or antagonize protesters — simply filming protesters changed their behavior. "Our anti-abortion protesters outside film our patients coming into our clinic, and so we wanted to give them a little taste of their own medicine," says Paulina Briggs, executive director of We Health. Once the recordings started drawing shocked eyes on TikTok, "we saw that they really reined in some of their more problematic tactics because they knew that they were being watched by a lot of people," Briggs adds.

Not all clinic-defense programs have been able to adapt. The Jackson Women's Health Organization — the abortion clinic at the heart of the landmark Supreme Court decision — was for years the home of the Pink House Defenders, a volunteer program dedicated to helping the Mississippi clinic. Kim Gibson and Derenda Hancock — co-founders of We Engage, the group's nonprofit face — coordinated daily shifts at the height of the clinic's activity in 2021, placing volunteer defenders as physical barriers in front of protesters. And once Jackson Women's became the center of the Supreme Court case, their jobs became even more important, as media attention made the driveway and sidewalks surrounding "the Pink House" a minefield for incoming patients. "If the clinic was open, we were there," Gibson says.

But days after *Dobbs*, the clinic closed its doors for good. Now, what was once the last abortion clinic in Mississippi is an upscale furniture consignment store. Struck by the defeat, the Pink House Defenders quietly disbanded. "We had lost on many levels, and it was well-known by antis and such, so it was quite demoralizing," Gibson says. "We're quote-unquote back to living normal lives."

For Musick and the Arkansas Abortion Support Network, the fear was that the closure of their Little Rock clinic would prevent volunteers from continuing their work. But, in fact, it's jump-started renewed interest in supporting it. "We had so many people wanting to help initially after *Dobbs* that we didn't have jobs for them," Musick says. "We couldn't figure out what to have them do."

Their clinic defense has turned to a health-based offense. The group founded the YOU Center, a pregnancy resource center that operates in the same building as the old clinic. While it can't provide abortions, it offers free services, including contraceptives, pregnancy tests, and STI testing.

There's no blueprint for what the fight for abortion rights will look like next. As more clinics across the country close their doors, clinic defense groups will remain in flux. But "the passion has never dissipated," Musick says. "You would be hard-pressed to find any state that knew exactly what they were going to see."

"I'm so proud of what we've done so far. All of us wish we could do more." ®



“I Have a Lot of Hope”

# Life as an Abortion Doula

*The fall of ‘Roe v. Wade’ was just the latest in a long line of attacks on reproductive rights in the South. Ash Williams is fighting to make access easier*

By MEAGAN JORDAN

**I**N 2016, ASH WILLIAMS became pregnant for the first time. Williams wants to be a parent eventually – but he wasn’t ready for a child then. He didn’t know much about what an abortion entailed, and he needed a ride, so he called up a friend who drove him. When they got to the clinic, Williams, who is trans, remembers the people working there didn’t care enough to get his name right – using, instead, the name on his license. Never mind asking about pronouns.

“Working with the actual provider was really fucked up, too,” he says. “I just remember he didn’t say one word to me, and I felt sad about that.”

After the procedure, Williams’ friend, who also happens to be trans, took over. Without asking what Williams needed, his friend purchased Maxi Pads for aftercare bleeding and cooked him a pot of collard greens with ham hocks to combat the low iron levels the pregnancy caused. “She cooked it in my house and didn’t leave for like a day or two, and I remember thinking, ‘Wow, you didn’t have to do that,’” Williams recalls. “I remember feeling like I didn’t want to be alone, but I also wasn’t using the words ‘Can you be with me?’”

Today, the 31-year-old Williams is an abortion doula, doing professionally what that friend did for him back then.

When most folks hear the term “doula,” they likely think of the person hired to give support and guidance during labor, suggesting breathing exercises and comfortable positions. Or maybe they’re thinking of a postpartum doula, someone who helps a new parent sent home with their newborn. But Williams supports patients who choose to not remain pregnant.

Photograph by KENNEDI CARTER







➔ DOULA

For Williams, being a doula requires showing up physically for clients, accompanying them to procedures and aiding in aftercare, ensuring they have medication and holistic outlets including journals to help them monitor their pain and manage their range of emotions. But being a doula also means providing other forms of support that can be as simple as going on Instagram to raise funds for someone’s procedure.

With debates swirling around reproductive rights in the U.S. right now, abortion doulas like Williams have often been left out of conversations regarding care, even within reproductive spaces. “Abortion and birth often get siloed, and we’ve been made to think that these things are a binary, but they’re really not,” he tells me. “For me, abortion is a type of birth.”

Since the 2022 overturning of *Roe*, more practitioners are receiving training. “We’ve for sure seen an uptick in the number of doulas who are joining already having an abortion-doula certificate,” says Brandie Bishop, a doula of 13 years and CEO of the National Black Doula Association. “These are new certifications,” Bishop says. “People who have been a part of our membership for years have [now] added this certification.”

The NBDA serves as a national database for people researching doulas and a resource for potential and current doulas to access courses and mentorships that center on birth work. The organization is currently designing a dedicated abortion-doula curriculum. “A lot of doulas have become much more aware of the need for resources in this space,” Bishop says. “People are not becoming certified [just] within the abortion space. A lot of Black and brown doulas are working with midwives or their community, getting more information to know how to work with families.”

When the *Dobbs v. Jackson* decision came down, a trigger law went into effect in Williams’ home state of North Carolina, reducing the window in which a person could access an abortion at that time from 24 weeks to 20. But it remained less restrictive than other states in the South, and North Carolina saw an increase of nearly 8,000 abortions in the nine months after *Dobbs*, according to one report.

“Where I live, we’ve been aware of these post-*Roe* realities that a lot of people are just getting hip to since *Dobbs*,” Williams says. “We had to figure out how to get people to places when they didn’t have a clinic where they lived. We were figuring out how to help someone get an abortion when they couldn’t afford one. In the South, we are uniquely positioned to answer that call to increasing access within this criminalized landscape because of what we have always had to navigate in terms of restrictions and bans.”

BIRTH WORK, ESPECIALLY WITHIN Black communities throughout the South, has a deep history that’s rooted in the practices [Cont. on 78]

How ‘Dobbs’ Changed Everything

THE LANDSCAPE OF reproductive rights in the U.S. has changed dramatically since the Supreme Court’s *Dobbs v. Jackson* decision overturned the constitutional right to abortion in 2022. Today, tens of millions live in states that ban or restrict abortion, pregnant people travel farther and spend more money to access the procedure, and doctors are avoiding practicing in states that restrict care – or where laws are unclear enough to make providing care seem dangerous.

But not all of the changes are what conservatives intended when they stacked the Supreme Court with anti-choice judges: \$37 million in abortion funds were disbursed the year after *Dobbs* was decided. And last year was the first time that there has been more than a million abortions provided in the U.S. health care system since 2012. This was in large part thanks to the FDA increasing access to mifepristone, otherwise known as the “abortion pill,” which is currently available by mail – but access to that medication also hangs in the balance as SCOTUS weighs in later this year. Here’s a rundown of abortion care by the numbers today, two years after *Dobbs*. HANNAH MURPHY WINTER

	BEFORE DOBBS	AFTER DOBBS
Number of women who live in a state that bans or restricts abortion in 2020 vs. 2024	0	25,000,000
Number of abortions in 2020 vs. 2023	930,160	1,026,690
Portion of abortions that were medication abortions in 2020 vs. 2023	53%	63%
Estimated annual number of self-managed abortions	11,000	38,000
Percentage of the population that lives more than 200 miles from an abortion provider	Less than 1%	14%
Average distance an American would need to travel for an abortion	25 miles	86 miles
Proportion of patients traveling out of state for abortion care	1 in 10	1 in 5
Plane, bus, train trips funded by the National Abortion Federation year before/after <i>Dobbs</i>	293	982
Average cost of traveling for an abortion	> \$1,000	> \$1,400
Percentage of Americans who believed it should be easier to have abortion access	26%	34%
Amount disbursed by abortion funds the year before vs. the year after <i>Dobbs</i>	\$19,600,000	\$37,000,000
Percentage of Americans who thought overturning <i>Roe</i> was a bad idea	63%	61%
States with an amendment to protect abortion on the ballot in 2020 vs. 2024	0	13





COMMENTARY

# Rebranding Pro-Life

*Their abortion legislation is costing them at the ballot, so Republicans are trying sneaky new tactics to push through policies Americans don't want*

By JESSICA VALENTI

**A**mericans don't want abortion to be banned. In fact, they barely want it legislated at all: A 2024 poll found that 81 percent of voters don't want abortion issues to be regulated by the government. Instead, they want the decision to be between a patient and their doctor.

That overwhelming support for legal abortion leaves Republicans with a major problem: How do you defend and push a policy that no one wants? In the nearly two years since *Roe v. Wade* was overturned, the GOP has faced an unprecedented backlash. They're losing election after election — from the 2022 midterms to state Supreme Court races — and abortion rights win every time they are on the ballot. Republicans are even considering doing away with the term “pro-life” because Americans view it as too extreme. The horror stories regularly coming out of states with abortion bans certainly don't help.

In response, anti-abortion lawmakers and groups have recently launched a new two-pronged attack. They're changing the way they publicly talk about abortion, using specific terms and phrases to make Americans believe that they're softening on the issue; at the same time, they're systematically chipping away at democracy so that voters won't have a say in the matter, just in case their talking points don't work.

I've been tracking these tactics in my newsletter, “Abortion, Every Day,” since *Roe* was overturned, finding that the GOP's deception runs deeper than most people realize.

It wasn't long after the Supreme Court's 2022 decision, for example, that anti-abortion organizations and politicians stopped using the word “ban.” (James Bopp, general counsel for the National Right to Life Committee, called the term “the big ban word.”) Instead, they replaced it with words like “standard” and “consensus.”

It makes sense: “I support a national consensus” sounds a whole lot better than “I support a national ban,” especially given how unpopular Republicans' bans are.

More recently, conservative lawmakers and activists are using the phrase “the will of the people.” Donald Trump used it when announcing that he believed abortion should be left to the discretion of the states, and Marjorie Dannenfelser, the president of Susan B. Anthony Pro-Life America, used the phrase six times in an interview with *The New York Times*. Like “consensus,” “will of the people” gives voters the impression that the GOP actually cares what Americans want.

And in a moment when so many states are using citizen-led ballot initiatives to restore and protect abortion rights, Republicans are also eager to claim that “the will of the people” is being represented by legislators — rather than voters having a direct say on an issue. Before the Supreme Court heard arguments this spring over lifesaving abortions in emergency rooms, for example, conservative legal powerhouse Alliance Defending Freedom accused the Biden administration of “overrid[ing] the will of Idaho voters enacted through their elected representatives.”

Anti-abortion lawmakers and the organizations directing them are desperate to hide the truth: They know Americans don't want abortion banned, and they simply don't care. In fact, they're willing to pass bans at any cost to democracy, and to women's lives.

Consider the dirty tricks Republicans have pulled in every state where abortion has been on the ballot. In Ohio, not only did lawmakers try to raise the standards on ballot measures to require 60 percent of the vote instead of a simple majority, but Secretary of State Frank LaRose admit- [Cont. on 78]







NONSTOP  
HUSTLE OF  
CARDI B

THE  
NONSTOP  
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CARDI B

STYLING: ALEXANDER DE  
MONTAIGNE / ALEXANDER  
DE MONTAIGNE  
HAIR: JEFFREY MATHIAS / JEFFREY  
MATHIAS

MAKEUP: JEFFREY MATHIAS / JEFFREY  
MATHIAS

THE  
NONSTOP  
HUSTLE OF



# CARDI B IS MAKEUP- FREE

and draped in an orange, impossibly plush, queen-size blanket as she shuffles into Glenwood Place Studios in Burbank, California, around nine o'clock one evening in mid-March. Whatever hairstyle she currently has (knowing Cardi, it could be anything from a wig worth thousands to her fluffy, waist-length natural hair) is tucked under a giant bonnet, its magenta-and-teal geometric print immediately familiar from videos she's posted on TikTok.

Cardi, who's been handling phone calls and other tasks since 9 a.m., is feeling drained. She's here to work on her upcoming album, due later this year. Tonight, she's also tasked with what she calls "aggressive promotion" for a new single, "Enough (Miami)." "Right now, I'm getting cursed out because I was supposed to be on Stationhead," she says, referring to the livestreaming app on which she is expected to be interacting with her fans (stan army name: BardiGang). "I got 3,000 fans like, 'The bitch ...'" she growls, mimicking the fury she suspects is brewing.

Cardi isn't the only star at work in the building tonight. Lizzo pops into Cardi's room to say hello. "Look at you!" she coos, hugging Cardi. "You look like a little angel. I love you." She jokingly encourages Cardi to promote the clothes her shapewear brand Yitty sent Cardi's way ("Post and tag!") before announcing that she's off to "get some dick."

"Lucky you," says Cardi. "Lucky, lucky you."

Cardi needs coffee. When it arrives, she tears open several – like, *several* – packets of sugar and dumps them into her mug, along with some cream. Despite her visceral fatigue, it doesn't take long for her to animate. When she cracks jokes or speaks hyperbolically, there is an undercurrent of laughter that gurgles in her throat but doesn't always break, like a stand-up who knows not to spend too much time giggling at herself.

"I could drink a dark coffee," she says. "But only my family could make a dark coffee I could drink."

"Is it a different type of coffee?" I ask.

"No, but they make it with love," she says, shrinking into a petite, Disney-princess swoon. (Her long-time recording engineer Evan LaRay Brunson tells me her family makes their coffee with brown sugar.)

It's easy to forget that the 31-year-old superstar born Belcalis Marlenis Almánzar is only one album deep – one record-breaking, Grammy-winning, cul-

ture-shifting album, but one nonetheless. In 2018, *Invasion of Privacy* shot Cardi from Instagram theatrics and reality-show shenanigans into the stratosphere. Just three years prior, she was stripping. Coming on the heels of "Bodak Yellow," one of the most important songs in the history of New York rap, the album's emotional range and tight execution helped usher in an era in which all kinds of women in hip-hop have broken through and thrived. "These labels was not believing in repping new rap artists," Cardi says. "People from every single label have fucking told me this shit in my face. They started signing new female rappers after I got signed. Whether some bitches could be the greatest rappers [or] they just make good music – at the end of the fucking day, guess what? They're in your playlist right now."

Along the way, Cardi became a mother two times over without losing herself in the role. Instead, she amped up every part of her being, including her sexuality, making her film debut in Jennifer Lopez's stripper-heist *Hustlers* and recording history's greatest ode to the vagina, 2020's "WAP," with Megan Thee Stallion. She became the only woman in hip-hop with multiple billion-stream songs on Spotify. And she went on a historic feature run, lending her bold personality to rap newcomers like GloRilla, R&B singers like Summer Walker, and Latin stars like Shakira.

Despite those accomplishments, the prospect of a follow-up to *Invasion of Privacy* always loomed over Cardi; she's proclaimed that her sophomore album was coming nearly every year since her first. She worried: *Could she match her previous success? Did she have the right songs?* In February, her husband and fellow rapper Offset put it to her plainly: "Stop being scary and drop the album, shit goes crazy."

On this March night in Los Angeles, there's a lot left to do: It needs an intro and at least three more songs. It needs a title, it needs features, and it needs a rollout plan. "Being out here is my punishment," she says. "Until I have the album ready, I'm not going home."

Having spent the past three months recording in L.A. and Miami, cities that are functionally office buildings for her, Cardi is homesick for her bustling mansion just outside of her hometown of New York. "When I come to L.A., I be like, 'I'm ready to get shit done,'" she says. "Then, eight days in, my mind starts missing home, feeling lonely, and then I be like, 'Girl ...'" – as if confronting herself – "I miss my kids."

Brunson, who has been by her side since 2016, says making music involves a "roller coaster of emotions" for Cardi. "When we good, we knocking them out. Verse after verse, hook, ad-libs. I'm like, 'You're done quick. You sure?'" But when she's going through it, it's going to be a long day.

Cardi holds herself to exorbitant standards. She wants the album to have a wide reach, but also reflect that she's a mosaic of a woman. "I'm a different person every single day," she says. "When I'm

in a good mood and I'm with my friends, [I'm] like, 'Damn, I want my shit to be played in this club.' But then I might be mad with my man, so it's like now I want to do *this* song. But *then* I want to do a pop record. I want to do my sing-y shit."

More than anything, Cardi wants to prove once and for all that the past six years haven't happened by luck or hype, and she's working painstakingly, anxiety-inducingly hard to do so. After I leave the studio, Cardi needs to pore over her unmixed and unmastered songs. When I see her next, in New York, I watch her punch in lines dozens of times, fixating on her every tic, pitch, inflection, accent. She surveys confidants from all walks of life – "I have friends that are scammers, and I got bitches that work a 9-to-5" – on her works in progress. She endures the punishment of being away from home.

So, when people doubt her dedication to her craft, it gets under her skin. "Like yesterday, I was scrolling through TikTok and a bitch made me cry," she admits solemnly from the studio couch. "She was just like, 'She has got to give it up. She's better off being an influencer. You was cosplaying being a rapper. Because you don't take it seriously. That's why you don't put out your music.' And it's like, I take my music so fucking seriously that that's why I don't put it out. Because if it's not perfect to my ear, if every fucking word doesn't sound like it's pronounced right, if the beat is overpowering the words or the words is overpowering the beat, I don't want to put it out."

She continues: "When you give so much and somebody just drags it down, like you're just playing with your pussy all day, just watching Netflix all fucking day long, it's very hurtful."

Of course, the album is just one hurdle. Now that Cardi B, the daughter of a Dominican-born cabbie father and a careful Trinidadian mother, raised poor in the Bronx, has earned most of what she's wanted, she's been tasked with a new kind of survival: propelling her life, family, and legacy forward without getting stuck in the traps of perfectionism or criticism. And as she works to solidify her status as a rap icon, she struggles to manage the more mortal but no less important challenges of motherhood and marriage.

CARDI B'S HOME is at its homiest on the weekends. That's when, she tells me in L.A., she and the eight people who live with her in New Jersey – her kids Kulture (age five) and Wave (age two), plus an aunt, a niece, and four cousins – are joined by even more family. Cardi feels the most like herself then, with everyone sharing food and music. "We do a lot of oxtail. We do a lot of fried fish," she says. "We do a lot of crab legs. We do a lot of goat." She has a Filipino aunt by marriage who makes desserts with mango, condensed milk, and lychee jelly, as well as a savory meat dish Cardi loves but the name of which she can't recall. "It looks like a little burrito, a little piece of doo-doo," she says, fondly. The kitchen, however, isn't Cardi's domain. "One thing I hate doing is cooking," she says. "It takes too much of my time."

Cardi's family proudly plays her songs at the house, though she'd rather they didn't. "I'm like, 'Oh, God, here y'all go,'" she says with a bashful smile, elongating the "o" for dramatic effect. Most

Staff writer MANKAPRR CONTEH wrote the 21 Savage cover story in January.



PHOTOGRAPHY DIRECTION BY EMMA REEVES. PRODUCED BY XAVIER HAMEL. STYLING BY KOLLIN CARTER AT THE WALL GROUP. HAIR BY TOKYO STYLIZ AT CHRIS AARON MANAGEMENT. MAKEUP BY ERIKA LA PEARL AT CGK MANAGEMENT LLC. MANICURE BY COCA MICHELLE. TAILORING BY ROR RODRIGUEZ. PRODUCTION ASSISTANCE BY MIA BELLA CHAVEZ AND ELIJAH CHANDLER. LIGHTING DIRECTOR: SEBASTIAN JOHNSON. PHOTOGRAPHIC ASSISTANCE BY LANCE WILLIAMS. DIGITAL TECHNICIAN: RENEE DODGE. STYLING ASSISTANCE BY JUAN ORTIZ, POSH MCKOY, AND LOUIS BATTISTELLI. LOCATION: MILK STUDIOS. POSTPRODUCTION: PICTUREHOUSE + THE SMALL DARKROOM.



often though, they listen to Spanish-language music. “My country” – she means the Dominican Republic – “they listen to merengue, they listen to típico, they listen to bachata. I’m really into that.” She’d like to make a Spanish-language album in the near future. “As soon as I finish this album, I am going to fucking Puerto Rico,” Cardi says, especially wanting to make reggaeton there.

Cardi’s preferences are dictated by her moods. “If I feel good, if I’m with my family, if I’m eating goat, I’m going to listen to merengue; Antony Santos or just local Dominican artists,” she says. “If I’m moody, I’d probably listen to a very old Shakira song or her new songs.” Rocío Dúrcal, the late, legendary artist known to fans as la Reina de las Rancheras, is one of her favorites: “When I’m going through shit with my mans, I like to listen to her.”

When Cardi was younger, she told herself she’d be a mother by 25, a prophecy she fulfilled at what seemed like an inopportune time: She gave birth just

**PERFECT TO MY EAR, I DON’T WANT TO PUT IT OUT.”**

months after *Invasion of Privacy* dropped, and right as she was planning for a national tour. “I was really, really scared,” says Cardi. “I just [felt] like, damn, I’m letting everybody down. I’m letting my family down. I’m letting everybody that works for me down.”

She backed out of the tour to be home with Kulture. “My baby was so little – germs and planes and ear popping on a newborn?” asks Cardi. “Can you imagine a baby in a fucking tour bus?” She compared the first year of motherhood to competing on a game show – think the obstacle course on vintage Nickelodeon’s *Legend of the Hidden Temple*, only on two hours of sleep. “It fucked me up,” she says. “Yo, postpartum is something you can’t even explain.”

I ask her if she means postpartum *depression*. “Postpartum *everything*. It becomes depression because it’s a drastic change,” she says. When she had Wave in 2021, she was better able to stay afloat. She found reprieve in a trip to Paris soon after he was born, but also at her local IHOP, where she’d often roll solo for Bananas Foster pancakes.

When she’s with her children, Cardi indulges in simple pleasures – cuddling in bed, taking them to Target. She and Kulture enjoy dates at the gym and restaurants, and time together at her dance rehearsals and studio sessions. “My daughter [can] talk, honey,” she says, admiring Kulture’s curiosity. “It’d be like 10 questions in a minute.” Her daughter loves her piano lessons, and two of Cardi’s dancers – the Twins, she calls them – give Kulture and her cousin private classes, having started by letting the girls pick routines on TikTok, per Cardi’s instructions.

Wave already loves rap music, Cardi says, noting “he’s a turnt lil boy.” Kulture’s favorite musicians are her parents. She loves “Clout,” which features both of them. But more than anything, Cardi says, they like music made for kids, performed by children like a Russian-American YouTube star named Nastya and rap sensation That Girl Lay Lay, who had a show on Nick. “They’re innocent, really innocent,” she coos.

Despite the trials of motherhood, Cardi wouldn’t change a thing, “It’s like it’s meant to be. The stars align. My kids are the best decisions I ever made.”

IN DECEMBER, Cardi filmed herself on Instagram Live while she was at her wit’s end, and it was gutting. “This motherfucker really likes to play games with me when I’m at my most vulnerable time,” she said. Only her head above the neck and her slender, fran-

**“I TAKE MY MUSIC SO FUCKING SERIOUSLY. BECAUSE IF IT’S NOT PERFECT TO MY EAR, I DON’T WANT TO PUT IT OUT.”**

tic, stiletto-nailed fingers were in the frame as she hollered, her voice cracking and face slipping off camera as she went on. “You really been doing me dirty after so many fucking years!” she yelled. “And it’s so crazy that I got to go to the fucking internet because whenever the fuck I tell you something, you don’t take shit seriously, and I’m so tired of it! I’m so fucking tired of this bitch-ass nigga!”

She was talking about Offset, her husband of nearly seven years. Not long before that clip, Cardi had made a surprising revelation on another Instagram Live – she’d actually been single “for a minute now.”

But later, she’d reveal to the world (and to me) that things are more complicated. In February, she went



## CARDI B

on a Valentine's Day date with him and was caught trying to hide makeup smudged from making out. The next month, she'd clarify that despite the breakup, she was still married. She doesn't include Offset when she lists the people who live with her, but later tells me, "When Offset comes around, he comes around, so he's a helping hand, too." In late April, they were spotted happily together at a New York Knicks game.

Cardi B and Offset began dating in 2017, when Offset's rap trio Migos were hip-hop's hottest and most trend-setting unit. She'd had some rough dating experience with boyfriends – including one who'd overpower her in their physical fights, and another who made her feel she was too broke, too skinny, too loud – somehow too much yet never enough, she says. "Once I cut him off and I stopped caring about what he [thought] about me," she says, "I started doing videos on Instagram. That's how I got famous, because it was like, 'Fuck him.'"

In Offset, she finally found a partner who built her up instead of breaking her down. "When I met Offset, he was super rich and I just got my fucking first \$200,000 in the bank," she recalls. "He never made me feel like I was little to him. He actually always used to tell me, 'You a fucking superstar, watch.'"

Cardi and Offset got married at home in sweats in September 2017 (Cardi's white, with metallic trim, Offset's black, with white checkerboarding down the sides), though Offset later proposed to Cardi flashily at one of her shows, complete with an eight-carat ring. Cardi moved in with Offset in Atlanta, his hometown, but hated it, feeling isolated.

There have been other challenges – not the least of which was Offset's infidelity. Cardi told *Vogue* in 2020 that her husband had cheated but they had worked through it. Later that year, Cardi filed for a divorce, explaining that it was not due to cheating, but misalignment. "I just got tired of fucking arguing," she said then. "I got tired of not seeing things eye to eye." But less than two months later, Cardi withdrew her claim, and the next year, they celebrated Wave's arrival together.

In 2022, Cardi was sentenced to 15 days of community service for separate attacks on a pair of bartenders at a strip club in Queens four years prior, in what authorities alleged stemmed from a romantic rivalry over Offset. She pleaded guilty to the charges against her before a trial was set to start, saying she was modeling accountability for her children. (She's faced other legal issues over the years, including a successful lawsuit against a defamatory blogger. She's currently a defendant in a suit related to an alleged assault on a security guard that's slated to go to trial in late May.)

In L.A., I ask Cardi what she cherishes in her marriage and what's been difficult. The question seems to suck the air out of the room, but she answers calmly. "The part I love is that we really like each other, like a support system. We're really both each other's cheerleader. I don't really like talking to people. I'm not as social. If I want something from somebody, he'll be the one that will talk. Because I don't like asking."

When she gets to the challenges in her marriage, I'm surprised to hear her zero in on her own shortcomings. "We have our own bad stuff," she says. "We're from two different worlds. Sometimes I cannot be ... not that I cannot be a wife. It's just like, my career takes my life. You know what I'm saying? My career comes first, then my kids come second. And

**"IT'S NOT EVEN ABOUT 'HOW DO YOU LEAVE A PARTNER?' HOW DO YOU STOP TALKING TO YOUR BEST FRIEND?"**









# CARDI B

then sometimes I don't realize that I'm putting so many things before my relationship."

I tell her that sounds accountable, like she's saying, *There's room for me to grow in the relationship too.*

"I don't want to grow," Cardi says. "I remember last year when we was going through our hard time. And it's like, 'Put your album out. You're overstressing. When was the last time we went on a vacation?' And it's like, 'I don't got time to go on a vacation, because this comes first.' This comes first and then my kids come second. The little things I have to take care of then comes. I sometimes feel like I do probably put my relationship last." (Later, she'll tweak that list of priorities – more on that in a moment.)

I ask Cardi what she's decided to do about her marriage. "I think it through. We think it through, because we do love each other. It's not even about love. We're best friends. And it's like, 'OK. Well, there was a time that I didn't have a best friend, or I didn't have a support system.' It's not even about 'How do you leave a partner?' How do you stop talking to your best friend?"

**O**NCE CARDI DROPS her second album, she'll finally tour, which will mean missing Kulture and Wave for long stretches. Would she consider a residency, of the sort Adele and Usher have taken up? "No, you've got to [go] for everybody from different states," she says. "That's how I promoted my mixtape."

"You're also not in the same position you were when you did that," I offer.

"Yeah, but somebody might not be able to afford a ticket to go see you in a residency in Vegas," she reasons. "Somebody could just afford a \$200 ticket, but they can't afford a \$200 ticket and then a flight. And you got to touch everybody. That's why I feel like a lot of these people don't have fan bases, because they never touch the people. They just became famous, and they never went to a chitlin' circuit. They never been to Greenville, North Carolina. They never fuckin' went to a Baton Rouge type of shit."

When she first got popular as a dancer, she recalls, she hit little clubs for just \$2,000, running around the country in her old manager's PT Cruiser. As a rapper, she remembers, "I went to Mississippi, a small town, and they was having a slap-fighting contest. I had the best time of my life. I remember one time when I went to Memphis and, oh, my gosh, I couldn't even see because it was smoked out. They was having a banana-sucking contest. I loved it. Or one time in North Carolina, they literally had me performing in a barn. There was a lot of people in there."

Cardi emerged on the scene as a people's princess from a working-class background, and she's been vocal on social issues, too, from New York's city and state government to Social Security and immigration. A political junkie with an encyclopedic recollection of American presidents, she became a sought-after pundit, endorsing and interviewing Bernie Sanders and then Joe Biden as they pursued the presidency.

Then, last November, she declared she'd never do it again – for any president or hopeful. By March, she had told L.A. radio host Big Boy she wouldn't even vote in the upcoming presidential election. She tells me she means it. "I don't fuck with both of y'all

niggas," she says of Biden and Trump. Before, she had seen Trump as a dire threat, but under Biden, she's felt "layers and layers of disappointment" from what she sees as domestic and foreign mismanagement. The cost of living is too high, wages are too low, and too little is being done about it, she says. "I feel like people got betrayed."

"It's just like, damn, y'all not caring about nobody," she says. "Then, it really gets me upset that there is solutions to it. There is a solution. I know there's a solution because you're spending billions of dollars on any fucking thing."

After President Biden insisted the U.S. could fund both Israel and Ukraine in their respective wars against Gaza and Russia in October, Cardi spoke out against it. She echoes the sentiment with me, but is concerned artists of color can get "blackballed" for talking about the war in Gaza. "[America] don't pay for endless wars for countries that have been going through shit for a very long time," she says. "There's countries [where] kids are getting killed every single day, but because the [U.S.] won't benefit from that country, they won't help. I don't like that America has this superhero cape on. We never did things to be superheroes. We did things for our own convenience."

As we talk politics, Cardi is mindful of her words. With her life under a microscope, she's struggled lately with how much to open up – on anything. The impulses that have made her both a public darling and tabloid target are similar: She's had an uncanny willingness to be staunchly opinionated and bewilderingly honest, to be imperfect on camera, to divulge the typically embarrassing. Now, even on her album, she's been hedging. "I really want to talk about the life changes that I've been dealing with the past six, seven years," she says of her new music. "But then it's just like, I feel like people don't deserve to know because people use my pain against me."

Shortly after that video eviscerating Offset, Nicki Minaj – with whom Cardi has had a hostile relationship for years – posted a photograph of Michael

prove to myself. I also got to prove something to the haters. I've got to prove it to my own kids."

THREE WEEKS LATER, it's 2 a.m. in New York, and Cardi B is at Jungle City Studios, trying to perfect two couplets on a new song. She gives it 13 takes before Brunson, the engineer, suggests some tea.

Cardi sips the green tea he lovingly orders her – extra sweet, of course, along with her bodega favorite, buttered rolls – in the hopes it may make her a little less nasal. Cardi turned up to the studio absolutely disheveled: The lining of her long black lace-front wig shows from her forehead, the layered curls stiff and frizzy. She's wearing cute sweats – black joggers and an orange hoodie with a vibrant painting of what looks like the Virgin Mary, designed by her 22-year-old cousin, Marcelito – but she's visibly uncomfortable. The day before, she'd been stricken with an illness she theorizes could have come from someone in her house, a bout of migraines, or the Hamburger Helper she made for the first time in a while disagreeing with her. She keeps Excedrin and Pepto Bismol by her side at the studio. "They need to endorse me, honey," she says of Pepto. "Because that's something I fucking use."

Right now, Cardi is prioritizing songs from the album that have features, or need them placed. She wants them to sound irresistible to the artists, who she says span a gamut of rappers and singers. (She also mentions she had fun working on a song with DJ Khaled, but won't confirm what for.)

I can only hear the new song seeping out of her headphones. I catch the Afro-Caribbean energy of the beat, then hear Cardi singing speedily and in a rather high register. With every few attempts at the lines she's trying to get down, she and Brunson work on tweaks – bringing the pitch down, rapping them more, even changing the lyrics slightly.

"Sounds fucking terrible," Cardi mutters.

"Don't be hard on yourself," Brunson says brightly.

"Shut the fuck up," Cardi bites back cartoonishly,

**"I WANT TO TALK ABOUT LIFE CHANGES I'VE BEEN DEALING WITH, BUT PEOPLE USE MY PAIN AGAINST ME."**

Jackson gleefully peering out of a car window, which many thought mocked Cardi's furor. A flurry of blogs and commentators ran stories about the perceived slight, Cardi's assumed response ("Take your man to a park and leave me alone," she had written on X), and the women's warring fan bases. So, as Cardi opened up about a breakdown in her marriage, an online ecosystem turned it to gossip fodder and stan-war artillery. But for as much as she shares online, Cardi would say that she's actually prone to keep even more to herself. "I'm a lonely sufferer," she says.

I ask Cardi what her self-care looks like. "Being at home," she says. "When I was off social media and nobody knew what I was doing, I was at peace a lot. But what am I going to do? Never post or never work again because that's peace? No. I don't ever want my daughter or my son to ever give up on something because they can't take the pressure of what people say about them. I got to set that example. It's like, 'Y'all never going to break me.' Because I got something to

like an exaggerated mob boss. "I fucking hate it." She tries again about 33 more times.

In the process, she stops to talk about some random topics: the cabbie broadcast-news network her dad used to listen to, loving New York, relaxing with ASMR. At one point, she sniffs the air and senses that Offset had been in the studio the night before. "It smells like weed and it smells like cologne," she says. "But I don't smell pussy. Better not come to my studio with no hoes."

I'm surprised that Cardi is back on the East Coast after having banished herself to Los Angeles to finish the album. She tells me a lot of her family has moved out of her house, leaving just Marcelito to help with the kids – she has to look for a nanny, something she's deeply uneasy about. For now, [Cont. on 79]











# DANCE MUSIC'S LOW-KEY LEGEND

PRIDE  
NOW

Kaytranada's forward-thinking production has subtly shifted the sound of pop culture, even if he's too humble to admit it

BY JEFF IHAZA  
PHOTOGRAPHS BY  
XAVIER SCOTT  
MARSHALL

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HE AVERAGE HIGH temperature in Quebec City in March is 33 degrees Fahrenheit, with a low of around 18. That's apparently of no consequence to the locals, who have chosen the month for an outdoor music festival appropriately dubbed Igloofest. The annual event, billed as "the coldest music festival in the world," is an opportunity for Québécois music lovers to flex their winter gear, with revelers in full-body ski suits, snow goggles, and what appears to be the most advanced outdoor apparel on the market.

Kaytranada, this year's headliner, arrives backstage around 8 p.m. wearing black Celine sweatpants and Balenciaga wraparound sunglasses. He's flanked on either side by his mom and sister, as well as a bevy of crew members trailing as he heads toward the main stage for his set. While he's well-known as a maestro of dance floors across the world, he tells me later on that he's only recently started working regularly with CDJs, a standard tool used by live DJs to play digital music in their sets. "I just got tired of carrying my laptop around," he says. "I wanted to look more like a DJ."

Onstage, you'd never guess he had any doubts about his position as a selector. Somewhere between a traditional DJ set and a live performance, his set at Igloofest races through his catalog as both a producer and solo artist, all to a raucous response from the crowd, which explodes in cheers at every beat drop. Despite the high-profile occasion, Kaytranada – one of Canada's most famous musicians not named Celine, Abel, or Aubrey – is as laid-back as ever. He moves with a sense of familiarity, the local legend showing love to the folks who got him here. "This is the most Canadian thing," he says backstage. "Like, to see all this snow, and people also just not giving a fuck."

After celebratory drinks backstage with the other Igloofest performers – DJs Sango and Kitty Ca\$h, as well as Kay's younger brother, who raps under the name Lou Phelps – Kaytranada tells me how, lately, he's found himself balancing a range of expectations, all while trying to make music that still feels true to him. He says that his third full-length album, *Timeless*, which he'll go on to drop in early June, takes its inspiration from Eighties New Wave, a decidedly left-field turn for a musician known for forward-thinking club bangers.

He says he decided to delete his Twitter, now known as X, because the comments from fans telling him who to collaborate with next, while well-meaning, became frustrating. "People are like 'Oh, my gosh, you need to work with this artist. Is Beyoncé on your album? Is Tyler on your album?'" he says, now in his dressing room, clutching a glass of wine close to 1 a.m. "It's like people are trying to choose for me what my album should sound like, and that would drive me crazy."

Still, you can't blame people for asking. Over the course of his career, Kaytranada has enlivened the rap and R&B atmosphere with pointed reminders of the fact that music is supposed to make you dance. He arrived in the 2010s like a missing link between Black music's past and present, capable of fostering a seamless blend between a new generation

**"I always used to be very shy in the studio. It took me a while to understand, OK, I got to be the one that says 'Do it like this.' I'm learning to do that now."**

of artists and the traditions that came before. Kaytranada's stuttering, near-syncopated drum rhythms take their inspiration from the Haitian dance genre compas, while infusing the sound with traditional hip-hop and R&B rhythms.

After a string of popular remixes and SoundCloud edits, his 2016 debut, *99.9%*, established him as an auteur-level producer, not unlike Madlib and J Dilla, who Kay tells me were his inspirations growing up. Released as a one-off on the indie powerhouse XL, the album introduced Kaytranada's sound – replete with two-step rhythms and swinging, undulating drums – to the masses. The single "You're the One," featuring the Internet's Syd, remains a classic: a hit so textured and innovative that it feels like it will never age. Kay's debut album also set off a spree of more mainstream collaborations and, ultimately, a major-label deal at RCA.

With the Grammy-winning *Bubba*, released three years later, Kaytranada's brand of dance-infused R&B took off. The album repre-

sented a shift in collaborations for the producer, who up to that point was content sending beats to artists and working with whatever they sent back. This time, Kaytranada took over the driver's seat, working in-studio with left-of-center pop voices like Charlotte Day Wilson, Tinashe, and Kali Uchis. When it comes to collaborators, it's never about picking the biggest name, but simply finding an artist whose sound meshes with Kay's creations. Even so, he says, taking control hasn't always felt natural.

"I think I'm kind of shy," he tells me. "I always used to be very shy in the studio and sometimes let the artists just do their thing because I didn't want to correct them or anything. It took me a while to understand, OK, I got to be the one that says 'Do it like this.' I don't have a leader mentality. I'm learning to do that now."

*Bubba* would go on to earn Kay the award for Best Dance/Electronic Album at the 2021 Grammys, an accolade that apparently flipped a switch for the musician, who shortly after made the decision to relocate to Los Angeles. "Montreal is not a celebrity town, but I get a celebrity treatment," he says. "It doesn't make me feel like myself." He contrasts this with L.A., where "I could be in a room and there'll be six other



Senior music editor JEFF IHAZA wrote the DJ Khaled cover story in December.

PREVIOUS SPREAD: OUTFIT BY HELMUT LANG; JEWELRY, WORN THROUGHOUT, BY BERNARD JAMES; MARTINE ALI, AND MVS MASON.





celebrities. That makes me more comfortable, like all eyes are not on me.”

**K**AYTRANADA GREW UP in Saint-Hubert, just outside of Montreal. A middle child in the family, he showed musical talent early on. After he graduated high school, he was invited to a beat competition called Artbeat Montreal, which he ended up winning. Soon after, he’d make a name for himself playing shows around his hometown alongside his brother. They started out as a classic rapper-producer duo and went by the name the Celestics, a play on their last name, Celestin. (Kaytranada’s first name is Louis, but he goes by his middle name, Kevin; his brother, Louis-Phillipe, goes by Lou.)

It didn’t take long for Kay’s beats to be recognized as coming from somewhere out of this planet. Even among the EDM-centric pop production of the 2010s, something about his sound stood apart. There was a more energetic swing, a syncopation rooted in history, an irresistible danceability. Before long, he was

the main event, playing local clubs and parties around Canada.

Kaytranada’s parents, who had emigrated from Port-au-Prince, Haiti, when he was a toddler, shared a musical sensibility. His mother sang in a choir, and his father was an avid musician and audiophile. Kay says his dad had a big sound system in their house growing up, complete with a record player and DJ mixer. He’d hear tunes from legends like Bob Marley, Michael Jackson, and Lionel Richie alongside the traditional Haitian music his father grew up with. Kay’s two older sisters were another important influence. “My big sisters were always playing music around, and that’s how I really fell in love with hip-hop,” he says. “They had the keys to all the good music. I was exposed to a lot of great hip-hop music from the ’97-’98 era.”

As he started to experiment with the nascent digital-production tools that emerged in the early 2000s, Kaytranada got much of his inspiration from J Dilla, whose intricately chopped samples might be his clearest point of comparison. “I really studied Dilla,” he says. “Instead of studying for school, I studied his music – him and Madlib were producers where I was just trying to understand how they would chop a sam-

ple. Dilla would do those micro-chops that don’t make any sense, but sound like a big beautiful collage. I got so inspired by that. I had a phase where I was just remaking his beats when I was, like, 15, remaking *Donuts*.”

Kaytranada started making music with his younger brother around the same time. “We had the microphone that came with a PC, and an audio recorder that could record 30 seconds of voice,” he says. “We would play an instrumental from a 50 Cent website, and just rap over it and make full songs. I always wanted that for us, to have a career as a Gang Starr type of thing. The producer and the MC.”

The pair released their debut project as the Celestics, titled *Massively Massive*, in 2011. But it soon became clear that Kaytranada’s production was taking off on a different level. “I think we went separate ways because I got too successful with the electronic things I was doing, and that was not easy for both of us,” he says. “People were bringing up ‘Kaytranada and his brother.’ My brother really didn’t like that. I didn’t really appreciate it either. I just wanted us to be called a duo.”

Looking back, Kay adds, his brother “was the leader of things. He was calling the shots. And



for me to become the person that everybody's looking at, it was not that easy." Eventually they came to the decision to split up the group. Kay would still produce for his brother, but the dream of a Gang Starr-like duo would have to wait. While Kay's career was taking off, the tension lingered in the background until around 2020, when both came to a better understanding of what had happened.

"Honestly, it was kind of like a dagger to the heart," his brother Lou tells me later. "Me being young, I was like 'Why aren't you bringing me?' And he was like, 'Man, I got to do my own thing. You got to blow up by yourself too.'"

**T**HE NIGHT BEFORE Igloofest, I join Kaytranada and the rest of the festival lineup at Elena, an Italian restaurant in Montreal's Saint-Henri neighborhood, for a pre-show link-up. Sango, another local talent, who notably collaborated with Frank Ocean on a set of remixes in 2019, is scheduled to play a show later that night in the city. Kitty Ca\$h, a Brooklyn-based producer and DJ, also has a show this evening, setting the stage for a busy night out.

At dinner, over cacio e pepe and Caesar salad, Kay and his brother have an undeniable familial chemistry, and it's easy to pick up on Kay's sense that Lou was the leader. Where Kaytranada is shy and reserved, his brother — who looks just like him — is jovial and outgoing. Outside the restaurant, as we sort out which cars everyone is traveling in, a fan comes up to Lou to shake his hand and offer his appreciation for his music. In another life, the tables might have been turned, and Kaytranada would've been the one behind the scenes.

"In my heart, I always wanted to be the producer, but the Kaytranada thing just ... I wouldn't say got out of control," he says. "More like, 'Oh, that really works. Continue with that.'"

In 2016, Kaytranada came out of the closet, giving an in-depth interview to *The Fader* ahead of the release of his debut. "I still don't think many people know that I'm gay. Even with that story," he jokingly tells me. "Freddie Gibbs was one of the first artists that was like 'I'm proud of you, man, keep doing your thing.' I thought that was crazy. That gave me hope."

He says that while he knows hip-hop at large still has issues with homophobia, a lot has changed in the years since he first came out. "Now, we got Lil Nas X and rappers from the LGBT community just coming out. R&B artists, too," he says. "It's more acceptable and more welcome. I heard Snoop and Dr. Dre were performing at Pride in L.A. That's crazy."

After dinner, we head to Sango's show at a club called Newspeak. The venue is on the top

floor of an industrial-style building, and by the time we arrive, Sango is already busy rearranging bodies on the dance floor with an eclectic mix of amapiano, R&B, and house that make his friendship with Kaytranada seem instinctive. Sango finds connections that only seem to make sense on a dance floor. At one point in the night, Justin Timberlake's hit "Rock Your Body" booms through the speakers before somehow blending perfectly into an Afrobeats track.

After the show ends on the earlier side, around 11, we head to the apartment of one of Kay's friends, a local club owner and promoter, to hang out before Kitty Ca\$h's set later in the night. In the car on the way, Kay and Lou sit in the back seat riffing about hip-hop. At one point the subject of Kanye West comes up, and both Kay and Lou agree that he remains one of the most influential musicians of all time and that his most recent antics are a disappointing continuation of traits he's shown throughout his career.

Later on, at the apartment, the conversation turns to 4Batz, the fast-rising R&B crooner who got a cosign from Drake, as well as lots of industry-plant accusations. My skepticism about his music is quickly shot down by the party's guests, though I'm pretty sure I get a tacit nod of agreement from Kay, who later tells me that he wonders where he fits in today's landscape. "I'm not in the standards of pop music. So that would mess with my head a lot," he says. "In my less-confident days, I'd be like, damn, it's kind of hard to just be yourself in this game because you want to bring something new."

He plays me an unreleased track he made with the rapper Mach-Hommy, rumors of which have floated around the rap internet for some time now. (A few weeks later, it will pop up as the first single and title track from Mach's new album, *#RICHAXXHAITIAN*.) It slaps. Mach, known for his gritty raps and his anti-fame attitude, is both an unlikely and obvious collaborator for Kaytranada. Each musician is rooted in a DIY ethos, and both infuse their music with their shared Haitian heritage. "A lot of people

don't know the shit that he did on the house-music shit," Kay says. "He raps on a lot of house joints, and it sounds so effortless and nice. He was showing me the house joints, and I was in shock, like, 'What the fuck?'"

Kay got inspired to explore a new sound of his own in 2022, while he was on tour with the Weeknd. "I don't know what got into me, but I ended up doing six demos with my own vocals, me singing," he says. One of those demos, called "Stepped On," made his new album. "I was really writing this song for the Weeknd, technically," he adds. "But then it sounded nice to hear me singing on the song."

He says he's thinking about doing a full project as a vocalist next. "It's probably going to be a different moniker, but it's going to be Kaytrana-

da production on my own vocals," he says. What appeals to him about this direction is the sense of artistic freedom it offers. "The New Wave and the grunge era, people did not have the best voices, but they made amazing music," he says. "This is just simply art, and it's how I feel."


*Timeless* has been years in the making. Kay tells me he recorded most of the songs around the time he received the Grammy in 2021. He's got a song with Childish Gambino that he recorded in this same period, as well as features from Teyana Taylor, Anderson .Paak, SiR, and Channel Tres. "It's not big, big names," he says, "but it's definitely artists that I love to work with."

Kay tells me that there are "so many things that changed since the last album," most notably the technology he's been able to use. He briefly geeks out over new sampling techniques made possible by AI. "There's this song called 'Seemingly' where I sampled this Don Blackman record, and I'm just playing around the keys," he says. "Now that I have the AI stems of it, I'm just breaking down the bass, and the keys, and the vocals to it. And the drums are crazy. If the AI couldn't exist, I would not even think about sampling this record. [But] now I can mute the drums, and I can have space to add my own drums and make my own beat with that."

He says he's still inspired by the sounds he grew up hearing as a kid, the so-called shiny-suit era of hip-hop. "A lot of hip-hop heads are discrediting it, but for me, it's still an era where they would sample a lot of Studio 54-type disco songs, and then slow them down, and then just freak them a little bit," he says. "I have this song with my brother where it's this disco sample. It reminds me of that era, like the 'Mo Money Mo Problems' music video, it kind of gives that vibe."

The collaboration with his brother will mark the first time they've been on a track together since the days of the Celestics. "It's been a long time waiting," Kay says. "My mom's been mad for a while."

Lou says he's thrilled the collab is finally happening, but more important, that his brother is entering this new phase in his life and career. "I can't say he wasn't confident, but he was so shy and so reserved that he would never allow himself to make decisions," Lou says. "He would always consider other people in his decisions. But now he's just a boss. You can tell he knows who he is. He knows his power. He knows the importance that he has on the community, and on the people around him."

After Igloofest, it is somehow snowing even more. The streets are caked in powder as we head to the afterparty in a cab. Anywhere else, I'm sure this amount of snow would make for a slow night at a club, but not in Quebec. At the packed-out venue, Kay and his brother jump on the decks, teaming up like when they were kids. This, too, feels natural. "We both got into our passions at the same time," Kay says. "So us DJ'ing together is ... I don't know how to explain. It's just easy." 

**"I still don't think many people know that I'm gay," he jokes. "Freddie Gibbs was one of the first artists that was like, 'I'm proud of you.' That gave me hope."**







# FLIPPING THE SCRIPT IN HORROR

Jane Schoenbrun grew up obsessed with pop culture, and now they're helping to redefine it

BY BRENN A EHR LICH

**W**HEN JANE SCHOENBRUN was in high school, they spent hours devouring *Buffy the Vampire Slayer*. Schoenbrun watched Sarah Michelle Gellar play Buffy, who over the course of seven seasons, figures out who she really is – a powerful woman chosen to fight evil forces. And Schoenbrun imagined how they might fit into the show.

They saw themselves in everyone, from the wacky pal Xander to the broody vampire Angel to Willow and Tara, a pair of witches in love – gender be damned.

"If you'd told me I could press a button and become a cool, goth, queer girl, I would have been like, 'Give me the button. I want to press the button,'" Schoenbrun tells me. "But it would take me 20 years to understand that that was literally all that it took to be trans: that desire. I was always trans, but there was no one and no media at the time that told me that that was in any way possible."

Now, at age 37, the trans and nonbinary writer-director is making movies that speak to who they were in high school – movies that explore the intricacies of identity through the lens of horror without pandering or oversimplifying. Schoenbrun's latest film, *I Saw the TV Glow*, out this spring, is a kind of allegory for the trans experience that asks viewers "What's more dangerous: Folding yourself into an identity that doesn't fit – or burning it all down and reforming yourself from the ashes?"

Schoenbrun is helping to usher in a whole new wave of the horror genre, one where a previously underrepresented community can truly see themselves on the screen. Horror has long been seen as a largely male, cisgendered art form – at least on the surface. Think half-clad co-eds getting the ax while the virginal Final Girl makes it to the sequel.

But there have always been queer undertones in scary stories, explains Heather O. Pet-

rocelli, author of *Queer for Fear: Horror Film and the Queer Spectator*. "Queerness and the horror genre are inexorably linked, starting with the Gothic literature of queer writers, such as Mary Shelley, Oscar Wilde, and Bram Stoker, and then furthered by gay horror directors like James Whale and F.W. Murnau," Petrocelli says. Rather than the heteronormative leads, folks could sympathize with Frankenstein's monster and his quest for identity – or the queer-coded Dracula.

This kind of closeted representation was less than ideal – as were later visions of non-cisgender identity in horror (see cross-dressing serial killers, like Buffalo Bill from *Silence of the Lambs*). The Nineties and early aughts ushered in more equal-opportunity bloodfests, with both sexy male and female victims, and recent years have seen increasingly better representation when it comes to all sexualities and identities. Now, Petrocelli says, we're at a kind of final frontier: the trans experience.

Schoenbrun grew up in Westchester, New York, where parents raised their kids in the right neighborhood to become anything they wanted to be – as long as it was a doctor or lawyer or U.S. president. "I'm pretty sure they weren't talking about becoming a girl who makes goth

movies about how terrible late-stage-capitalist suburban adolescence was," Schoenbrun quips. And although they had friends as a kid, Schoenbrun was terrified of dating; they knew they liked girls, but they didn't want to flirt in the way that boys did. They wanted to become best friends with their crushes,

listening to sad music and watching their favorite films.

Looking for a refuge, Schoenbrun told stories – whether it was making up episodes of favorite TV shows, playing *Dungeons & Dragons*, or filming zombie movies with their friends on a camcorder they got for Hanukkah. And through it all, they found solace in fiction: horror flicks like *Evil Dead II*, campy sci-fi like *The X-Files*, and, most of all, *Buffy*.

"My love of *Buffy* was a coping mechanism for not being able to find and express love in the real world," they say.

When they started their filmmaking career, Schoenbrun made their mark with films that delved into identity and internet culture – notably the 2018 documentary *A Self-Induced Hallucination*, about Slender Man, a creepy pretend creature that kidnaps and terrorizes children. First appearing more than a decade ago, the skinny, faceless figure in a suit became an internet meme as people online wrote their own stories about him and his devious deeds. But in 2014, two preteen girls stabbed their friend and left her for dead as a real offering to the fictional being. (One of the girls was released in 2021, while the other remains in a mental institution.)

Schoenbrun became fascinated with Slender Man and his powerful lore. "Contributors would never break character, they would never admit that the experiences they were recounting were fictional," they wrote in *Filmmaker Magazine* in 2018. "This allowed contributors and participants to immerse themselves, to live for a while in the fictional worlds they had invented together." Schoenbrun later erased the documentary from Vimeo, not wanting to profit off of tragedy, but they were fascinated by how the internet blurred reality and fiction.

"I remember wishing that magic was real as a kid," they tell me. "When you're 12 and lonely, it becomes a coping mechanism to go looking for that in media and in fiction." As a kid, they spent ample time on message boards themselves, trading theories and even manufacturing their own spoilers for their favorite shows – some of which spread through communities as truth. "It was never like, 'I'm just a fan,'" they say. "It was like, 'I am a fan and I am obsessed with this, but I also want to get under the hood and tinker around.'"

Their experience with the Slender Man documentary led, in part, to Schoenbrun's breakout, 2021's *We're All Going to the World's Fair*, an eerie look at suburban malaise through the eyes of an internet-obsessed teen who decides to take a nightmarish viral challenge. It premiered two years after Schoenbrun came out to themselves in 2019. The main character, Casey, is a lot like

**"When you are 12 and lonely, it becomes a coping mechanism to go looking for [magic] in media and in fiction," Schoenbrun says.**





Schoenbrun at the Sundance Film Festival in January

teenage Schoenbrun: Disenchanted by her mundane life, the girl aims to blur the lines between fiction and reality, creating her own creepy narrative. The tension arises, though, when an older man grows concerned about Casey, trying to “save” her from herself – against Casey’s wishes. The horror is in that grab at control, not the game.

“As Casey says in that film, ‘I love horror movies, and I thought it might be cool to try actually living in one,’” Schoenbrun says. “The porousness of what is and what is not real as a kid is more fluid. It’s easier to get lost in that magic.”

*I Saw the TV Glow* – which Schoenbrun wrote just a few months after changing their name and going on hormones – keeps to that same tradition. It follows two outcasts, Maddy (Brigitte Lundy-Paine) and Owen (Justice Smith), as they become increasingly obsessed

with a show called *The Pink Opaque*, which centers around a pair of magically bonded teens, Isabel (Helena Howard) and Tara (Lindsey Jordan, a.k.a. the musician Snail Mail). Stylistically, it’s a mashup of quirky Nineties programs like *Are You Afraid of the Dark?*, *The Adventures of Pete & Pete*, and, of course, *Buffy*. Skating a fine line between fantasy and delusion, the film sees Maddy going missing after becoming increasingly obsessed with the show – which is preferable to her crappy home life. When she shows up years later claiming that she’s been living inside *The Pink Opaque* as Tara, Owen is torn about whether or not he thinks she’s telling the truth – and if he wants to join her there. Does he really believe in that kind of mixing and melding of reality? Or will he live out the rest of his life in the suburbs?

For Schoenbrun, who sees themselves in both characters, Owen represents “not seeing

the glow in you and all of the ways that we cope with that pre-transition – and that all of the ways that that coping is ultimately insufficient.” Maddy’s journey, then, was “absolutely me reflecting on the defiance necessary to begin my transition. I think of it as a prison-break movie,” they add. The film also features Limp Bizkit’s Fred Durst as Owen’s father, as well as cameos from *Buffy*’s Amber Benson, *Pete & Pete* stars Danny Tamberelli and Michael Marona, and Phoebe Bridgers.

Lundy-Paine also found kindred spirits in Owen and Maddy – especially the former character. Now 29, Lundy-Paine came out as non-binary 10 years ago. While they came from a “very queer family” and didn’t face the same kind of prejudices that Schoenbrun saw in the post-*Ellen* Nineties, they’re very aware of what a rough process coming out can be. “I think about Owen all the time, especially when it comes to transition,” they tell me over Zoom; unlike Maddy, who lives in almost a constant state of rage, Lundy-Paine is Zen-calm. “It feels like it’s too late for him. I feel like that sometimes. Because transition is a process that has so many steps, and so much regression, and so much fear. The fear doesn’t go away. But I do believe that there’s always still time, and that it’s always a process.”

To prepare for the film, Schoenbrun lent Lundy-Paine their *Buffy* DVDs – a passing of the torch from millennial to Gen Z. At first, Lundy-Paine thought the show was “cringe,” much like how Owen sees *The Pink Opaque* when he rewatches it as an adult. When Lundy-Paine got to Season Six, however, which heavily inspired *I Saw the TV Glow*, they began to understand why Schoenbrun has every episode title memorized. That season features Buffy returning from the dead after her friends set out to rescue her from hell – only to discover she was in heaven all along. An episode from that season sticks with Schoenbrun today: “Normal Again,” which sees Buffy in a mental hospital, convinced her life thus far has been a delusion (thanks to some potent demon venom). “There are shades of that, for sure, in *TV Glow*,” Schoenbrun says. “The idea of entering fiction to cope with reality.”

Schoenbrun actually enters the fiction of her own film – at least symbolically – in the form of Tara and Isabel’s matching tattoos: a ghost with glasses that look a bit like Schoenbrun’s own distinctive frames. That image came to Schoenbrun in the shower one day. “I remember at the time I was thinking a lot about the person I had been – and the movie as this elegy for poor, repressed Jane,” Schoenbrun says. “The ghost with glasses was a symbol of this fragile figure who was not yet ready to step into life.”

Now, though, with their second major film racking up rave reviews and audiences finding themselves in both Owen and Maddy, it seems Schoenbrun has finally taken those first steps. And they’ve finally become the person that they once dreamed of: that cool, queer goth making horror films – movies where other lost teens might be able to find a home. ®



# A NEW KIND OF POWER COUPLE

In 2020, when Billie and I started imagining a book about prominent LGBTQ+ couples, we were shocked it didn't exist yet. So we started with a definition: Anyone in this book would be out, partnered, and influential in mainstream culture. And as we began this work — the day after our wedding — we realized it didn't yet exist because living at the intersection of those three things was a relatively new experience. After four years and dozens of interviews and photo shoots, our book — *Queer Power Couples: On Love and Possibility* — explores that reality through 14 couples across generations. "There's still not a lot of maps for queer experiences," Mike Hadreas of Perfume Genius told us. But each couple played a role in making queer lives more visible — making new maps for those coming after them.

Adapted from *Queer Power Couples: On Love and Possibility*. Written by Hannah Murphy Winter and photographed by Billie Winter.



## ▲ Fawzia Mirza & Andria Wilson Mirza

Growing up, the only South Asian representation Fawzia saw on TV was Apu on *The Simpsons*. Now, as filmmakers, she and her wife, Andria, can give audiences what they never had. "I get messages from people all the time that are like, 'I never saw a queer Muslim person until you,' and I was like, 'I didn't either!'" Fawzia says. "Celebrating our love outside of the system that won't accept us — it took me my whole life to get there.... And yet we are thriving."



## ▲ Steven Norfleet & Anthony Hemingway

Many of the couples who spoke with us shared the long journey between being in the closet and being a visible couple. Norfleet and Hemingway, who met after church in Los Angeles, were no different. Hemingway was "basically a preacher's kid," he says, so coming out to his mom when he was 25 was daunting. "I gave her a hug, and I was like, 'Mom, I'm gay. I hope you still love me.' And she pulled me tighter and uttered the words, verbatim: 'Of course I love you. You're who God made you to be.'"



## ◀ Alan Wyffels & Michael Alden Hadreas (Perfume Genius)

As a teen in the Nineties, Hadreas looked for evidence of queerness everywhere he could. That's why he and Wyffels are so aware of their own visibility. "I've always loved that our relationship has been something that people could look up to," Wyffels says. "We get a lot of feedback from people being like, 'You guys give me so much hope that I'll be able to find something like you have someday.'"

## ▲ Debbie Millman & Roxane Gay

One of the questions we asked each couple was how they relate to being visible, queer role models. They all felt the weight and the newness of that responsibility — but they weren't uniformly enthusiastic. "I'd prefer not to be visible," Gay was quick to say, "but I think that everyone has responsibilities in a functional society, and if this is one of those responsibilities, then so be it."



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# MEET THE FEARLESS TRANS PRO SURFER

Sasha Jane Lowerson is a world-class athlete, winning multiple longboarding titles. Since her 2020 transition, she's helped make surfing more inclusive, even while some in the sport are resistant to change

BY MILES KLEE

**W**ATCHING SASHA JANE Lowerson paddle out into the chilly Pacific, it becomes hard to tell her apart from the couple of dozen other surfers waiting for their moment. Lowerson is patient, and it's a good while before she comes cruising in on a southerly, slow-rolling wave – the kind that takes you all the way in. At this moment, none of her pro titles really matter, nor do the culture-war dramas of being the first out transgender surfer on the competition circuit. The ride is everything.

Until last week, Lowerson had spent months out of the ocean as she recovered from gender-affirming surgeries. Surfing hasn't felt the same since she came to recognize her true identity.

"It's easier," she says with a smile. "I don't have this fake front up."

It's a bright, breezy March afternoon at Surfers Point Cafe in Ventura, California. Lowerson is speaking candidly of past struggles and how she almost quit surfing when she began to transition in 2020. (She ended up contacting Surfing Australia, the country's governing body for the sport, and worked with it to implement a new policy for trans inclusion that allowed her to compete in the women's division.) Yet her mood matches the sunny calm of this beach town.

Originally from Southwest Australia, she passes for a local with her bleached hair, ski hat, and cropped T-shirt. Lowerson, 45, has been surfing her whole life, and dominated plenty of men's events over the decades, claiming a Western Australian state title as recently as 2019. She laughs about acting like an "uber dude" back then, but recalls the difficulty of maintaining a "fake" macho persona: After a couple of weeks on the water, she'd retreat inward, afraid to leave the house for days, and battle thoughts of self-harm. "I'd try and take my life," she says. Despite her impressive career so far, it seems only now, as a woman, in an adopted country, that she has the life she was looking for.

"I've found the Californian community so much better" than the surfing scene back home, Lowerson explains. "Even the middle-aged cis white guy [here] accepts me in the water. Whereas, generally, in Western Australia, it's the polar opposite. Hopefully it changes."

Lowerson came to the States in 2023 as not just a talented surfer, but also as a craftswoman who started learning the art of board design as a teen. In collaboration with Mando, a nonbinary board shaper from California and owner of Mando Surf Co. in Carmel, she spent five years developing the Sasha Jane signature model longboard, a "nose rider" with a mermaid logo – Lowerson's is pastel pink. To become the brand's official



ambassador, Lowerson is applying for a work visa, and she might eventually try for U.S. citizenship.


Of course, she still faces antagonism. Last January, the Australian surfing-gear company Rip Curl debuted an online ad featuring Lowerson on the water. In a voice-over, she describes surfing as a dance on a moving surface. There is no mention of gender or competition.

Soon after the video came out, American pro surfer Bethany Hamilton, who is sponsored by Rip Curl and had already vocally opposed the inclusion of trans women athletes in women's categories, tweeted, "Male-bodied athletes should not be competing in female sports." Though she did not name Lowerson, Rip Curl pulled the clip two days later, claiming it was for Lowerson's safety. "Which was just the biggest load of bull-shit ever," Lowerson says. (Hamilton and Rip Curl did not respond to requests for comment.)

Lowerson's impulse, when Rip Curl had originally reached out, was to turn them down because of their association with Hamilton. "Then I sort of thought, 'Well, that'd be a good opportunity to get some visibility,'" she explains. In her view, the company was just "naïve" about the trollish responses they'd get, despite her warnings.

The same hostility had erupted in 2022, when Lowerson won two women's divisions at the Western Australian state titles. She'd already made history as the first out trans woman to surf at the pro level two months prior; she just happened to place ninth in that event. It was taking a title that prompted outraged headlines in conservative media. "For trans athletes, it's OK for us to compete if we don't do well," Lowerson laments.

And that's assuming they're allowed to compete at all. The organizers of a May event in Huntington Beach, California – it was meant to be her first following the surgeries – barred Lowerson from participating even though they initially accepted her entry fee. She says their reasoning was based on a misinterpretation of an International Surfing Association rule that she knows inside and out. While it's frustrating, it hasn't diminished her passion. Lowerson received an outpouring of support from other pros, including members of the world-champion Hawaiian longboarding team, who encouraged her to keep competing. Meanwhile, orders are coming in for her new board, and she's working on a memoir about growing up during the Nineties surf boom.

"I don't see myself as a trailblazer," the modest Lowerson says, though she expresses a hope that "there's one girl out there that opens your magazine and says, 'She's doing it. I can do it.'" 



A large cargo ship is visible in the distance on the horizon. In the foreground, a whale is breaching the water, creating a large splash. The view is from the deck of a boat, with metal railings visible. The text "THE MAD SCIENTIST" is overlaid in large, bold, white letters with a black outline. The word "AN" is partially visible on the right side.

# THE MAD SCIENTIST

# AN





PHOTOGRAPH BY JEFFREY M. HARRIS  
STYLING BY JESSICA K. HARRIS  
HAIR BY TONYA WATSON  
MAKEUP BY JESSICA K. HARRIS

# ND THE KILLER WHALES



# THE FIVE ANIMALS TOOK AN HOUR TO PUT THE SAIL- BOAT BENEATH THE WAVES.

At the end of October 2022, four men, each in his late twenties, set sail from western France toward Lisbon. Augustin Drion, an experienced sailor from Brittany, was one of them. He had come to lend a hand to a friend from engineering school, Elliot Boyard, who owned the 39-foot sailing vessel. From Portugal, they planned to cross the Atlantic to the Caribbean. They would cruise around the islands for a year. Then they would return home.

The crew had spent several days battling thunderstorms and high waves in the Bay of Biscay, the treacherous stretch of ocean to the west of France. They felt ragged. But on the morning after Halloween, the boat, called *Smousse*, crossed into the stiller waters off Portugal and the crew was able to relax. The sun was shining. The breeze was soft, and the boat was making seven knots. For the first time, conditions were calm enough to rely on the autopilot. Drion had just finished a watch shift and decided to join the others lounging on deck. He ducked inside the cabin to grab a book.

He heard a crash. The boat shook, and Drion lost his balance. “What happened?” he shouted up to the others. There was banging on the hull from the outside. The crew looked over the side and saw black fins breaking the glassy surface. Five killer whales, each more than half the length of the boat, their glossy skin shining in the sunlight, were taking turns swimming into the back of the sailboat, ramming the rudder with their heads. With each crash, the boat jolted into a new direction.

The crew shut down the electronics and hauled in the mainsail. Speeding off, they thought, could be an invitation to chase. The animals were faster. Better to stay put, quiet and still. They sat without talking for almost an hour, drifting in open ocean. The only sounds were the deep steady blows of orca breath, the clicks and whistles of killer whale language, the crunch of several tons of marine mammal – the boat weighed about the same as one adult male – against their rudder.

After a while, Drion began to worry about the boat’s structural integrity. He went down into the cockpit. This time, there was water on the floor. A steady stream flowed in from a crack in the stern. The boat was quickly flooding, and it was starting to sink. Boyard put out a mayday call. The nearest vessel was 60 minutes away, and the men inflated the lifeboat. They wanted to stay on the sinking boat

for as long as possible, worried that the orcas might decide to sink their life raft, too – which would be catastrophic. But the water was rising quickly, and they all crowded into the blow-up dinghy. They looked around. The killer whales had gone. A Swedish yacht arrived to pick them up. The men watched the top of the sailboat’s mast disappear beneath the swells.

**O**RCAS VERY RARELY GO for boats – that’s supposed to be the idea, but something new is happening off the Iberian coast. Since 2020, from the top of Portugal down to southern Spain, sailors have reported almost a thousand similar attacks. Almost every day, every spring and summer, yarns from anguished captains attaching photos of their beat-up rudders fill up a Facebook group called Orca Attack Reports, which has more than 60,000 members. The epicenter of the carnage is the Strait of Gibraltar. The slim stretch of sea between Spain and Morocco, the gateway to the Mediterranean, is one of the busiest shipping lanes in the world.

Many captains now carry illicit firecrackers on board to throw at the whales. Some blast death metal on Bluetooth speakers. Others bash steel sticks against their hulls when orcas approach. Orcas have sunk at least three boats and damaged hundreds more. Nobody has died. Wild orcas, as far as we know, have never killed a human being. But sailors worry it’s just a matter of time, while orca biologists are anxious about captains arming themselves and taking things into their own hands. “I wouldn’t be surprised if it’s not too long before we see someone attempting to shoot one of these animals,” says Luke Rendell, a marine-mammal expert at the University of St. Andrews.

The group of orcas that live around the Iberian Peninsula are the only killer whales that attack boats, and researchers know very little about them. There is only one scientific paper about their new hobby. The Portuguese government has advised sailors to stop moving if killer whales hit them, and wait for them to get bored – which is what Drion and Boyard did instinctively. The Spanish authorities, though,

say keep going. In 2020, the Spanish government banned small sailing boats from a part of northwestern Spain. Meanwhile, the attacks are spreading. This community of orcas, documented in the Strait of Gibraltar since the Roman Empire, consists of nearly 90 animals. Some scientists believe that all of them now ram sailing boats. What triggered the behavior is unclear. One hypothesis, though, has taken off: The orcas are seeking revenge.

Orcas that have been documented attacking boats are called “Gladis” – from orca gladiator, one of the whale’s scientific names. Killer whales move around in matrilineal units, a mother with up to four generations of descendants. We don’t know which whale, or even which unit, was the first to start swimming into sailboats. Some believe it began in 2020 with Gladis Black – a male juvenile with a deep scar on his back from a wound, probably from a boat. Other researchers say it was Gladis White, an adult female from another unit. But whichever was the first, the others quickly began to copy them.

The notion of killer whales with vendettas against humans – whether for injuring them with boat propellers, or for picking their tuna hunting grounds clean, or for ruining the climate, or for capturing their brothers and sisters and imprisoning them in swimming pools – took the internet by storm last summer. You can buy stickers and mugs of the Gladis orcas. “Fuck them boats.” “Eat

the Rich.” “Support for Comrade Gladis.”

But these aren’t superyachts. The orcas tend to leave fishing boats alone, too. The targets include humble craft, sailing boats of the kind you can buy for the cost of a cheap used car. For their owners and crew, many of whom are not, by sailing standards, especially wealthy, the attacks are terrifying. The most recent sinking was last October. There is no reliable way to deter them, and sailors are completely at their mercy.

Which is why, in January 2022, the Spanish government asked Renaud de Stephanis, a 48-year-old Spanish orca expert, to figure out a solution to the problem. De Stephanis, who has a grizzled beard, shaggy hair, and bronzed aging-surfer skin, has been studying this group of orcas since the 1990s. Last December, I flew to Gibraltar, crossed the border into Spain by foot, and drove west along the coast toward a ram-

**NOBODY  
HAS DIED.  
BUT SAILORS  
WORRY IT’S  
JUST A MATTER  
OF TIME.**

TOMAS WEBER is a journalist based in London.  
This is his first story for ROLLING STONE.





Renaud de Stephanis wants to solve the orca issue.

de Stephanis remains in his bedroom morning to night, announcing “Today doesn’t exist.” Or he waits out bad weather and rough swells in his sleeping bag

in the living room with an old movie – *Gladiator* is his favorite. But as soon as conditions are right, he slips out onto the strait again, searching for Gladis.

Which is what he’s doing as I wait, passing the time trying to decipher a Spanish translation of *Moby Dick* I find on a shelf in his office, beside crossbow darts used for extracting whale biopsies. That evening, as de Stephanis steps through the door just in time for spaghetti and meatballs, I remember I’d read he was an ex-rugby player – his cetacean obsession had followed a short professional career, and he still has the physique of a feared enforcer. His wet blue eyes are a little bloodshot. They appear to intimidate the interns, who were chattering happily until the moment he walked in.

After dinner, de Stephanis kindles a log fire. He tells me about changing ancient seafaring routes, passages sailors had followed since before the ancient Romans. A few months earlier, he had announced that boats should avoid the deep waters in the middle of the strait where the orcas usually strike. Sailors obeyed, and today most vessels in the area hug the coast. Diverting boats seems to delight him. He stands up and starts pacing the living room. “Super fun,” he says. “I like it.”

Avoiding the hot spots is common sense. If de Stephanis gets such a kick out of rerouting the boats, though, I wonder as I watch him lope around, isn’t that something he shares with the killer whales, the creatures that are his life? Everybody seems to be having a great time redirecting sailboats. But are the orcas only having fun, or are the attacks vindictive?

**T**HE MORNING OF Jan. 10, 2023, was cloudy and calm on the Strait of Gibraltar. De Stephanis and his team of five stepped into an inflatable Zodiac and sped out of Tarifa harbor in the direction of Morocco, past the statue of Christ at the port’s entrance. It was the first day of their government-funded project to understand how to deter the killer whales. First, though, the crew had to check if they were even around.

It was in these waters that once swam the first killer whales to ever be described in writing. “The killer whale, a creature that is the enemy of the other species and the appearance of which can be represented by no other description except that of an enormous mass of flesh with savage teeth,” wrote Pliny the Elder in A.D. 77, “charge[s] and pierce[s] other whales like warships ramming.” But in the winter, killer whales are less common in the Strait of Gibraltar. They often follow the bluefin tuna into the Atlantic, and de Stephanis didn’t expect to see them. Standing on the blow-up tube on the side of the boat, he scanned the horizon. He was not ready to begin any experiments. As far as he knew, the orcas never went for inflatable boats.

Once in the deep water, though, two killer whales started approaching them quickly from behind. Their black-and-white faces were rhythmically emerging from the water as they swam, their eyes fixed on the boat. The pair got closer and closer, until one lifted the Zodiac out of the water with a gentle tap of

shackle house perched upon a cliff above the strait to spend a week with him.

**H**IS HOUSE IS difficult to pinpoint in the hills above Tarifa, a hippie kite-surfing town at the southernmost tip of mainland Europe. I arrive at the door after getting lost, and a 27-year-old marine-biology intern named Maggie cracks it open. De Stephanis isn’t home right now, she says. He’s at sea. “Be careful,” de Stephanis had warned a few days earlier on Facebook: The orcas are now in the strait. Maggie isn’t sure how long he’ll be. But I can wait for him here.

A shed snakeskin of a sleeping bag lies on the threadbare couch. A cold wind whistles through a broken window, and cans of energy drinks dot the coffee table. “Here, we live like Peter Pan,” de Stephanis tells me a couple of days later – and in a bedroom on the first floor, which is stuffed with toys, including a couple of cuddly killer whales, Mag-

gie points to my bunk. It’s de Stephanis’ daughter’s room. I’m to sleep there while the nine-year-old stays with her mother in Seville.

From the top of the house I can make out the cliffs of the Moroccan coast. A procession of freight ships chugs between the Pillars of Hercules, two promontories that frame the entrance to the Atlantic Ocean: one on the European side, the other in North Africa. For ancient mariners, the two pillars were a warning: Advance no farther. They marked out the edges of the known world and the start of nothingness. According to classical mythology, the Strait of Gibraltar was Hercules’ handiwork – eight miles across at its tightest point. Why would Hercules make it so narrow? To stop sea monsters from coming up into the Mediterranean, wrote Diodorus Siculus, an ancient-Greek historian. The protector of mankind had built a bottleneck for blocking civilization off from the wild.

There are three interns, and they tell me they hardly ever see de Stephanis, despite living in his little house for many months. “He has mad-scientist vibes,” one of them tells me over tapas. Some days,



its nose. It happened again. Everybody on the boat was knocked toward the bow. De Stephanis' heart was pounding. He worried the orcas would destroy the boat on their first day of work. "I wasn't scared," he tells me with a smirk. "OK, I was fucking scared."

The killer whales played with the blow-up craft for about an hour. Sebastian Lang, a German photographer who lives in Tarifa, had come aboard for the ride. A few years earlier, Lang had been snorkeling at a nearby spot with pilot whales, long black cetaceans with bulbous foreheads that are the only animals Iberian orcas appear to fear. One of them took Lang's arm in its mouth and swam down to the depths, delivering him back to the surface just before he passed out. As the orcas rammed the fragile inflatable, Lang zoned out again, but this time with a feeling of awe. "My brain shut off," he tells me. "I wanted to look at them for hours and hours."

De Stephanis powered back to shore at top speed. Over the next few months, he and the team ventured out as often as weather allowed. When a killer whale approached them, he stuck a GPS tracker onto its shiny back. This location data led to his recommendation that boats should avoid deep water. He experimented with keeping going versus stopping – and found that continuing led to fewer and less destructive attacks. A stationary boat, he found, makes for a better target.

He tried out a pinger that played a high-pitched sound, which some sailors say repels the whales, and found it seemed to attract them instead. He played recordings of pilot whale calls – but he worried they would drive the orcas out of the strait altogether, so he stopped. He dragged decoy rudders behind the boat to see which designs they preferred, and he deployed a prototype deterrent rudder covered with soft spikes. It appeared to be effective. What he failed to prove, though, was the reason for the behavior – although what conclusive evidence of that would look like is hard to imagine. Still, de Stephanis has a theory.



**I**N A BRIGHT and clear day a few months later, de Stephanis was approached by a group of orcas, including one with a deep wound gouged into his dorsal fin. It was Gladis Black. De Stephanis shows me underwater video he had taken with a GoPro attached to a stick. Beneath the boat, Gladis Black rotates into a vertical position, and presses and rubs the pointed black tip of his face against the rudder. His face and white chin are covered with scratches and scars.

Was he seeking revenge? This theory, it seemed, had originated with Alfredo López, an animal biologist at the University of Aveiro in Portugal. López believes that one of the orcas could have been harmed, perhaps by a fishing line, and that the behavior might be a response to injury. "Complete bullshit," says de Stephanis, who has known López since 1999 through attending whale conferences, and has little respect for him. "I call him 'the expert,'" he says with a mocking smile. "He's no friend of mine." He adds: "He knows I know that he has never seen an orca."

When I reach out to López, he is too busy to speak with me. His team is inundated with whale carcasses that keep washing up on the coasts, his colleague,

Mónica González, tells me over email. She adds that López had seen wild orcas "many times," but that his personal history "matters little."

It's worth pointing out here that de Stephanis has attracted controversy, too. He has studied the orcas at Loro Parque, Spain's version of SeaWorld, which still keeps four animals in captivity. The conservation foundation connected to the park has also given him grant money. De Stephanis says he opposes keeping orcas in captivity: We shouldn't capture any more, he tells me – but as long as they are there, they can be useful to biologists.

González tells me she doesn't care what de Stephanis thinks of López's work. Still, team López and team de Stephanis battle it out in Facebook comments – and just as the attacks have become a craze among the orcas, López's trauma-and-revenge hypothesis quickly became a meme among human onlookers. "Killer whales orchestrating revenge attacks on boats," wrote the *New York Post* in 2020. "Revenge of the orcas?" asked the *Washington Post* in May 2023.

Every orca researcher I speak to agrees that López's hypothesis is implausible. Even Drion, whose experience with the orcas felt like an attack, compares the whales to a powerful dog playing rough with a small child. It feels scary, and it's certainly dangerous – but to the dog, it's just a game.

"If they really wanted to sink the boat," Drion tells me, "they would just jump on it and the game is over."

But the attacks could still be a result of how humans have harmed killer whales, de Stephanis says. In 2010, overfishing decimated the bluefin tuna population. During that period, the orcas birthed fewer calves. With fewer siblings to play with, de Stephanis wonders, were boisterous juveniles choosing boats as their playmates instead? OK – but then why are the adults joining in? That's not so surprising, he tells me. Humans aren't so different. His daughter is trying to teach him TikTok dances.

Whether or not that story holds water, de Stephanis is convinced López's trauma-and-revenge idea is wrong. The behavior is play through and through. But as de Stephanis fills the house with chaos, shouting and blasting *Independence Day* at 8 a.m., I can't shake the idea that this interpretation, that it's nothing but horseplay, overlaps almost too neatly with what he himself seems to share with the orcas.

His connection to killer whales has zero to do with what people sometimes talk about after swimming with dolphins. It has nothing mystical about it, nothing to do with wisdom, intuition, or serenity. What he shares with the animals is a rambunctious physicality, brute strength, friskiness, fluid rhythms of attention. He keeps reminding me of an unruly juvenile. Is there a chance he could be wrong? When pushed, he admits he can't rule out the trauma-and-revenge theory completely. There is, he estimates, a five percent chance it is true. In any case, the probability is not zero. "Never," he tells me. "I'm a scientist."

STILL, DE STEPHANIS is probably right. If the orcas do intend to destroy boats and harm people on them, they could do that easily by smashing holes in the

hull – but they never do. They are obsessed only with the rudder. And the idea that the behavior developed in reaction to an injury from a fishing line, or even because of overfishing, is dubious, because the orcas very rarely, to our knowledge, attack fishing boats – for unclear reasons. More than that, though, is the fact that every killer whale scientist I speak to repeats the same thing: These creatures just don't carry vendettas.

Orcas have "one of the most elaborated brains on the planet," says Lori Marino, a neuroscientist, expert in whale behavior, and founder and president of the Whale Sanctuary Project. An orca's cerebral cortex is more convoluted, more intricately folded, than a human's – which gives them an extraordinary ability to learn, remember, think, and feel. Killer whales lead a rich emotional life, and share some complex feelings with humans, Marino says. They experience empathy, they mourn their dead, and they are probably smart enough to understand why an individual might want to harm another in vengeance – to impart a lesson, for example, or to discourage future attacks. Which makes it even more remarkable that, in the wild, orcas never do.

In the 1960s and 1970s, when orcas in the northeastern Pacific were repeatedly terrorized by boats that kidnapped their relatives and put them into captivity, they never attacked vessels of any kind. Unlike highly intelligent terrestrial mammals, such as chimps, gorillas, or humans, there is very little evidence that wild killer whales have ever sought revenge. (Although orcas in captivity have killed trainers, those animals were probably psychologically disturbed by their environment, says Marino.) When a chimpanzee steals food, the victim often retaliates. An aggrieved macaque will settle scores, sometimes attacking a family member of the perpetrator. But orcas don't do that. "They have

adapted in a way that eliminates the need for aggression," says Deborah Giles, a killer whale researcher at the University of Washington.

I wanted to speak with Hal Whitehead, the co-author of *The Cultural Lives of Whales and Dolphins*, a book that gripped me for days. Over Zoom, I ask Whitehead, who is a professor of biology at Dalhousie University in Nova Scotia, why

orcas might have evolved to not hold grudges against other animals. He explains that while land mammals can be territorial, territory isn't really a thing in the sea. With few fixed resources in the ocean, there's less to go to war about. "It's fluid. It's flexible. Animals are moving around, here and there," he says. And perhaps – now Whitehead is musing – we can learn something from that. "Some of us think that aggression and war are inevitable," he tells me. But if sophisticated forms of ocean intelligence can teach complex land-bound brains a lesson, he says, it is that more-equal ways of dividing up resources across territories could make war and aggression less likely.

What looks like revenge against humans, Whitehead says, is a behavior that may be a kind of culture, a way this community of orcas now strengthens its group identity. Orca obsessions can quickly turn into collective fads. Take their eating habits. Most wild

**IF THEY  
WANTED TO  
SINK THE BOAT,  
THEY'D JUMP  
ON IT AND THE  
GAME IS OVER.**





Last summer, killer whales targeted two racing boats.

animals are not fussy gourmands. But the orcas that live in the seas around Antarctica eat tiny penguins, and when they kill them, they discard everything other than

the breast muscles. Orcas that eat other whales usually enjoy only the lips and the tongue and leave the rest to wash up or rot. Each community of killer whales speaks in its own dialect, and off the coast of Australia, in a place called Shark Bay, orcas adorn their noses with ornamental sponges. In the 1980s, the salmon-eating orcas of the northeastern Pacific fashioned hats from the carcasses of their prey. They wore them all summer.

Outside of humans, the complexity and stability of these cultural forms is unparalleled. Boat ramming is just the latest of these practices. But when we, another eminent cultural animal, seek to understand what killer whales are up to, we can't help but see them through the pinhole of our own cultural practices and group dynamics. We look beneath the surface with ape eyes, and we see territoriality and retaliation where we should see cultural behaviors that have little to do with land-based violence – which results in orcas with apelike vendettas going viral.

**F**OR MOST OF my stay with de Stephanis, the ocean is too rough to go out upon. On my last day, though, there's a window of calm, and he wants to show me the orcas before I leave. I offer to drive us to the port in my rental car. He thinks I'll probably drive too slowly, and bombs down the hill on his motorbike. At the port, we meet a man named Salva, who will control the boat while de Stephanis scans the surface for fins. We hop onto the Zodiac, motor past the Jesus statue and out into the strait, and squint into the horizon until our faces hurt.

We see hundreds of silvery dolphins breach and spin in the air. We see a pod of pilot whales and a languid sunfish drifting on the surface. We see a yacht in the distance between a stream of cargo ships, underway in deep water. The captain is resisting de Stephanis' advice. "That could get him into trouble," says de Stephanis. But the yacht will be lucky: The killer whales are nowhere to be seen. They are probably already hunting tuna in the open ocean. Perhaps, I think, they've abandoned their craze. Maybe they've even developed a new fixation.

I drive back to Gibraltar feeling a little deflated, and while I wait for my flight, I walk up the European Pillar of Hercules. Near the top, a sign warns me about macaques, the only wild monkeys that live on the continent, which "may behave aggressively." For a few minutes, I watch them lounging peacefully in the sun, then turn around and fly home.

But two months later, the orcas, fresh from the open seas, swim back into the Strait of Gibraltar. At dusk on Feb. 4, their fad apparently now their tradition, a way of life, five individuals begin to ram the back of a large sailing boat, in rough seas six miles off the coast of Tangiers. "We saw them heading straight for us," says the French captain. "Aggressive and lively and very fast."

It's the first incident in the strait of what is sure to be a perilous season. For the orcas, it marks the start of a fun-filled spring. ®



# DEVIL WITH V CAUSE

KID ROCK was once America's favorite hard-partying rock star,  
a gregarious showman able to bring together rap, rock, and  
country audiences. Then he went die-hard MAGA, dividing  
his fan base and leaving many wondering what the hell happened

BY DAVID PEISNER      PHOTO ILLUSTRATION BY MIKE MCQUADE







# WHEN YOU VISIT BOB RITCHIE AT HIS HOME

in the jagged hills outside Nashville, the guy who will likely greet you at the door is a tall, well-dressed, exceedingly polite gentleman who goes by “Uncle Tom.” Because of course he does. Ritchie makes his living as Kid Rock, but a big part of being Kid Rock these days involves doing things that are simultaneously provocative, offensive, and, at least to him, funny. It tracks, then, that a middle-aged white guy who began his career more than three decades ago in thrall of a Black art form, but who has since thrown his lot in with an overwhelmingly white political movement criticized for its racist rhetoric, would have a white butler named after a racial slur aimed at Black people who are overly accommodating to the white establishment. It’s all a little dizzying. Like so much in the world of Kid Rock circa 2024, it leaves you wondering, “Is he serious? Is he fucking with me? Does he himself even know?”

At any rate, there I am on a Thursday afternoon in April, being ushered by the aforementioned Uncle Tom into a house that itself feels like a joke devised to test whether its visitors get it. Modeled to look like the White House, the extravagant, airy mansion is decorated with taxidermied hunting trophies and neon beer signs. The bathroom hand towels are monogrammed with an “R,” and a mirror near the sink has a naked woman in a “Liberty” headband painted on it in pink. Images of Kid Rock’s platinum records adorn the garage doors. Ritchie’s entire sprawling 214-acre compound, which includes a saloon, a studio, and a cavernous hangar with a pickleball court, a basketball hoop, and the original General Lee from *The Dukes of Hazzard* in it, feels like what a 13-year-old boy might sketch if you asked him to design his dream home.

Tom procures a can of Miller Lite for me from the fridge in the kitchen, then leads me to the back patio, where Ritchie is sitting with a charcuterie board on the table in front of him, and the breathtaking panorama of the surrounding countryside staring him in the face. Ritchie stands, shakes my hand, and asks Tom for a white wine with ice and a cigar.

“That’s his real name, by the way,” Ritchie says with a sharp laugh. “Don’t give me some shit in the article.”

Ritchie is wearing dark sunglasses, a black shirt, jeans, and boots that he says “may or may not be snakeskin.” His stringy blond hair runs straight to his

shoulders from underneath a white-and-red baseball hat with the phrase “This Bud’s for You” emblazoned on the front of it, framing a face that, at 53, looks more weathered than boyish. He claims he didn’t realize he was wearing the hat – something he’ll claim again two hours later to Fox News host Laura Ingraham, when he insists I join him in the back of an unmarked van in his driveway to record an appearance on her show – but I find this difficult to believe. The hat gives him an opening to retell the story of his beef and recent reconciliation with Anheuser-Busch.

Last year, Ritchie responded to the company’s decision to partner with transgender social media influ-

**“I DON’T  
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GREAT.”**

encer Dylan Mulvaney for a Bud Light promotion by posting a video of him shooting up cans of the beer with an MP5 submachine gun, and declaring “Fuck Bud Light. Fuck Anheuser-Busch.” The partnership between an iconic beer company and a trans woman had already prompted a right-wing boycott of the beer maker, and Ritchie’s stunt fanned the flames. He was criticized for encouraging anti-trans bigotry and violence. Far from being repentant, Ritchie viewed the company’s subsequent stock-price wobble as vindication, and claims its top brass reached out to him personally, eager to mend fences. As he puts it to Ingraham, even though the company “messed up,” he’s moved on from the boycott. (Anheuser-Busch didn’t respond to my request for comment on this meeting.)

“We’ve got bigger targets,” he says, referencing Planet Fitness, which is currently in the crosshairs of the right-wing outrage machine for its trans-inclusive policies, and Ben & Jerry’s, a perpetual bugaboo

among conservatives. “I don’t want to hurt people’s jobs and stuff like that when they don’t have any dog in the fight, but there’s a whole lot of other companies we should be going after.” Bulldozing past the inherent contradictions in that sentence, Ritchie uses the rest of his Fox appearance to inveigh against “DEI crap,” predict electoral victory for Donald Trump in Michigan, and suggest that listening to the national anthem will make “liberal tears fall like rain.”

Kid Rock wasn’t always like this. When he first broke through with *Devil Without a Cause* in the late Nineties, on the heels of an alt-rock era whose biggest stars – Kurt Cobain, Eddie Vedder, Chris Cornell – were often cripplingly conflicted about the very idea of stardom, Ritchie made rap rock full of swagger, bravado, and party-starting anarchy. Even as he began hinting at a rightward political lean in the late 2000s, he still managed to inhabit a cultural middle ground, crossing boundaries between musical genres and political ideologies with an easygoing, can’t-we-all-just-get-drunk-together nonchalance. Whether he was performing with Run-D.M.C., (briefly) marrying Pamela Anderson, or getting into a fight at a Waffle House at 5 a.m., Kid Rock’s very existence felt like a 100-decibel reminder that rock & roll was supposed to be fun. ROLLING STONE itself was all-in on this version of Kid Rock, twice putting him on the magazine’s cover solo and declaring him “the king of old-school partying and take-no-prisoners boasting.”

Over the past decade, though, he’s grown increasingly polarizing, eager to troll liberals and engage in one culture-war dust-up after another. He’s wrapped himself in all things Trump and become as much a fixture of the MAGA Cinematic Universe as Steve Bannon, Mike Lindell, or Kari Lake. In fact, just before we crowd into that van for the Fox News appearance, Ritchie flashes his cellphone toward me to show he’s calling the man he now winkingly refers to as “one of my besties.” Trump doesn’t pick up. “I was going to tell him I’m going on Laura Ingraham,” Ritchie tells me. “He loves to watch when I do Fox hits.”

I’d started working on a story about Kid Rock’s transformation from everyone’s favorite life-of-the-party rock star into this fervent MAGA warrior nearly a year earlier. Until a couple of days before our meeting at his house, I’d given up hope that he’d talk to me. I’d reached out repeatedly to his manager to try to set up an interview but got no response. As I began contacting others in his inner circle – friends, bandmates – Ritchie was telling them not to talk to me. I

Contributor DAVID PEISNER profiled “professional revolutionary” Fergie Chambers in April.





### CONFEDERACY OF DUNCES

Ritchie performing in front of a Confederate flag at the Trump Taj Mahal Casino in Atlantic City, New Jersey, in 2004. “I never flew the flag with hate in my heart.... I love Black people,” he said in 2011.



### THE MAGA WHISPERER

Ritchie and Trump ringside at a 2023 UFC fight in Miami. The rock star is proud of his relationship with the former president and, in addition to golfing with Trump, frequently calls him to chat, especially when Ritchie is about to appear on political talk shows. “He loves to watch when I do Fox hits,” Ritchie says, and refers to Trump as “one of my besties.”

I grew up in the Detroit suburbs in that same era, and when I first sit down with Ritchie, we reminisce a bit about living there back then. In the 1980s, Detroit was in the midst of a long, painful, and still ongoing transition. The auto industry had built the city into a cosmopolitan hub in the first half of the 20th century. Well-paying factory jobs drew workers from the South and nourished a thriving polyglot middle class. By 1940, it was one of the largest cities in the U.S. Starting in the 1960s, though, a string of developments — higher gas prices, the rise of foreign automakers, the shuttering of factories, the 1967 riots, and disastrous city-planning decisions — changed Detroit’s trajectory. The city’s population began to contract. Specifically, white families and white-owned businesses moved to the suburbs in droves, shrinking the tax base and further accelerating this trend.

It’s hard to overstate how frantic the white flight from Detroit has been. In 1940, the city was more than 90 percent white. Today, it’s barely more than

10 percent. The exodus fueled a sense of fear, resentment, and distrust between the white suburban population and Black residents of the city. During the years Ritchie and I were growing up, the divide between Detroit and the surrounding region hardened into a fixed color line drawn right at the city’s northern border, Eight Mile Road.

Culturally, Romeo had more in common with small towns in rural parts of the state that became infamous for making Michigan a hotbed of militia activity than it did with Detroit. As much as the auto industry had drawn Black workers from places like Georgia, Alabama,

and Mississippi, it had also attracted a steady diet of white workers from below the Mason-Dixon Line and parts of Appalachia. They brought with them a romanticism about the South and fostered an enthusiasm for country music that endured in the area. Bobby Bare’s 1963 Top 10 country hit, his version of “Detroit City,” describes an autoworker homesick for “those cotton fields and home.” Twenty-five years later, it wasn’t hard to find white kids in the Detroit suburbs driving pickup trucks adorned with Confederate-flag bumper stickers, blasting country music.

Ritchie tells me that his grandfather had family from Kentucky. “They grew up on mountain music and hillbilly music.”

Although Ritchie often describes his upbringing as “middle class,” it was beyond what most people would ascribe to the term. His father, Bill, who died in February, owned a large, successful Lincoln-Mercury dealership in the northern suburb of Sterling Heights, and for a time was president of the Detroit Automobile Dealers Association, an influential trade group. The family lived in an expansive 5,628-square-foot estate, built on more than five acres that included apple orchards, an in-ground pool, tennis courts, and a horse barn.

“He had a guesthouse bigger than my family home,” says Wesley “Wes Chill” Gandy, a local rapper who met Ritchie when the latter was only about 14. At the time, Ritchie was just a skinny kid who knew how to operate some pretty basic recording equipment. Gandy would come to Ritchie’s house to record nearly every weekend, and occasionally Ritchie

pressed ahead and spoke to more than a dozen people who’d been close to him at various points in his career. Many were dismayed at the extreme political turn Kid Rock had taken.

Producer and engineer Mike E. Clark, who has a long history with Ritchie going back to the late 1980s, compared it to “losing a family member,” and said he no longer hung up his Kid Rock platinum records “because of what it represents now.” Kenny Olson, who played lead guitar for Ritchie for more than a decade starting in the mid-1990s, was just perplexed.

“I don’t understand where a lot of this came from,” he told me. “I’ve always felt music should inspire people, not divide people. A lot of people from back in the day ask me, ‘What’s going on?’ I don’t know.”

In an age when many people have a story about a relative who arrived at Thanksgiving in a red MAGA hat, and shortly thereafter started forwarding BitChute videos and QAnon memes, the idea that a rich white guy would become a die-hard Trump supporter is not exactly shocking. But Ritchie always seemed to be in on the joke of his outrageous Kid Rock persona. These days, though, it’s hard not to wonder who’s at the wheel.

Obviously, the best person to address this is Ritchie himself, so I sent one last Hail Mary to his manager. Much to my surprise, this time, I got a response: an offer to meet Ritchie two days later for what was supposed to be a 90-minute tête-à-tête.

I’m not really sure what changed his mind. It could be that he knows a contentious story in *ROLLING STONE* will give him a platform to shout about liberal-

media bias and bolster his status on the right. Or it could just be that he’s got something to promote, a new festival he co-founded called Rock the Country that’s playing in seven smaller cities and towns across Appalachia and the Southeast this spring and summer. At any rate, by the time we’re done with Laura Ingraham, we’ve blown way past our allotted time, but he’s just getting warmed up. Soon enough, he’ll get drunk and belligerent, and the evening will go way off the rails, but at the moment, things are still pretty cordial. He tells me that until a few weeks ago, he’d done very few interviews in the past decade.

“I don’t sugarcoat shit, but everything became this gotcha moment,” he says. “That’s why I’ve been turning you down for so long. I don’t need it.” He motions with his hand back toward his house and then forward toward the stunning view of the deep, green valley in front of him. “Look around. I live in my own world. And it’s great.”

**T**O UNDERSTAND WHERE Kid Rock ended up, you need to understand where he started. Although Romeo, Michigan, is often described as a Detroit suburb, when Ritchie was growing up there in the Seventies and Eighties, such a designation was a stretch. The Detroit suburbs were geographically sprawling even then, but most people probably would have considered Romeo at the distant edge of that sprawl. The Ritchie family home was on the outskirts of Romeo itself, around an hour’s drive from downtown Detroit.



would visit Gandy's home on the west side of Detroit. "You didn't see white kids in my neighborhood," says Gandy. "It was me that brought him into the city and introduced him to the Detroit culture. Bob is like a sponge. He absorbed a lot."

Ritchie began DJ'ing at parties and impressed with his turntable skills. He connected with a group of artists known as the Beast Crew, and with them started rapping, too. In the mid-Eighties, Ritchie's interest in hip-hop felt like a repudiation of his privileged upbringing and caused a rift with his father. "You could tell his father wasn't happy about him being around kids from the inner city," says Gandy. "His mom, his sisters, his brother, they were nice. But his father really was upset about him pursuing rap."

Ritchie's dad loved music, but his taste ran toward rock & roll and classic country. "He didn't understand what I was doing, rightfully so," says Ritchie, "this white kid from an upper-middle-class family running around the hood doing all this stuff."

Bill Ritchie, a registered Republican, had been president and sales manager at Crest Lincoln-Mercury before he bought the dealership outright in 1972. According to testimony he gave to the Federal Trade Commission, unionized mechanics and employees at his dealership went on strike in 1971, the year Bob was born, and the strike turned violent. Bill said his family was threatened. While driving home one night, he was run off the road by a couple of cars. After his next-door neighbor's front porch was bombed, police apparently told Bill that his house had been the intended target. Bill threatened to hire nonunion workers to replace his striking employees, and ultimately, Bill claimed, the strike ended without him making any concessions.

When I relay this story to Ritchie, he's never heard it, but it fits comfortably with the man he knew. "He was conflicted on unions," he says. "He'd always say they started as a great purpose. But at his heyday of the dealership, he was anti-union. I remember him being like, 'Fuck those unions. They're all run by fucking crooks.'"

Ritchie has talked a lot about his troubled early relationship with his father and poured it into the 1993 song "My Oedipus Complex." "I never liked my old man," he sings. A few verses later, he describes his father advising him to "keep with your own and don't fuck up our gene pool" by "play[ing] the fool with a different color," a reference to Ritchie fathering his only child with a Black woman, which he did during this era.

"That's how I was feeling at the time," Ritchie says now of the song. "That was a stressful time when my son was born. A white kid, not married, bringing home a half-Black kid to a Catholic well-to-do family." Ritchie's father struggled to adapt at first. "There were borderline things, like maybe using the n-word at times, but my son and my dad became best friends. People say that people can't change. Yes, they fucking can." He says he was proud to see his son, who is now a father himself and lives nearby, tearing up at his father's funeral.

Ritchie's own relationship with his father would eventually turn around. "Ironically enough, when you make some money, it makes it a whole lot easier for people to understand," he says.

In 1990, Ritchie headed to New York and signed with Jive Records. Back in Detroit, there was grumbling about Jive elevating a white rapper out of what was often called the Blackest city in America. The

perception that Ritchie did little to help those who'd given him safe passage in the Detroit rap community left a bad taste in the mouths of some of his compatriots. According to Brian Harmon, a rapper who goes by "Champtown" and who was one of the leaders of the Beast Crew, Jive was interested in signing him as well, but claims Ritchie undermined the deal. "This is the worst ZIP code in America," Harmon says. "We get a bag of chips, we share it amongst each other. We get a Faygo two-liter, we get five cups. Kid Rock, growing up around rich parents, didn't quite understand sharing."

When I ask Ritchie about this, he shakes his head. "I've got a lot of love for Champ, but he's full of shit in more ways than you can fucking imagine," he

**"I'M PART OF THE PROBLEM," RITCHIE SAYS. "SOMETIMES I LOOK IN THE MIRROR AND AM LIKE, 'WHY DON'T YOU SHUT THE FUCK UP TOO?'"**

says. "I'm not going to get into it because I'm sure he's got his side, but I'd take everything there with a grain of salt."

Kid Rock's Jive debut, *Grits Sandwiches for Breakfast*, a sex-obsessed goof equally indebted to the twin poles of late-Eighties party rap, the Beastie Boys' *Licensed to Ill* and 2 Live Crew's *As Nasty As They Wanna Be*, didn't connect with audiences, and amid a subsequent Vanilla Ice-induced backlash, he was dropped from the label. Back in Detroit, licking his wounds, Ritchie experimented musically, leaning more on classic rock and metal. The Clark co-produced result, *The Polyfuze Method*, was released on an independent label in 1993. The same year, he recorded an amped-up version of Hank Williams Jr.'s "A Country Boy Can Survive."

"Kid Rock gravitated toward his audience," says Chris "Doc Roun-Cee" Pouncy, another Beast Crew member. "If his audience was predominantly white, which they were, he was going to play to them."

Harmon recalls a conversation with Ritchie around this time about his change in artistic direction. "He straight-up told me, 'I need to get back in touch with my whiteness,'" says Harmon. Gandy remembers Ritchie using the same phrase.

"That sounds like something I'd say," Ritchie admits. "I don't give a fuck how people take it."

The Detroit music scene during those years was small and felt a bit like a cultural backwater. Motown had long since decamped to California, and the city hadn't produced a credible star in more than a decade. There was a feeling then that mirrored the city's depopulation trend: The only way to succeed was to leave.

"It was hard to get a record deal in Detroit then," says Olson. "Chad Smith from the Red Hot Chili Peppers, Joey Mazzola from Sponge, and I all migrated out to California at different points."

But the relative isolation bred creative freedom. Ritchie's ambition and his omnivorous taste in music attracted a diverse crew of artists into his orbit in these years: Lonnie Motley and Shirley Hayden of Funkadelic; R&B singer Thornetta Davis; horrorcore-rap pioneer Esham; Michael and Andrew Nehra, who co-founded the soul-rock outfit Robert Bradley's Blackwater Surprise; Vinnie Dombroski from Sponge; Tino Gross of blues rockers the Howling Diablos; Matt O'Brien of funk-inflected post-punk group Big Chief; Eric Hoegemeyer of the glammy dance-rock outfit Charm Farm.

"I was the joke," says Ritchie. "It was not cool to be a white rapper."

Although Kid Rock's music was assiduously apolitical back then, there was an inclusive, open-minded approach to it that many of those involved found inspiring. Ritchie assembled a live band he called Twisted Brown Trucker that embodied that spirit.

"We were into funk, R&B, rock, the blues, swampy Southern country sounds," says Olson. "We had this fearless way of approaching the music."

*Devil Without a Cause*, released in 1998, was the product of this approach. The album eventually sold more than 11 million copies. At the time, Ritchie's main ideological commitment was to the doctrine of sex, drugs, and rock & roll. From the stage at Woodstock '99, he told the audience, "You want me to get political? Well, this is about as deep as Kid Rock thinks: Monica Lewinsky is a fuckin' ho, and Bill Clinton is a goddamned pimp!"

Over the decade or so that followed, Ritchie seemed more enamored with the spectacle of politics than any particular issues. He met Clinton and performed at an inaugural event for Barack Obama. Even though he backed Mitt Romney, a fellow Michigander, in his bid to unseat Obama in 2012, when he saw Obama at the Kennedy Center Honors the following year, Ritchie said there were "no hard feelings.... You respect the office of the president of the United States, and the great thing is, in four years we get to choose again."

Even as he grew more confident speaking about himself as a Republican, Ritchie consistently criticized the party's stance on issues like abortion and gay marriage. As he told ROLLING STONE in 2013: "I tend to vote Republican, but I don't like the hardcore views on either side. I'm not in bed with anybody. I'd probably be more libertarian, but I'm a firm believer you have to pick a side. If you think differently, that's fine. I'd love to grab a beer and hear why you think that way."

During the time Ritchie was stumping for Romney, he was living part-time in Malibu, where one of his neighbors was the actor and progressive activist Sean Penn. The two unlikely friends were drinking scotch at Ritchie's house one night, along with Jameson Stafford, who'd begun working with Ritchie in the late Nineties as a videographer. Penn and Ritchie argued constantly over politics, but in the increasingly heated political environment saw their enduring friendship as an example to emulate. They decided to make a short film called *Americans*, which Stafford co-wrote and directed. It opens in a bar, and within a couple of minutes Penn and Ritchie are lobbing politically tinged insults at each other. As they're about to come to blows, a news report flashes onto the bar's TV, announcing the deaths of 26 Marines in Afghanistan, which prompts them to hug it out. The message is clear even before it flashes on the screen



at the film's conclusion in big, block letters: "Don't Let Politics Divide Us. Thinking Differently ... Is What Made This Country Great."

Ritchie says he still believes this. "That thing's more relevant now than when we made it," he tells me between puffs on his cigar. "The message isn't getting across."

I ask whether he thinks he's helping much on that score.

"I'm part of the problem," he acknowledges. "I'm one of the polarizing people, no question. Sometimes I bitch about other people, then I look in the mirror and I'm like, 'Oh, yeah, why don't you shut the fuck up too?'"

So, is this mostly an impulse-control problem?

"It's a rich-guy issue," he says. "No fucks left. I'm not going to get it right every time, but I know my heart's right. I want the best for this country."

Back in the early 2010s, a sort of radical centrism was still baked into Kid Rock's brand. He'd banked enough goodwill to be able to get away with occasionally performing in front of a Confederate flag. When I mention it, he immediately grabs a photo album sitting nearby, flips it open, and points to a shot of himself from the early days of his career, wearing a shirt designed to look like the rebel battle flag. Next to him in the photo are all three members of Run-D.M.C.

"Nobody said a fucking word," he tells me. "No one. That was the thing until all this woke shit started happening."

Some Black members of his band gave him a pass. Misty Love, a former longtime backup singer for Kid Rock from the mid-Nineties through the mid-2000s, says the flag "didn't mean anything back when he used it. It was just part of the backdrop."

Ritchie insists there was no deeper intent than that. "I was using the Confederate flag because I love Lynyrd Skynyrd, and I think it just looks cool."

In 2011, when he received an NAACP Award in Detroit, protesters marched outside, denouncing his association with the flag. Right before he walked onstage to receive the award, he says, the head of the organization's Detroit chapter, the Rev. Wendell Anthony, asked him if he'd really performed with the flag. After Ritchie admitted he had, he says Anthony told him, "Oh, you ain't racist. You just dumb." (Anthony did not respond to my request for confirmation.) Once onstage, Ritchie told the audience, "I never flew the flag with hate in my heart.... I love Black people." But four years later, outside an exhibit Ritchie funded at the Detroit Historical Museum, where protesters returned to raise the same issue, Ritchie told Fox News host Megyn Kelly, "Please tell the people who are protesting to kiss my ass."

Looking back on it now, he's resolute: "I wasn't going to bow down and fucking apologize again. I'd already been through this fucking shit."

According to Love, Ritchie's political coming out put the Confederate-flag controversy in a different context. "It wasn't until he started tripping with Trump that it started looking bad," says Love, who still considers Ritchie a friend. "The Trump situation changed the whole vibe. People say he's preju-

diced. He's not. How can you be prejudiced if your son is Black?"

Others made the same point. "I never got the racist, homophobic vibe from him," says Barbara Payton, a backing singer who toured with Kid Rock in the 2000s. "As a gay woman, I wouldn't have worked for him if I did."

Even some, like Harmon, who've had personal gripes with Ritchie are inclined to give him the benefit of the doubt, at least to a point. "Do I think Kid Rock is straight-up racist? No," Harmon says. "Do I think Kid Rock is a dickhead? Yes."



#### STILL THE KID

A 19-year-old Ritchie with D-Nice of Boogie Down Productions and Big D of Ultramagnetic MCs (from left) at Heavy D's NYC birthday party in 1990

**R**ITCHIE WAS ONE of the first entertainment figures to declare allegiance to Trump, in an interview with this magazine. "I'm digging Donald Trump," he said in early 2016, before the Republican primaries had begun. "My feeling: Let the business guy run it like a business. And his campaign has been entertaining as shit."

What began as a mild flirtation quickly bloomed into a full-blown love affair. Love wonders half-seriously if Ritchie's "been brainwashed. The Trumpsters are attracted to him, and I think they're absorbing him," she says. "Because the Kid Rock people know now isn't the Kid Rock I was around for years."

Over the past few years, Kid Rock shows have started to resemble Trump rallies. Clark, who helped craft Kid Rock's last major hit, "All Summer Long," worked as a monitor tech on tour with him in 2018, and was alarmed by what he saw. "He started throwing Trump up on the giant screen, like, 'This is your president now, so deal with it!'" he says. "I was horrified. It's a hate machine. It's all these white people, and it's like, 'What hasn't this country given to these people?' Especially Bob Ritchie. What hasn't this country given him? What are you so angry about?"

Two days after meeting with Ritchie at his house, I'll see this dynamic in person at a huge fairground in Gonzales, Louisiana, at the first installment of Rock

the Country. Amid a sea of American flags, Trump 2024 merch, and more than 25,000 fans, Kid Rock will be introduced onstage by Tucker Carlson, then launch into a set that will include riffs about open borders, high taxes, and a declaration that "Joe Biden can kiss my motherfucking Anglo-Saxon ass." At one point, a video of Trump will appear on the screen behind Ritchie, lauding Kid Rock and his fans as "hard-working, God-fearing rock & roll patriots," before exhorting them to "make America rock again."

Even as Ritchie grew more politically outspoken during Trump's presidency, he'd nearly always kept politics off his albums. That ended with his 2022 release, *Bad Reputation*. On the blustery first single, "Don't Tell Me How to Live" — a title that sums up his political philosophy as well as any — he rails against snowflakes, fake news, participation trophies, and easily-offended millennials. "We the People" recycles far-right Covid talking points — "Wear your mask, take your pills/Now a whole generation's mentally ill/Fuck Fauci!" — then turns the anti-Biden meme "Let's Go Brandon!" into a shout-along chorus.

It would be easy to see his rightward political turn as a cynical business decision. After all, Kid Rock is nothing if not a crowd-pleaser. The same way he gave his fans what they wanted musically, shifting from hip-hop toward rock and country, he's also met them where they are ideologically. "This is a guy who has always had his pulse on who his audience is," says Thomas Valentino, who was Ritchie's lawyer for more than a decade, starting in the mid-Nineties. "Right now, he recognizes 90 percent of the people who come to his shows are buying into what he's doing and saying politically. He also leans that way, but he's a smart business guy. If he thinks he's going to make money taking a certain position, then I think a lot of those things are driven by business."

Stafford, who remains close with Ritchie, says Ritchie is "definitely not faking" his political allegiance. "But I don't think he'll miss a good opportunity for some publicity." Ritchie, he believes, is aware of the trade-off he's making. "A lot of longtime fans have said, 'Look, I can't do this anymore.' But he'll probably tell you, 'For every one that leaves, another three will come.' If you go through comments sections, you'll find a lot that are like, 'I didn't even like Kid Rock, didn't like his music, but damn if I'm not going to go to the shows and support this guy.'"

Ritchie has always had an intuitive understanding of marketing, promotion, and how to make money. He tells me that once Trump was in office and the vehemence of the opposition to him became clear, he realized it was risky to be so publicly supportive of him. "When I doubled down on it, I knew that could be a career ender," he says. "But I was betting that there were a lot of like-minded people out there." The bet paid off. Whatever he does now, he says, "half the country says, 'Fuck yeah!'"

Ritchie seems flattered that Trump has returned his affections. He rarely misses an opportunity to mention hanging out or golfing with the former president, and is quick to rise to his defense. When I bring up Trump's divisive rhetoric about [Cont. on 80]



# Sound Waves of Change

## COLOSSAL X MUSICARES

Written by Anne-Marie Pritchett and Taryn Dibler

Since 2022, Colossal, a nationally registered professional fundraiser, has made an extraordinary impact on fundraising with a commitment to supporting diverse charitable causes. Through the America's Next Top Hitmaker competition, Colossal is proud to support MusiCares' mission to help the humans behind the music, including artists, production crew, writers, engineers, and more. In an exclusive interview, MusiCares' vice president of Health and Human Services, Theresa Wolters, shares the organization's vital mission and the support it provides to those in the music industry.

### WHAT DOES MUSICARES DO TO HELP THOSE STRUGGLING IN THE MUSIC INDUSTRY?

For more than three decades, MusiCares has been a critical safety net for people working in music. It supports music professionals in three ways: First, through customized care, MusiCares provides financial assistance and access to services for basic living needs, medical needs, mental health, addiction recovery, disaster relief, funeral expenses, and more. Second, MusiCares offers free preventive dental, vision, hearing, physical therapy, and vocal clinic services through nationwide providers. Finally, MusiCares offers free weekly virtual support, recovery groups, and educational services.

### WHAT NOTABLE CELEBRITIES HAVE YOU WORKED WITH?

We've worked with many talented artists, most notably through our Person of the Year event coinciding with GRAMMY week. This year, we honored Jon Bon Jovi, a seasoned philanthropist. MusiCares has also named Busta Rhymes Pioneer 'Humans of Hip Hop' Champion for his support of the hip-hop community. Many artists have lent their voices and experiences to our educational programs, which is so impactful to normalizing challenges.

### WHAT SERVICES DO YOU SEE A GROWING NEED FOR OVER THE LAST FEW YEARS?

Addiction recovery is a significant service we provide, and for this reason, we have increased our treatment and aftercare options to better meet the needs of music professionals. Many people are still recovering financially from the loss of work in recent years, and we continue to see gigs and tours canceled. Similar to many across America, music professionals are also caring for their mental health in better ways, and support for therapy continues to be a priority. Through our 'Humans of Hip Hop' initiative, we work directly with hip-hop professionals and communities to increase awareness of how MusiCares is here for them.

Music professionals can access support by emailing [musicaresrelief@musicares.org](mailto:musicaresrelief@musicares.org). The Health and Human Services team works directly and compassionately with each individual to understand their needs and provide responsive support.

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# Re

Music

## CHARLIXCX DANCES ON THE EDGE

*Avant-pop  
rebel delivers a  
confessional LP  
that never loses  
its energy*

By BRITTANY SPANOS

brat

**Charli XCX**

Brat

ATLANTIC

**W**HO DOESN'T wanna dance with Charli XCX? The U.K. star has been pop's party girl since her debut, writing high-octane hits for other artists, like Icona Pop's "I Love It" and Iggy Azalea's "Fancy," while saving her most extreme and wildest avant-garde impulses for her own excellent LPs, most recently 2022's *Crash*. On her sixth album, *Brat*, she stays out later and goes harder than ever before. And while she's spinning around on the dance floor she's also spiraling out in her head, digging deep into the types of insecurities and fears reserved for the comedown the morning after.

*Brat* seesaws between extremes from song to song, a hyperpop roller coaster ➔

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## ➔ CHARLI XCX

of post-Saturn return, early-thirties anxieties, and It-girl bravado. The album opens with the one-two punch of “360” and “Club Classics,” a pair of bouncy ragers that have Charli name-dropping famous friends Gabbriette, Julia Fox, Hudson Mohawke, boyfriend George Daniel, and *Brat* co-executive producer A. G. Cook. They’re a throwback to classic club hits, the kind that don’t do more than tell you to free your mind and keep dancing.

By the time we hit “Sympathy Is a Knife,” it’s pretty clear that Charli has only taken half of that advice. It’s the first of several tracks that see her baring some of her most conflicted emotions over beats that never lose their energy. “Sympathy” relays her paranoia, the voice in her head telling her she’s not enough. And even though she needs sympathy, it feels all the more painful when she gets what she wants. Later, on “Rewind,” she lists all of the aspects of herself she feels shame about: her face, her weight, her fame, her chart success. On “So I,” Charli is overwhelmed with regret as she thinks about her friend and collaborator Sophie, who passed away in 2021. The singer opens up about how she wished she had pulled the late artist closer, instead of being intimidated by Sophie’s talent and harsh but loving critiques when the pair worked together.

“Girl, So Confusing” details a different type of relationship, as Charli unpacks a complicated frenemy dynamic with another female pop star. “You’re all about writing poems/But I’m about throwing parties,” she explains. Though she celebrates “Mean Girls” later on the album, this track offers an olive branch in spite of how little she and her mystery peer seem to share.

The album closes out with two of its best tracks. “I Think About It All the Time” is a gorgeous confessional about the future and motherhood, leaving existential questions about when it will be the right time for her to pursue that part of her life up in the air. Once she realizes she doesn’t have all the answers, we go right into “365,” the most euphoric club offering on an album brimming with euphoric club offerings; “Shall we do a little key?/ Shall we have a little line?” she asks, as if the whole album was just one lengthy, drunk bathroom-queue conversation with Charli all along. And who better to have that type of soul-baring conversation in the middle of the night with? ®

HARLEY WEIR

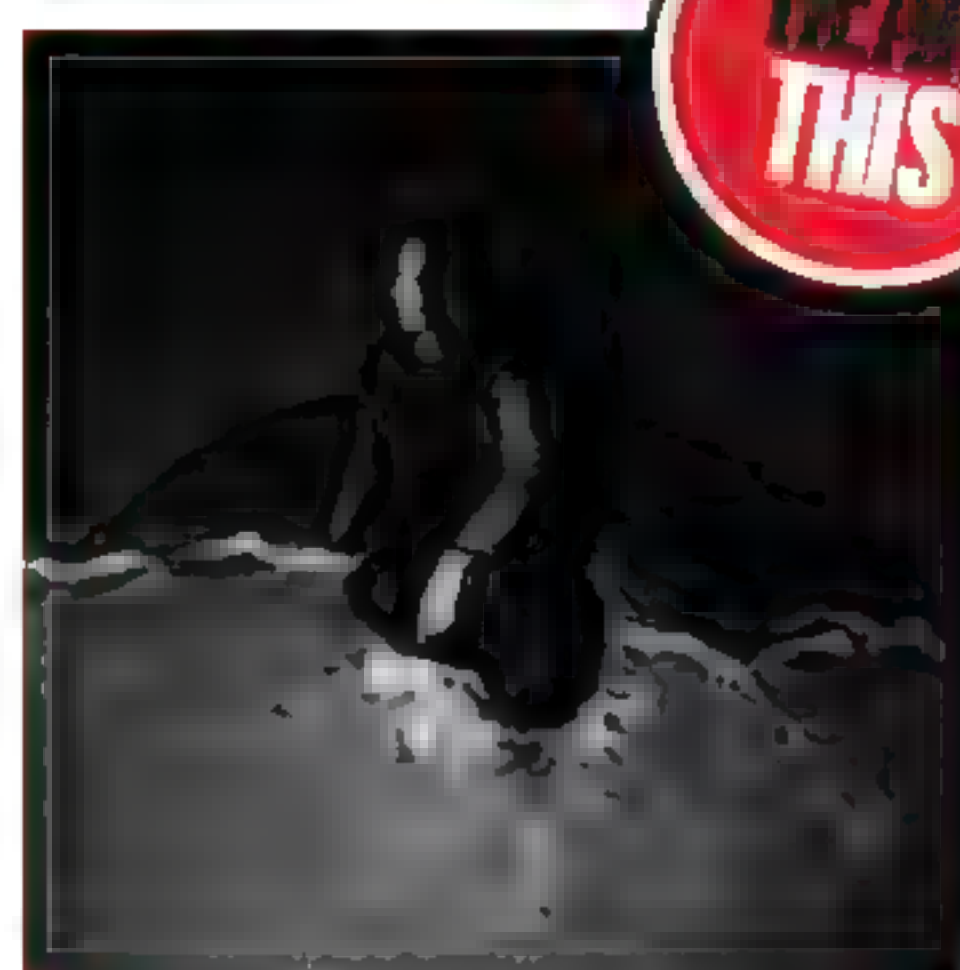


# AROOJ AFTAB DREAMS BIG

*A visionary Pakistani artist keeps many musical traditions moving forward* By BRENN A EHRLICH

**L**ISTENING TO PAKISTANI musician Arooj Aftab sing can feel a little like those first few drifting moments after you pop a bedtime melatonin. The edges of the world bleed like watercolors, and your mind weaves new tales from the frayed memories of your day. That makes sense, given that Aftab herself calls nighttime her “biggest source of inspiration.”

A vocalist, composer, and producer who has taken influence from artists as diverse as Billie Holiday, Abida Parveen, and Jeff



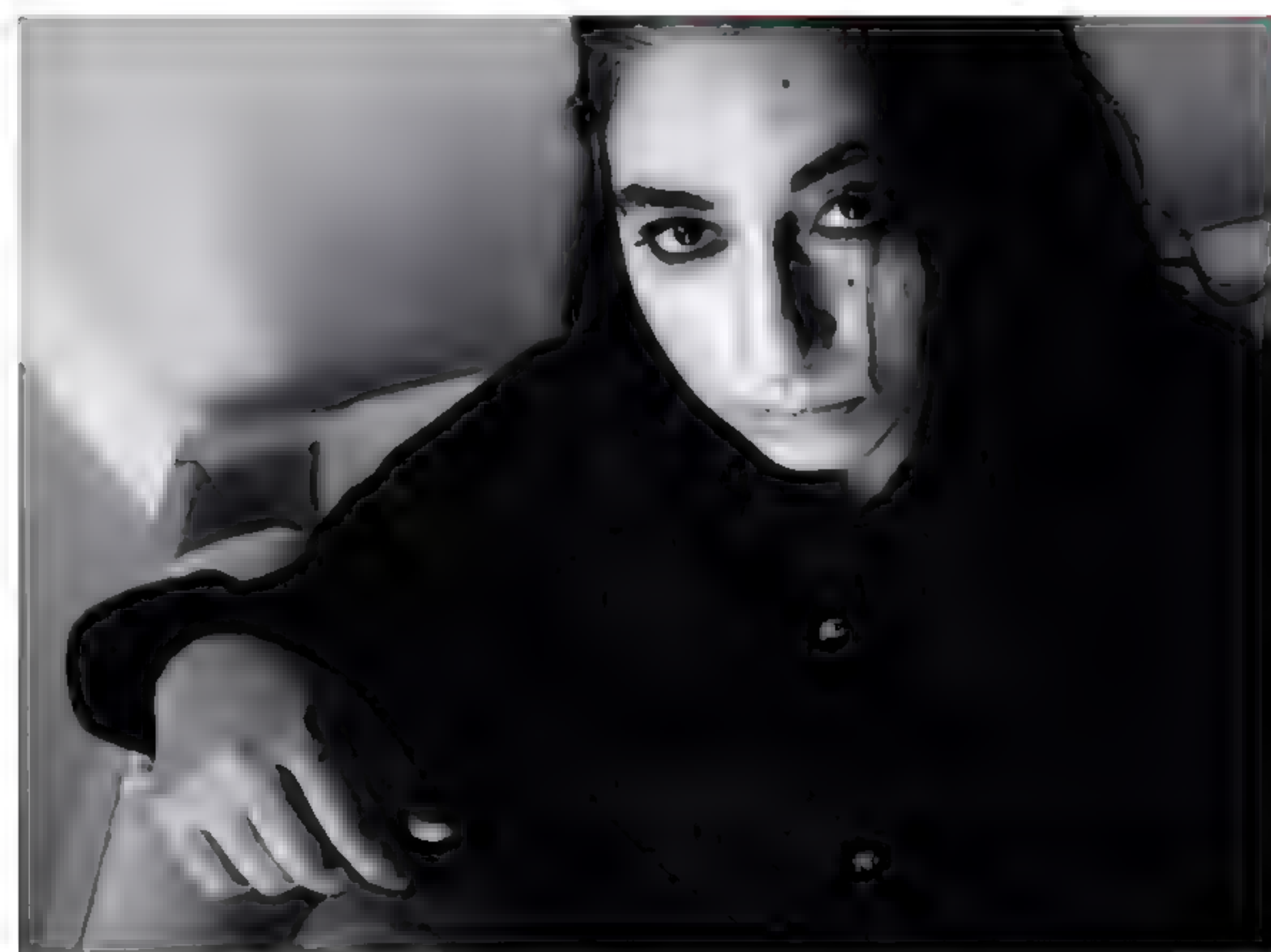
**Arooj Aftab**  
Night Reign  
VERVE



ality in a fucked-up world on the doomy “Bola Na,” and Cautious Clay (flute), Kaki King (guitar), and Elvis Costello (Wurlitzer) re-vamp a Rumi-inspired track from *Vulture Prince* into the gorgeously hectic “Last Night Reprise.”

Aftab also goes to the well of tradition more than once on this record – turning the jazz standard “Autumn Leaves” into an almost foreboding nocturnal landscape, or shaping the words of 18th-century Urdu musician and poet Mah Laqa Bai into a crystalline yet triumphant track that sounds like falling asleep next to your lover on “Na Gul.” This thread of poetic love is sewn in throughout the LP – sliding in like silk on album opener “Aey Nehin,” floating like an intoxicating perfume on “Raat Ki Rani,” and curling up like a cat on the lush “Zameen,” featuring multi-instrumentalist Marc Anthony Thompson.

“Whiskey,” though – one of the only English-language tracks – feels the most personal, like a dream that’s more easily evoked than described. Mingling strings and the hushed sounds of tides coming to shore, the track sees Aftab giving in to infatuation, as her lover drunkenly drowns on her shoulder, and she discovers that she’s “ready to give in to your beauty and let you fall in love with me.” It’s a singular moment of individual bliss, but anyone in the throes of new love will relate. Such is the power of Aftab’s one-of-a-kind sonic vision. She has worlds in her voice, as intimate and expansive as her own imagination. **B**



Buckley, the 39-year-old Aftab has spent her career dreamily eliding the boundaries between jazz, pop, and classical music. A track on her 2021 album, *Vulture Prince*, won a Grammy for Best Global Music Performance, a distinction that limits the scope of what she does. Last year, she collaborated with pianist Vijay Iyer and multi-instrumentalist

Shahzad Ismaily for the beautifully experimental *Love in Exile*, one of 2023’s best albums.

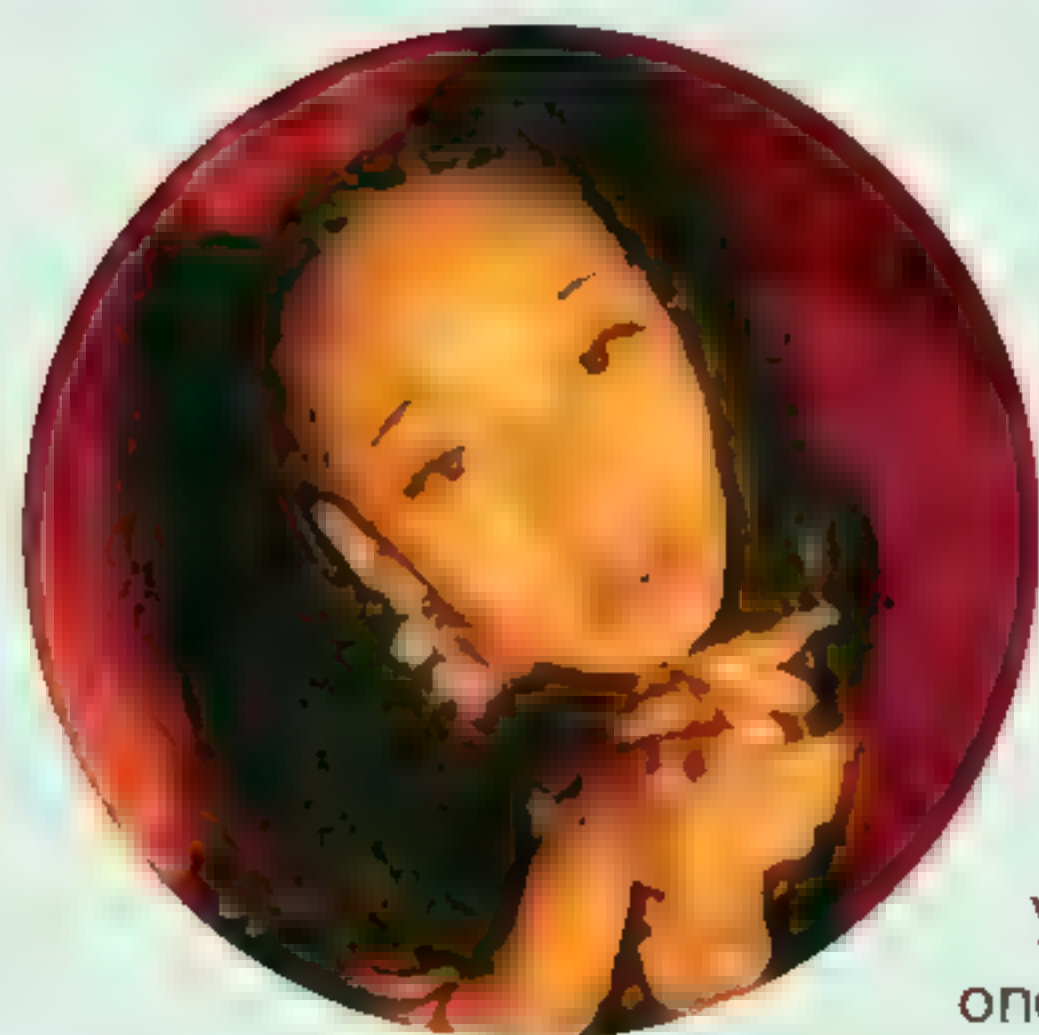
Aftab’s new LP, *Night Reign*, finds her getting even more range-y than usual. Iyer returns to layer delicate, almost Disney-eque keys into the cool-water flow of “Saaqi.” Poet and experimental musician Moor Mother spits bars about the tenuous nature of re-

FROM TOP: SHREYA DEV DUBE; FARIS BIENEMY

**BREAKING**

## Anycia Is the Girl Boss We Need

**TWENTY-SIX-YEAR-OLD** Atlanta rapper Anycia has risen rapidly thanks to the vibrant personality and entrancing baritone many first heard during her 2023 From the Block performance of “BRB.” She follows through on her debut album, *Princess Pop That*, the kind of smooth listen that fits into a playlist of hustler braggadocio, except it’s a woman on her boss shit. “I hope you get up out the car, and then your phone crack,” she raps on “Nene’s Prayer.” The album further entrenches her as one of the “rap girlies” who make music for the turn-up as well as chill vibes. **ANDRE GEE**



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## ➔ ALABAMA'S WAR ON WOMEN

[Cont. from 35] months after the officer learned she was pregnant.

Another was arrested six days after giving birth, separated from her newborn and toddler for two months after she tested positive at the hospital for a legal prescription medication.

Another used a store-bought CBD oil during pregnancy. When a drug test administered at the hospital turned up traces of THC, she was separated from her newborn for two months, pretrial.

Another was arrested when her young daughter told a social worker that her mother was pregnant and using drugs. That woman was held for 36 hours before she was allowed to take a test proving she was not pregnant after all. She was released immediately – testing positive for a substance is not a criminal offense if the person is not pregnant or on parole. (She recently reached a settlement with the Etowah County Sheriff's Department over her unlawful detention.)

These women's names, the unlitigated accusations against them, and their photographs are frequently published in press releases by the Etowah County Sheriff's Department and reprinted, uncritically, by local news outlets without comment from the accused or their lawyers.

The arrests have become so common in Etowah County there's a slang term for them: It's called being "hit with a chemical." Almost all of these cases are handled by the same investigator, Brandi Fuller. Fuller works in a small, windowless office under the detention center. She has long, silvery hair crimped with gel. When I show up at her office in March, she tells me she wishes she could share her perspective, but she's not supposed to speak with the media. Before I leave, though, she tells me that she was assigned her role by the former sheriff, who decided that all chemical-endangerment arrests should be executed by the same officer. She says she didn't want to be the only person in charge of these types of arrests – "Who the hell wants to put a pregnant woman in jail?" – but it's her job. And, she adds, "it's the law, period."

Two years ago, Pregnancy Justice helped force a policy change that has resulted in fewer pregnant and postpartum women being held indefinitely in Etowah County jail. They no longer have to put up \$10,000 cash and agree to enter a drug-treatment program to be released on bond, but they continue to be arrested on these charges, lawyers say.

Virtually none of the women arrested in Etowah County end up taking their cases to trial, regardless of the facts. The stakes, for the mothers, are just too high. In most cases, a maximum of 10 years – the first 10 years of her child's life – if she loses. (The sentences can be higher, depending on the details of the case, including whether it is a repeat offense.) Instead of risking it, most accept a plea deal. A deal doesn't guarantee a woman will stay out of jail, though. Some struggle to satisfy the conditions of the agreement: They might miss a class, or a meeting, or a drug test because of child-care issues or transportation complications, which can send them back to jail.

Numerous women without addictions were arrested because of this initiative, and for some who have struggled with substance-use issues, instead of helping with recovery, the policy landed them in jail over and over again.

The first time Ashley Caswell was arrested for chemical endangerment was in 2019, when she was two-months pregnant. (Caswell has been accused of

methamphetamine use.) The day she was booked into jail, she reported she was raped there and filed a formal grievance with the detention center. Her lawyer says that she never received any response at all from the jail. (Caswell was taken to the hospital, where, according to a lawsuit she later filed against the county, her medical records showed she had sustained bruising on her vagina and inner thighs. In their response to the lawsuit, lawyers for Etowah County denied the allegations.)

Even as Southern jails go, Etowah County ranks among the most inhumane. There are no in-person visits allowed, and the only source of fresh air comes through small, barred windows near the ceiling of a concrete rec room known as "the sweat box."

Investigations from watchdogs have long raised alarms about deficient medical care and inedible food at the jail. In 2016, the Southern Poverty Law Center found detainees at Etowah "failed to receive medication because facility staff delayed, refused, or forgot to distribute it"; the Women's Refugee Commission wrote in 2012 that "in no other detention facility have we received so many complaints of inadequate, inedible, and insufficient food." In 2022, U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement ended a 28-year contract with the facility after identifying "serious deficiencies" at the jail.

By the time Caswell was released after her first stint in Etowah, her mother, Denise, says she was a different person: "Closed off, not wanting to open up to people, not trusting. I was told by a pastor that he felt that she didn't even know what love was anymore." Caswell wanted to move away from the county after she was let out that first time, but, Denise says, it was a condition of her release that she remain there. "She didn't need to be there," Denise says. Nowhere in the country pursues these arrests as aggressively as Etowah County; if Caswell had been able to leave, she might not have been re-arrested, for the same charge, during a different pregnancy, two years later.

Caswell was being held in Etowah in October 2021 when her water broke, seven months after her arrest. According to the complaint filed by her lawyers, she spent 12 hours laboring unmedicated, vomiting from the pain, wailing so loud another inmate yelled at guards to "do something," before she was given a single Tylenol. Her lawyers say Caswell alerted at least five jail staffers that she was in labor, begging to be taken to the hospital. Instead, she says, she was told to "stop screaming" and "deal with the pain."

Caswell was bleeding profusely by the time she was finally escorted to the prison shower, where, she later told her lawyers, it felt like her body "was ripping apart." She was standing alone in the shower when her son's head started to emerge. Dizzy and concerned that she might faint from blood loss, she called for the corrections officer to catch her baby, then everything went black.

According to her lawsuit, when Caswell came to, she was lying, naked and bleeding, on the concrete shower floor, with a strange tugging sensation in her lower abdomen. She looked up to see corrections officers – suddenly there were five crowded into the shower – posing for a photo with her newborn son, still connected to her by the umbilical cord.

When Caswell and her baby were finally taken to Gadsden Regional hospital later that night, a doctor noted that the gurney she was wheeled in on was soaked with blood "from her shoulders to her feet." She was diagnosed with a placental abruption, a potentially fatal condition that occurs when the placenta rips apart from the uterus.

Attorneys representing the county deny the claims made in Caswell's lawsuit. Randy McNeill, a lawyer for the Etowah County sheriff and corrections officers named in the suit, tells ROLLING STONE, "There is a *significant* difference between allegations in a complaint and the facts. We are looking forward [to] showing the facts and hope that it even gets a small portion of the publicity that the amended complaint has generated." Asked if he could share any details about his clients' version of the events, McNeill said, "I would actually love to, but I am constrained by Bar rules."

Caswell spent two days in the hospital with her baby. Then she was discharged, and sent back to jail. Her son was placed in foster care. The irony of Etowah County's policy is that the forced separation of a mother and her baby has been shown to have a significant negative impact on the child. Evidence indicates that separating a mother and child at birth or early in life can have profound, lifelong effects on brain chemistry, increasing the likelihood of post-traumatic stress, anxiety, mood, psychotic, and substance-use disorders. When it comes to exposure to controlled substances, "generally speaking, we grossly overstate the consequences of an in-utero chemical exposure, and greatly minimize the role of the caregiving environment," says Dr. Mishka Terplan, an OB-GYN and addiction-medicine specialist.

For methamphetamine, like Caswell has been accused of using, Terplan says studies show the differences between children who were exposed to amphetamine in utero, and those who weren't "lessen to the point of more or less being undetectable" as the child ages. "There might be some differences in some measurements of development in infancy, and very early childhood, but the magnitude of those tend to almost all go away" within about seven years. MRI imaging does continue to show a difference in the brain after this point, Terplan says, but those results are "of uncertain clinical significance."

Pregnancy Justice is currently suing Etowah County, alleging that its treatment of Caswell violated her rights under the 14th Amendment – the same amendment under which fetal-personhood advocates want embryo rights recognized.

In its complaint, the organization's lawyers cite the accounts of other pregnant women who experienced similar treatment at the jail: There's A.S., a terrified first-time mom who was told guards "didn't have time" to check on her when she went into labor. It was her fellow inmates, including Caswell, who timed her contractions and coached her through labor from adjoining cells. And K.W., whose water broke shortly after her arrest, about four months into her pregnancy. Five days elapsed before she was taken to the hospital. Her pregnancy ultimately ended in a stillbirth, and the loss of so much blood she required a transfusion. Her doctors later told her the baby would have survived if she'd been transported to the hospital when she first alerted prison guards to her condition. (In their response, lawyers for the county say their clients "are without sufficient belief or knowledge to admit or deny" these claims.)

Today, Caswell is incarcerated at Julia Tutwiler Prison in Wetumpka, Alabama, where she is serving a sentence of 15 years for chemical endangerment, concurrently with another sentence, second-degree assault, for shoving an Etowah County prison guard. Her son will turn three in October. In December, 2034 – her release date, according to the Alabama Department of Corrections, if she serves her entire sentence – he will be in the eighth grade. 📖



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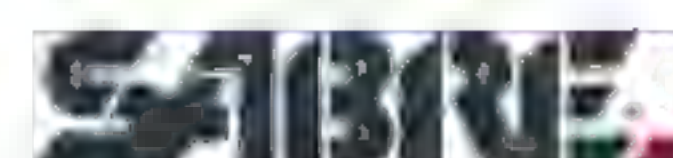
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## → DOULA

[Cont. from 40] of the first Africans who came to the Americas – many of them enslaved. Black midwives and doulas were a source of spiritual, emotional, and physical support, and they were respected across racial lines in their communities. Williams' own great-grandmother, Polly, was said to be a "baby catcher."

"The deeper you get into birth work, the deeper you see the undercurrents. Birth workers have never pretended like abortion is not a part of the work we do," says Whitney Williams-Black, a full-spectrum doula – a person trained to support every form of pregnancy, from abortions to postpartum – as well as a student-nurse midwife and organizer of the Doula WorkStudy Project. "In the Deep South, people knew that a Black midwife could help bring a baby in, but she could also get the baby out."

Williams' own experience at the intersection of Blackness, transness, and disability – navigating autism, PTSD, and mobility issues (he uses a cane) – while also having been pregnant puts him in a unique position to understand the hurdles that can arise while trying to get a simple medical procedure. In his six years in the field, he says, some of the reproductive organizations he's worked for have refused to acknowledge and respect identities outside of what's considered traditional womanhood.

"I've been told this is not about trans people," Williams says. "As with many Black and trans people, I know that there are structural and systemic barriers to getting the jobs I want and am qualified to do."

Williams instead does much of his work independently, connecting with people who need his services through his network and word of mouth.

In March 2022, a few months before the overturning of *Roe v. Wade*, India Ríos-Jimenez learned that she was pregnant and didn't know where to turn for help. "Living in Georgia, they were talking about overturning," she tells me. "I talked on Instagram about it, and someone said, 'I know an abortion doula.'"

That doula turned out to be Williams – with whom Ríos-Jimenez had a rocky history. The pair

had butted heads years earlier over their work in the nonprofit space.

"I was like, 'Oh, Ash hates me, there's no way Ash is going to help me,' but Ash didn't bring up any of the past stuff. He was like, 'Hey, India, if it's cool, could I fundraise for you?'" Williams started the request on his socials in the morning – Ríos-Jimenez, who was splitting the \$400 fee with her sexual partner, was only looking for \$200 – by that afternoon, Ash raised the full \$400. "I was crying," Ríos-Jimenez says. "It was such a relief." In addition to the money, Williams also sent a care package filled with herbal teas, the herb black cohosh, a heating pad, and palo santo to clear the air.

Williams also hosts abortion-doula trainings throughout the country and virtually via Zoom. And

**"As long as there's people calling me and telling me they need an abortion and they need help, I'm going to do whatever I can," says abortion doula Ash Williams.**

he has run seminars on gender justice since receiving an invitation from the abortion clinic where he had his second abortion, in 2018, to do a training for staff.

"I saw Ash was doing an abortion-doula training on Twitter, and I reached out," says Nandi, an abortion doula in Georgia who attended one of Williams' sessions. (Nandi asked *ROLLING STONE* to use only her first name in this story.) "It was a space for only Black folks. With Ash being trans and having a different perspective on how to support folks who are not cisgender, that was really helpful for my practice."

Nandi, who has two children and has had three abortions (two before the *Dobbs* decision and one after), is a full-spectrum doula who's accompanied

clients to North Carolina so they could have abortions that the state of Georgia restricted.

**T**HE FIGHT FOR abortion care and access is ongoing, seemingly exhausting, and yet, Williams says, "I have a lot of hope."

Last year, researchers found that Americans had more than a million abortions in the U.S., a 10 percent increase since 2020, when there was increasing talk about the overturning of *Roe v. Wade*.

"People are still calling me, asking where to get help to have an abortion, and that's the source of my hope: abortion seekers," he says. "As long as there's people calling me and telling me they need an abortion and they need help, I'm going to do whatever I can."

The latest hurdle Williams and his clients are anticipating is a Supreme Court decision that could limit access to mifepristone, a drug that can end a pregnancy when taken in combination with misoprostol. Though studies have shown mifepristone, which has been used for decades, is safe, conservatives filed a lawsuit alleging that it's dangerous. "These kinds of moves impact disabled people in a negative way," Williams says. "If people are not paying attention to it, because they are not paying attention to disabled people anyway, then that will continue to be another gap in care for reproductive health."

On the Friday Williams and I first speak, it's been a week since I've undergone my own abortion. "Congratulations," he says, genuinely. It throws me off, but in a good way. He's the first person to celebrate my process, and it feels affirming. "There's not just sadness and grief, but there's also so much relief and celebration," says Williams, who had an abortion shower years after his own procedures. "I believe every person deserves to have the kind of abortion that they want to have, the kind of pregnancy that they want to have."

"People are afraid to talk about abortion," he continues. "We have this idea that if we are talking about birth, then we are not talking about abortion, like abortion is some other type of issue. Both birth and abortion have been medicalized and institutionalized and taken out of the hands of the community." ®

## → REBRANDING PRO-LIFE

[Cont. from 41] ted to working with anti-abortion groups to craft a biased ballot summary. That means when voters went to the ballot box to decide on a pro-choice amendment, they didn't actually see the amendment as it was being proposed – but an anti-abortion interpretation of the measure. (Voters were so eager to restore abortion rights that the amendment won regardless.)

In Kansas, anti-choice groups sent out text messages to voters to "Vote YES to protect women's health," even though a "yes" vote would have removed abortion protections. As pro-choice activists collected signatures to get abortion on the ballot in Missouri, anti-abortion groups warned voters via text messages that "out-of-state strangers" would try to steal their personal information by asking them to sign petitions. Missourians got texts instructing them to "protect yourself from fraud & theft" by not signing any petitions. This move came after the state's attorney general held up abortion-rights advocates signature-gathering for months by refusing to sign off on a cost

estimate for the ballot measure before being forced by the state Supreme Court to let it move forward.

In Arizona, Republicans took a different tack. After an 1864 ban was allowed to stand by the state Supreme Court, sparking a national backlash, Republicans decided to propose a ballot measure of their own in order to trick angry voters. A leaked GOP strategy document laid out the party's plan to introduce a ballot measure that sounded pro-choice in order to siphon votes away from the real abortion-rights amendment in the state. They even floated using names like the "Arizona Abortion Protection Act" and the "Arizona Abortion and Reproductive Care Act."

Anti-abortion groups in Nebraska did much the same thing earlier this year: After the pro-choice group Protect Our Rights launched a ballot initiative, conservatives proposed a similar-sounding amendment that they called Protect Women and Children. They claimed the measure would protect abortion in the first trimester of a pregnancy. What they failed to mention is that Nebraska recently enacted a 12-week ban; that means passing their "pro-choice" amendment would actually enshrine a ban into the

state constitution – making it nearly impossible to repeal.

All of these efforts – the fake ballot measures, text trickery, and the war on language – are being pushed precisely because Republicans know that Americans support abortion rights. They know they can't win on their own arguments and merits, so they try to lie and fool voters. As we speed toward the election this November, we'll see the same kinds of tactics from the Republicans running – including Trump, who is desperate to escape voters' post-*Roe* fury.

But as dystopian as the attacks on democracy are, there is also good news. The anti-abortion future Republicans want for this country is a vision shared by only a handful of powerful extremists. The vast majority of us want people's health protected, women's humanity and dignity intact, and personal health decisions to stay personal.

We quite literally have the power of the people on our side. We just have to be ready for a long-haul battle that doesn't stop with one state or one win. And we have to point out, again and again, that what the GOP is doing with abortion rights is being done against our wills. ®



## ➔ CARDI B

[Cont. from 48] she's leaning more on her parents, but she's wary of overextending them. "I had them kids," she says. "They came out of my pussy, not my mom's. They mine." Offset is around and helping out, having just finished his own tour, but Cardi still feels stretched thin. "My kids come first. My kids come before anything," she says, having reframed her priorities since our last meeting.

She is particularly frustrated that some of her fans expect her to churn out social media content in the midst of all this — never mind that, in recent days, she did lengthy live sessions on Instagram and TikTok. Both were casual, with Cardi at home (snacking on junk food in her mom's house for the former). "Not only [are] just your fans telling you that," she continues, "you got to deal with what I'm dealing with now — motherhood — that nobody could solve for me. No assistant could solve for me. No husband could solve for me. No label could solve for me. Nobody could solve what's going on in my home, and what's going on in my home is we have a shortage of my kids being taken care of. I got to solve it."

Cardi gets two calls that offer a glimpse of how she's coping. "Hubington, FaceTime Video," her iPhone announces at one point. I catch Offset on the screen, looking a bit like a dental patient. "You got that gold tooth?" she asks him. "You got it done! I don't look country! Looks good."

"You like it?" asks Offset.

"I love it."

They chat breezily with each other for just a couple of minutes before ending the call. "It seems like you and Offset are doing good?" I pose.

"We're all right now," Cardi says. With a giggle, she waves off my inquiry about Offset updates.

The other call, Siri announces, is from an unsaved Los Angeles number. "My therapist," Cardi says. Cardi's tried to let her rage or sadness motivate her in the booth, she tells me, but her voice just ends up cracking and she can't hit the melodies. "So I just got a therapist, and I really like her."

The counselor is just calling to check on her. Cardi relays that she needed a hand with the kids, but that she's good. She and the therapist are just getting started; back in L.A. she'd told me she wasn't in therapy, having found it hard to focus during the sessions. "It was just too much going on," Cardi says when I ask about her change of heart. "And when there's too much going on, it fucks up my work."

**T**HE TENSION CARDI brought with her to Jungle City melts away as she and Brunson play some favorite beats from the album. She's recorded lyrics to them, but she's not ready to share those just yet; the track list and song titles are not final either. "Better Than You" reminds me of UGK and OutKast's "Int'l Players Anthem (I Choose You)," with a pitched-up vocal sample, rich, violin-like synths, and rolling Southern drums. Cardi notes that its sound — courtesy of the producer Vinylz, whom she's known since her days as a dancer — is brand-new for her.

"I feel like the beat is not a beat you could get rowdy on," she says. "It's a real calm beat. And I had two choices, I could do more of an inspirational type of record — 'I used to grind all my life' — but then I decided to be like, 'No, I'm going to shit on you bitches.'"

When they play another beat, this one for a song called "Pick It Up," Cardi's face brightens. She hums

with her eyes closed, throwing her head back, starbursting her fingers. It's one of her pop-radio songs, she says, sugary with high-femme twinkles and chimes and keys that are distorted like a fun-house mirror. Cardi rounds out the preview with a sexy drill production from her regular collaborator Swan-Qo, who produced "Like What (Freestyle)," "Up," and more. It's called "Don't Do Too Much," and it's glittery and animated, with a playful whistle as its through line. Cardi says she gets some jokes off on it. "If it was up to me," she says, "my whole album would sound like drill."

In fact, there are a few left-field approaches she's ruminated on. "You see how Beyoncé is doing a country-album type shit and it's just she's doing what she likes?" she asks me. "If it was up to me, I would do songs like 'Erotica' because that's what I like. I like Madonna's *Erotica*, 'Justify My Love.' If I was on that level that Beyoncé's at, I would do songs like that." But for now, Cardi thinks she still needs to do her due diligence in hip-hop more traditionally first.

Cardi is ruthless with producers; most beats tend to bore her. "It's like, 'Just come ready,'" she says. "Because I'm a really quick person. I give you a description, what I want to hear, what I like, how I sound, what I've been listening to lately. Y'all come, y'all play me y'all shit. If I don't like it, it's like, 'Sorry, next time.'"

One who's really impressed her is fellow Bronxite Cash Cobain, whose star as both a producer and rapper has been rising in the horny, laid-back, sexy drill movement. Both rappers have a penchant for "[saying] things that shouldn't be said, for real," he tells me later. In L.A., in March, Cash played Cardi about 30 tracks, many of which she loved. "I was like, 'Damn, now I got to make a lot of choices because I don't want my whole album to sound like this,'" Cardi says.

Cash said he could see Cardi's work ethic before he ever met her, way back when he was 19, hearing her blasting from the city's hip-hop stations, Hot 97 and Power 105. "All this rapping shit, staying in the right pocket, the voice, and everything being so perfect — that's hard work," he says. "And her product is amazing. It's not just something that she's just throwing out."

In the seven years since "Bodak Yellow," a new crop of artists from New York — from all over — have come of age with Cardi as a North Star. "I know for a fact I'm a staple," she says finally, after having fretted about making a statement, cementing her place, and besting herself with her next album. "I know for a fact that I [opened] a fucking door. I know for a fact that I [can] rap. I know for a fact I make fucking hits. Sometimes people be trying to belittle me, and it's like, 'No, I'm that bitch and y'all fucking know it.'"

She pulls out her phone and beckons me near. "I want you to see this," she says. "This is not even about bragging." She opens a text conversation with a manager, pulling up a graphic detailing a performance offer that looked to be for \$1.5 million. "That's for one show," says Cardi. In the text chain, the manager mentions that he thinks he can get it to \$2 million.

She seems to think back to the TikTok that made her cry. "If I was doing things for money," she says, "I would put out music every month because nothing pays me more than shows. I'm turning down these concerts because I don't got no new music."

She's confident that if she wanted to, she could milk her star power to no end. "But I care about how my music sound," she says. "I care about my quality. I care about giving something special every single time." ®



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[Cont. from 71] immigrants, about Democrats, about nearly anyone who crosses him, Ritchie embraces this aspect of his character as a feature, not a bug.

"You think I like Trump because he's a nice guy?" he says. "I'm not electing the deacon of a church. That motherfucker likes to win. He likes to cheat in his fucking golf game. I want that guy on my team. I want the guy who goes, 'I'm going to fight with you.'"

Ultimately, his attachment to Trump feels more personal than ideological. Sure, he will parrot Fox News talking points about immigration, foreign policy, or the economy, but what he seems most drawn to in Trump as a rich, famous, attention-hungry loudmouth whose cartoonish persona was once universally celebrated but is now toxic to half the populace is a reflection that looks a lot like his own.

Several people I interviewed believe that as a business-minded, country-music-loving, stuck-in-his-ways conservative, Ritchie has essentially become what he once despised: his father. "I just don't think the apple ever falls far from the tree," says Clark.

Ritchie doesn't really disagree. "Man, the stereotypes are true. I turn into more of him every day."

**T**HE MUSIC RITCHIE tells me he's been working on lately isn't political at all. He wants me to hear some, so after the Fox News hit, we climb into an ATV and he drives us down a steep hill, through the woods, about a half-mile to the large building that houses his home studio.

Ritchie can't find the right cable to connect his phone to the studio's sound system, so we go to a lounge area where he plays a couple of new country-tinged rock songs on his phone. This is about the point when shit starts going decidedly sideways.

For the first two hours that we talked, Ritchie seemed eager to argue politics, but I tried not to take the bait. Yeah, we got into it about trans rights ("I can coexist with anyone in a public space. I used to go to those clubs with them fuckers in New York. They were a hoot") and the 2020 election ("I'm going to say this on the record: It was stolen ... by a bunch of fucking jackasses that voted for Joe Biden"), but for the most part, it didn't seem productive to shout at each other about things we were never going to agree on. Besides, debating Ritchie is maddening. He skips from topic to topic like he's flipping channels, and says intentionally outrageous shit in a way that it's never clear whether he's joking, serious, just trying to irritate you, or maybe all three. And he likes to do it all at high volume. This exchange was fairly typical:

RITCHIE: You can't stop evil, but you don't have to let them in so easily either. We want great fucking immigrants, people that want to come here, have a better life, work. They're Christians, if you're talking about Mexico.

ME: But when Trump says these people are—

RITCHIE: They are!

ME: ... not humans.

RITCHIE: They're murderers! They're rapists! They are! MS-13! They just did the girl over here! They just did the girl in Nashville!

ME: Those are anecdotal. If you look at crime stats, immigrants commit crime at a much lower level than citizens.

RITCHIE: It only takes 10 of them!

ME: What?

RITCHIE: 9/11!

ME: Those are two different things.

RITCHIE: No, it's not! It only takes a few of them! Why can't we just have a system where we're going to vet you first—

ME: We have one!

RITCHIE: ... then we're going to welcome you and help you out! I have no problem spending my tax dollars on that.

ME: When Trump gets up and talks about immigrants as rapists and animals, that creates an environment where the guy who came across the border running from violence or trying to support his family is now treated like shit.

RITCHIE: So, with that thinking, you'd say gangsta rap is contributing to all these young Black men shooting each other and going to jail.

ME: How are those things equivalent?

To be fair, Ritchie could just as quickly downshift, turn on the charm, and dish up self-deprecating stories or offer me earnest advice about my finances or my girlfriend. But once we're sitting in the lounge, all he wants to do is squabble.

By this time, I've long since quit drinking, but Ritchie has exchanged his white wine for Jim Beam and Diet Coke. He proceeds to drain at least three or four of them in pretty quick succession. He's sitting in a dark leather chair, shouting at me about something or other, when he reaches behind the seat, pulls out a black handgun, and waves it around to make some sort of point.

"And I got a fucking goddamn gun right here if I need it!" he shouts. "I got them everywhere!"

This was the tenor of the next hour or so. We start talking about American history, and he rightfully brings up slavery and the genocide of Native Americans as stains on that history. I ask him if he worries that in the modern day he might be on the wrong side of history.

"No. It was the Republicans that freed the fucking slaves!"

"Yes, but the Republicans were the progressive party back then."

"I know where you're going with this, and I'll tell you why I don't," Ritchie says. "Because Trick Trick, the hardest-hitting n---r in Detroit, was like, 'Dog, you had that shit right. We need Trump.' I'll call him right fucking now." He dials his phone, but Christian Mathis, the pioneering underground Detroit rapper who goes by Trick Trick, doesn't pick up. Ritchie turns back to me. "I'm telling you. These dogs are calling me like, 'Yo, n---r, you had that one right!'" (Mathis didn't respond to subsequent messages asking for confirmation of his support for Trump.)

It's worth mentioning these are not the only times Ritchie drops the n-word during my visit. It'd be easy to label this as the rantings of a drunk racist, but as with everything that Ritchie does, it's hard to know how calculated it all is. Is he just trying to get a reaction? Is he begging to be pilloried when this story comes out so he can launch into a very public tirade against "cancel culture"? Is this all just a play for more attention? Would any of that make it less shitty?

The strange thing is, despite his rhetoric, Ritchie's politics aren't uniformly regressive. He considers himself socially liberal. And the longer we argue, the more I can see the faint outlines of reasonable stances on things like immigration, government regulation of corporations, and tax policy. But here's the thing: Nobody will ever hear any of that over the shouting, the name-calling, and all of his other attention-grabbing bullshit. I don't think he really

cares because the shouting, the name-calling, and the attention-grabbing bullshit are who he is now. It's as if the blurry line between Kid Rock and Bob Ritchie has disappeared entirely.

One theory several people I interviewed offered is that Ritchie's right-wing awakening is as much about managing the emotional fallout of a waning career as it is about any deep-seated beliefs. He's always longed for the spotlight, and now, as a 53-year-old more than a decade removed from his last big hit, he's doing whatever he can to keep it on him. Although he remains a big live draw, when you're accustomed to the endorphin hit that comes with being at the white-hot center of pop culture, you may find playing a casino in Sacramento or the fairgrounds in Gonzales doesn't provide the same rush. That's not to say Kid Rock's politics don't reflect Bob Ritchie's beliefs, but yelling them so loudly feels performative. The real question is whether he's satisfied doing that.

At one point in the evening, the MAGA veil falls for a moment, and he seems to lament becoming such a reviled figure among so many music fans. "No one's ever going to say, 'Fuck Prince,'" he tells me. "As soon as he goes" — and here, Ritchie breaks into song — "I never meant to cause you any sorrow," you're like, 'Ahh!'"

"Yeah, but Prince wasn't out talking shit about everyone, spouting political opinions."

"I don't care. 'Purple Rain' is probably the greatest Prince song ever written. Prince is known for 'Purple Rain.' I'm known for shooting up Bud Light cans!"

"But do you want that? You don't want that to be your epitaph."

"I don't care."

"Yeah, but you do."

"No, I don't. You don't understand. I really don't give a fuck."

"If that was true, you wouldn't go on Laura Ingraham. You wouldn't talk to me."

He tells me that's just business. If he can make "shit tons more money," he can give it to friends, family, his band, and to the MD Anderson Cancer Center, which took care of his father when he was sick.

"But it's not about money anymore, right?" I ask him. "You've got money."

"Finances make a lot of decisions."

"I get that, but my whole point is whether you want to be the guy on Fox News or whether you want to be remembered for the music."

"Fox News," he says, deadpan. Then he laughs.

I shrug, thank him for meeting with me and tell him I've got to go. I need to be back in Atlanta tonight, and have a four-hour drive ahead of me.

"No, you don't," he tells me. "You can stay."

"Really, I've got to go."

"You can crash here tonight. I've got room for you."

"I appreciate it, but I can't."

"Well, you need me to drive you to the house."

This is true. My car is at least a half-mile away, up a steep hill, through unfamiliar woods, and by now, it's dark outside. "Well, I can walk if I have to, but, yeah, it would be nice if you could give me a ride back."

"You won't make it," Ritchie snarls. "Just watch this one YouTube video and then I'll take you up there." After some fidgeting with the remote, he loads a video of himself performing "Born Free" at a 2011 charity event onto the flatscreen in the lounge. The audience at the show includes Jimmy Carter, Bill Clinton, George H.W. Bush, and George W. Bush.

"Don't you miss being that guy?" I ask him.

"No. I can do that any day of the week."



“Not anymore. Because you couldn’t be in a room with—”

“I don’t give a frog’s fat fuck! Look around. I got a butler named Uncle Tom. Do I look like I give a fuck?”

When the video ends, I stand up to go, but he wants to watch another one. And then another one after that. This goes on for more than half an hour – me telling him I need to leave, him insisting on watching just one more video, all while goading me into arguments about Gaza, Trump, whatever. He pulls an acoustic guitar off the wall and plays along with shaky fan footage of himself performing “Maggie May.” I start to wonder if I’ll ever get home. Finally, I pick up my backpack.

“OK, I’m out.”

Ritchie shakes his head. “You’ll just stay over.”

“I can’t. I really have to go.”

“All right. This is the last one we’ll watch.”

“No, the last one was the last one.”

“This one is the final final. That’s what my dad used to say, the final final.”

“I’ve got to go.”

“You can’t get anywhere without me.”

“I’ve got legs. I can make it up the hill. I’m leaving.”

I start walking toward the door.

“Sit down.”

“No.”

“One more and that’s it.”

“You said that 10 fucking minutes ago!”

“Final final. You haven’t even asked me about my jewelry.”

He shoves his hands toward me. He’s got heavily jeweled rings on two fingers. One says “D,” the other “KR.”

“Detroit and Kid Rock,” I say, pointing at each of them. “Can I go now?”

Ritchie mixes himself another drink and starts picking up the threads of arguments we started hours ago. He calls me a “college snowflake.” He asks how much money I made last year, and when I tell him, he tells me I need a new job. Then he complains about his tax dollars supporting “Black women having children they can’t afford.”

“Look,” I tell him, “there are people who abuse the system but—”

“We call those Black people. Would you agree?”

“No.”

“So, you don’t like Black people?”

“I don’t think Black people abuse the system.”

“You hate Black people?”

At this point, I don’t know whether he believes anything he’s saying, or if he just wants to keep me there fighting with him. By now, we’re chest to chest and he’s up in my face, but I think I can detect a sly smile creeping from the corner of his mouth. He’s just baiting me, but I’m surprised at how dedicated he is to the task. Is he lonely, or just bored? It’s not as if he’s holed up in his giant mansion, Norma Desmond-style. He’s got people around – among others, his manager, his long-term fiancée, Audrey Berry, and, of course, Uncle Tom – but I get the feeling what he wants isn’t companionship but a sparring partner.

“All right, take me home, man. We’re not getting anywhere with this. You just fucking love to argue.”

“No.”

After another five or 10 minutes of this back-and-forth, he finally seems to lose steam and agrees to drive me back to my car. As he pours himself one more drink for the road, he looks me up and down.

“Do you think you could whup the shit out of me?” he asks.

I laugh. “Probably not.”

“You can take a shot if you want.”

“No, thanks. I’m good.”

As we ride up the dark hill, he’s quiet – well, not exactly quiet, but quieter. He’s still needling me, but his heart’s not in it anymore. We turn out of the woods, in sight of his gargantuan house, and he asks me what I think of everything he’s built on his property. “Do you think it’s cool or excessive?”

I glance at him, and he suddenly seems strangely vulnerable. As much as I find so much about who Bob Ritchie has become highly problematic, at that moment, I’m worried about hurting his feelings.

“I think you’ve created your playground,” I tell him. “This is what you wanted.”

“So, you like it?”

“I like it. It’s fun. If I had \$240 million, I don’t know if I would’ve done the same.”

“I have \$370 million in cash.”

“All right. I don’t want to shortchange you.”

He stops the ATV. I get out and we shake hands. Then he motions for me to come close, as if he has a secret he wants to tell me.

“Would you do me a favor?” he asks, practically whispering. “Just write the most horrific article about me. Do it. It helps me.”

I walk toward my car, and just before I get to it, he calls out one more time.

“Will you tell everyone that I was halfway cool?”

I tell him he’s all right, we just disagree about lots of things.

“That’s because you’re gay,” he says cackling, as I climb into my car and start the long drive home. 🐸



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# Alan Cumming

*The Broadway star on fame, sappy songs, and why name-dropping is OK*

**You seem like you're constantly working. What do you do to relax?**

Just this weekend, I was up in the Catskills at my house there. I love it. I love seeing my friends and hosting them, and not necessarily being in public. I love going out and having fun and drinking, but it's also nice to do it in an environment where you're

Cumming hosts 'The Traitors,' streaming now on Peacock.

not observed. To take that away and have a home that is big enough for your friends to come over — that's one of the best things about being successful, that you can make your own space.

**What are some of the worst things about being successful?**

The lack of anonymity and the huge level of self-consciousness. I had to walk out earlier, and a man going past gasped and said, "You're famous. Can I shake your hand?" You have to sort of galvanize yourself to open the front door and think, "OK, I'm going out into the world now." People are usually very nice. I do feel sort of beloved. But it's just constant.

**What role would you say you get the most recognized for?**

*Spy Kids* is a massive one because young adults probably saw that when they were little. I love that because people come up to me saying I've been a magical part of their childhood. It's really

nice. I used to do a thing where someone would come up to me, and before they said anything I would try and scan them like some sort of spy film. "Well-put-together woman in her mid-thirties: probably *The Good Wife*"; or "the geeky guy with a beard and a cutoff shirt: probably *X-Men*." But it's hard now because I've been around the block for so long. And then people say things like, "I love your soap."

**What's a song that never fails to make you ugly-cry?**

There's so many. "To Make You Feel My Love" — the Adele cover of the Bob Dylan song. That gets me partly because my brother told me that was the song he played with his ex-wife when they were nearly going to split up, and then they did. Also "And So It Goes," by Billy Joel, which I used to sing [in my cabaret show]. That was really hard to sing. I have a whole album called *Alan Cumming Sings Sappy Songs*, so that's my wheelhouse, as they say.

**What do you think draws you to sappy songs?**

Because you can act to them. I can only sing songs that I can act [out]. It's partly because of my sort of inferiority complex about singing. Liza Minnelli [told] me if you're scared to tell people "Come and see me in a concert," think of it like the song is a play, and you're a character in a play.

**In your cabaret, you joke about name-dropping celebrities — and you just mentioned Liza.**

Name-dropping is seen as a negative thing, like you're trying to show off. I'm not.



It sets the scene better. I remember Jeff Goldblum, he was filming this thing with my friend, and I went to visit them on the set. I had one of those Russian hats on. And he goes, "I really like your hat." And I said, "Gosh, you know who gave me this hat? Faye Dunaway." And he said, "You know who told me never to name-drop? Bobby De Niro."

**What is the best piece of advice you've gotten?**

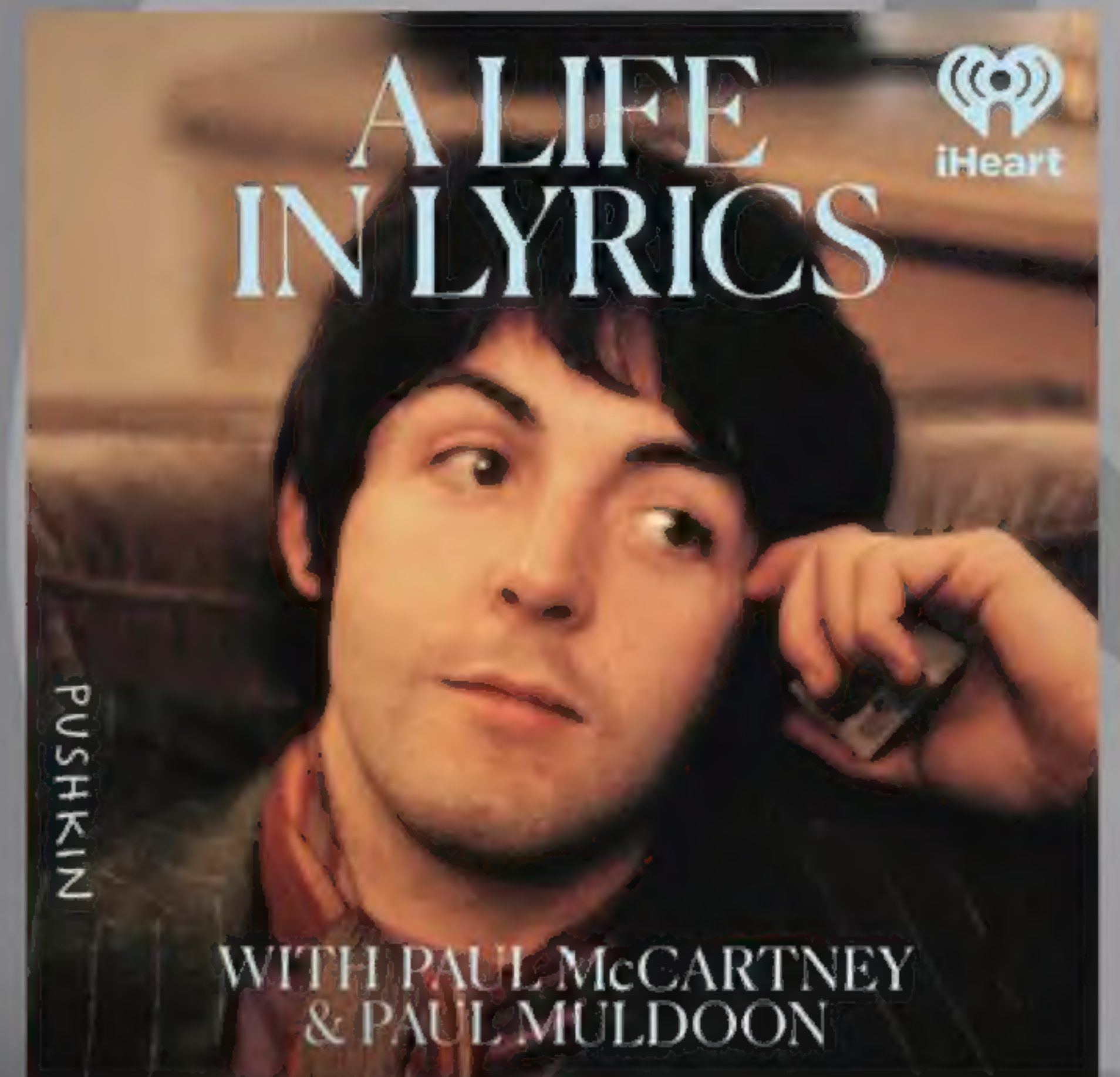
I suppose the best piece of advice was from an old, salty sea dog Scottish actor in, like, 1985, when I was 20. He played Banquo in *Macbeth* at the Tron Theatre in Glasgow, and I was Malcolm. I was fussing over some line, and he said, "When in doubt, do it with a look." Say what you mean, and do the lines with your face added to that. It's so simple, but so deadly.

**Is there any role you played that you wished you hadn't taken?**

There's a couple of things I've been kind of elbowed into. There's been films that I thought were gonna be great that turned out to be terrible, but I don't have any regrets about any of it. I like flouting people's expectations, and I think it's really annoying when people are like, "Why are you doing that?" I remember, years ago, I had two press junkets near each other: One was *Titus*, the Shakespeare film, and one was *The Flintstones in Viva Rock Vegas*. It was all the same journalists. I was like, "Deal with it, bitches. I'm an actor."

And also, how much do you think *Titus* paid?" EJ DICKSON









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